# Chemical Book India

1KG		Chem	cal Safety	Data Shee	t MSDS / S	SDS			
			•	cymene SDS	a blumbaru 1				
			REVISION Date. 20	Z4-04-ZJ REVISIO	Thurnber. I				
Section 1	Section 2	Section 3	Section 4	Section 5	Section 6	Section 7	Section 8		
Section 9	Section 10	Section 11	Section 12	Section 13	Section 14	Section 15	Section 16		
SECTION 1	SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking								
Product ide	entifier								
Product name:		p-cymene							
CAS:		99-87-6							
Relevant id	entified uses of	f the substance	or mixture and	l uses advised a	ngainst				
Relevant identified uses:		For R&D use only. Not for medicinal, household or other use.							
Uses advised against:		none							
Company lo	lentification								
Company:		Chemicalbook.in							
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# **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

## Classification of the substance or mixture

Flammable liquids, Category 3 Aspiration hazard, Category 1 Skin irritation, Category 2 Eye irritation, Category 2 Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure, Category 3

## GHS label elements, including precautionary statements

Pictogram(s)



Signal word

Warning

## Hazard statement(s)

H226 Flammable liquid and vapour H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways H315 Causes skin irritation H319 Causes serious eye irritation

## Precautionary statement(s)

## Prevention

P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

P233 Keep container tightly closed.

P240 Ground and bond container and receiving equipment.

P241 Use explosion-proof [electrical/ventilating/lighting/...] equipment.

P242 Use non-sparking tools.

P243 Take action to prevent static discharges.

P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection/hearing protection/...

P264 Wash ... thoroughly after handling.

P261 Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.

P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

## Response

P303+P361+P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse affected areas with water [or shower]. P370+P378 In case of fire: Use ... to extinguish.

P301+P316 IF SWALLOWED: Get emergency medical help immediately.

P331 Do NOT induce vomiting.

P302+P352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water/...

P321 Specific treatment (see ... on this label).

P332+P317 If skin irritation occurs: Get medical help.

P362+P364 Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. P304+P340 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. P319 Get medical help if you feel unwell.

## Storage

P403+P235 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool. P405 Store locked up. P403+P233 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

## Disposal

P501 Dispose of contents/container to an appropriate treatment and disposal facility in accordance with applicable laws and regulations, and product characteristics at time of disposal.

#### Other hazards which do not result in classification

no data available

## SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

## Substance

Chemical name:	p-cymene
Common names and synonyms:	p-cymene
CAS number:	99-87-6
EC number:	202-796-7
Concentration:	100%

## **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

#### Description of necessary first-aid measures

## If inhaled

Fresh air, rest. Half-upright position. Artificial respiration may be needed. Refer for medical attention.

## Following skin contact

Remove contaminated clothes. Rinse and then wash skin with water and soap. Wear protective gloves when administering first aid.

#### Following eye contact

First rinse with plenty of water for several minutes (remove contact lenses if easily possible), then refer for medical attention.

## Following ingestion

Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. Rest. Refer for medical attention .

## Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Inhalation causes impairment of coordination, headache. Contact with liquid causes mild irritation of eyes and skin. Ingestion causes irritation of mouth and stomach. (USCG, 1999)

## Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Immediate first aid: Ensure that adequate decontamination has been carried out. If patient is not breathing, start artificial respiration, preferably with a demand-valve resuscitator, bag-valve-mask device, or pocket mask, as trained. Perform CPR as necessary. Immediately flush contaminated eyes with gently flowing water. Do not induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs, lean patient forward or place on left side (head-down position, if possible) to maintain an open airway and prevent aspiration. Keep patient quiet and maintain normal body temperature. Obtain medical attention. Aromatic hydrocarbons and related compounds

## **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

## Suitable extinguishing media

If material on fire or involved in fire: Do not extinguish fire unless flow can be stopped or safely confined. Use water in flooding quantities as fog. Solid streams of water may spread fire. Cool all affected containers with flooding quantities of water. Apply water from as far a distance as possible. Use foam, dry chemical, or carbon dioxide. Cymenes

## Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Excerpt from ERG Guide 130 [Flammable Liquids (Water-Immiscible / Noxious)]: HIGHLY FLAWWABLE: Will be easily ignited by heat, sparks or flames. Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Vapors may travel to source of ignition and flash back. Most vapors are heavier than air. They will spread along ground and collect in low or confined areas (sewers, basements, tanks). Vapor explosion hazard indoors, outdoors or in sewers. Those substances designated with a (P) may polymerize explosively when heated or involved in a fire. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. Containers may explode when heated. Many liquids are

lighter than water. (ERG, 2016)

#### Special protective actions for fire-fighters

Use powder, AFFF, foam, carbon dioxide. In case of fire: keep drums, etc., cool by spraying with water.

## **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

#### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Collect leaking and spilled liquid in sealable containers as far as possible. Absorb remaining liquid in sand or inert absorbent. Then store and dispose of according to local regulations. Personal protection: filter respirator for organic gases and vapours adapted to the airborne concentration of the substance.

#### **Environmental precautions**

Collect leaking and spilled liquid in sealable containers as far as possible. Absorb remaining liquid in sand or inert absorbent. Then store and dispose of according to local regulations. Personal protection: filter respirator for organic gases and vapours adapted to the airborne concentration of the substance.

#### Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Environmental considerations: Air spill: Apply water spray or mist to knock down vapors. Cymenes

## **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

#### Precautions for safe handling

NO open flames, NO sparks and NO smoking. Above 47°C use a closed system, ventilation and explosion-proof electrical equipment. Prevent build-up of electrostatic charges (e.g., by grounding). Handling in a well ventilated place. Wear suitable protective clothing. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid formation of dust and aerosols. Use non-sparking tools. Prevent fire caused by electrostatic discharge steam.

#### Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Fireproof.Safe storage: Fireproof.

## SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

**Control parameters** 

## Occupational Exposure limit values

Component	p-cymene					
CAS No.	99-87-6					
	Limit value - E	ight hours	Limit value - Short term			
	ppm	mg/m <sup>3</sup>	ppm	<sub>mg/m</sub> 3		
Belgium	20	100	?	?		
Denmark	25	135	50	270		
Sweden	25	140	35 (1)	190 (1)		
	Remarks	•	• • • •	·		
Sweden	(1) 15 minutes average value					

## **Biological limit values**

no data available

## Appropriate engineering controls

Ensure adequate ventilation. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Set up emergency exits and the risk-elimination area.

## Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment (PPE)

## Eye/face protection

Wear safety spectacles.

#### Skin protection

Protective gloves.

## Respiratory protection

Use ventilation.

## Thermal hazards

no data available

# SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties and safety characteristics

Physical state:	P-cymene is a colorless liquid with a mild pleasant odor. Floats on water. (USCG, 1999)
Colour:	Colorless transparent liquid
Odour:	Sweetish aromatic odor
Melting point/freezing point:	26°C(lit.)
Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling range:	176-178°C(lit.)
Flammability:	Flammable.
Lower and upper explosion limit/flammability limit:	Lower flammable limit: 0.7% at 212 deg F (100 deg C) by volume; Upper flammable limit: 5.6% by volume
Flash point:	47°C
Auto-ignition temperature:	817°F
Decomposition temperature:	no data available
pH:	no data available
Kinematic viscosity:	no data available
Solubility:	In water, 23.4 mg/L at 25 deg C
Partition coefficient n- octanol/water:	log Kow = 4.10
Vapour pressure:	1.5 mm Hg ( 20 °C)
Density and/or relative density:	0.86g/mLat 25°C(lit.)
Relative vapour density:	4.62 (vs air)

Particle no data available characteristics:

## SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

#### Reactivity

Reacts with oxidants. Attacks rubber.

## Chemical stability

no data available

## Possibility of hazardous reactions

Flammable liquid. The vapour is heavier than air. Vigorous reactions, sometimes amounting to explosions, can result from the contact between aromatic hydrocarbons, such as CYMENE, and strong oxidizing agents. They can react exothermically with bases and with diazo compounds. Substitution at the benzene nucleus occurs by halogenation (acid catalyst), nitration, sulfonation, and the Friedel-Crafts reaction.

#### Conditions to avoid

no data available

## Incompatible materials

Reacts with oxidants. Attacks rubber.

## Hazardous decomposition products

When heated to decomposition it emits acrid smoke and fumes.

# SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Acute toxicity Oral: LD50 Rat oral 4750 mg/kg Inhalation: no data available

## Dermal: no data available

## Skin corrosion/irritation

no data available

## Serious eye damage/irritation

no data available

#### Respiratory or skin sensitization

no data available

## Germ cell mutagenicity

no data available

## Carcinogenicity

no data available

## Reproductive toxicity

no data available

## STOT-single exposure

The substance is irritating to the eyes and skin. If this liquid is swallowed, aspiration into the lungs may result in chemical pneumonitis.

## STOT-repeated exposure

The substance defats the skin, which may cause dryness or cracking.

## Aspiration hazard

No indication can be given about the rate at which a harmful concentration of this substance in the air is reached on evaporation at 20°C.

# SECTION 12: Ecological information

## Toxicity

Toxicity to fish: LC50; Species: Lepomis macrochirus (Bluegill); Conditions: freshwater, static; Concentration: 44000 ug/L for 96 hr /formulation

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates: LC50; Species: Daphnia magna (Water Flea) age < or =24 hr; Conditions: freshwater, static, 22 deg C, pH 7.4-9.4, dissolved oxygen 6.5-9.1 mg/L; Concentration: 9400 ug/L for 24 hr (95% confidence interval: 7900-11000 ug/L) /> or =80% purity

Toxicity to algae: EC50; Species: Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (Green Algae); Conditions: freshwater, static; Concentration: 49000 ug/L for 96 hr; Effect: population, chlorophyll A concentration /formulation

Toxicity to microorganisms: no data available

## Persistence and degradability

AEROBIC: A batch system die-away test using artificial seawater, a 10-day incubation period, and an inoculum of coastal water from the North Sea found p-cymene to undergo moderate bio-oxidation (actual rates not reported)(1). p-Cymene, present at 100 mg/L, reached 83-95% of its theoretical BOD in 2 weeks using an activated sludge inoculum at 30 mg/L and the Japanese MITI test(2,3) which classifies p-cymene as readily biodegradable(3).

## Bioaccumulative potential

An estimated BCF of 236 was calculated for p-cymene(SRC), using a log Kow of 4.10(1) and a regression-derived equation(2). According to a classification scheme(3), this BCF suggests the potential for bioconcentration in aquatic organisms is high, provided the compound is not metabolized by the organism(SRC).

## Mobility in soil

Using a structure estimation method based on molecular connectivity indices(1), the Koc of p-cymene can be estimated to be 1120(SRC). According to a classification scheme(2), this estimated Koc value suggests that p-cymene is expected to have low mobility in soil.

## Other adverse effects

no data available

## **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

## Disposal methods

## Product

The material can be disposed of by removal to a licensed chemical destruction plant or by controlled incineration with flue gas scrubbing. Do not contaminate water, foodstuffs, feed or seed by storage or disposal. Do not discharge to sewer systems.

## Contaminated packaging

Containers can be triply rinsed (or equivalent) and offered for recycling or reconditioning. Alternatively, the packaging can be punctured to make it unusable for other purposes and then be disposed of in a sanitary landfill. Controlled incineration with flue gas scrubbing is possible for combustible packaging materials.

## **SECTION 14: Transport information**

## **UN Number**

ADR/RID: UN2046 (For reference only, please check.) IMDG: UN2046 (For reference only, please check.) IATA: UN2046 (For reference only, please check.)

## **UN Proper Shipping Name**

ADR/RID: CYMENES (For reference only, please check.) IMDG: CYMENES (For reference only, please check.) IATA: CYMENES (For reference only, please check.)

## Transport hazard class(es)

ADR/RID: 3 (For reference only, please check.) IMDG: 3 (For reference only, please check.) IATA: 3 (For reference only, please check.)

## Packing group, if applicable

ADR/RID: III (For reference only, please check.) IMDG: III (For reference only, please check.) IATA: III (For reference only, please check.)

## Environmental hazards

ADR/RID: No IMDG: No IATA: No

## Special precautions for user

no data available

## Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

no data available

# SECTION 15: Regulatory information

Safety, health and environmental regulations specific for the product in question

European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS)

Listed.

EC Inventory

Listed.

United States Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory

Listed.

China Catalog of Hazardous chemicals 2015

Listed.

New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC)

Listed.

(PICCS)

Listed.

Vietnam National Chemical Inventory

Listed.

IECSC)

Listed.

## Korea Existing Chemicals List (KECL)

Listed.

# **SECTION 16: Other information**

## Abbreviations and acronyms

CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service

ADR: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road

- RID: Regulation concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail
- IMDG: International Maritime Dangerous Goods
- IATA: International Air Transportation Association
- TWA: Time Weighted Average
- STEL: Short term exposure limit
- LC50: Lethal Concentration 50%
- LD50: Lethal Dose 50%
- EC50: Effective Concentration 50%

## References

IPCS - The International Chemical Safety Cards (ICSC), website: http://www.ilo.org/dyn/icsc/showcard.home

HSDB - Hazardous Substances Data Bank, website: https://toxnet.nlm.nih.gov/newtoxnet/hsdb.htm

IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer, website: http://www.iarc.fr/

eChemPortal - The Global Portal to Information on Chemical Substances by OECD, website: http://www.echemportal.org/echemportal/index?pageID=O&request\_locale=en

CAWEO Chemicals, website: http://cameochemicals.noaa.gov/search/simple

ChemIDplus, website: http://chem.sis.nlm.nih.gov/chemidplus/chemidlite.jsp

ERG - Emergency Response Guidebook by U.S. Department of Transportation, website: http://www.phmsa.dot.gov/hazmat/library/erg

Germany GESTIS-database on hazard substance, website: http://www.dguv.de/ifa/gestis/gestis-stoffdatenbank/index-2.jsp

ECHA - European Chemicals Agency, website: https://echa.europa.eu/

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