### Chemical Book India

# Chemical Safety Data Sheet MSDS / SDS

### S-tert-butylthiomethyl O,O-diethylphosphorodithioate SDS

Revision Date: 2024-04-25 Revision Number: 1

Section 2 Section 1 Section 3 Section 4 Section 5 Section 6 Section 7 Section 8 Section 9 Section 10 Section 11 Section 12 Section 13 Section 14 Section 15 Section 16

# SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

#### Product identifier

Product name: S-tert-butylthiomethyl O,O-diethylphosphorodithioate

CAS: 13071-79-9

# Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Relevant identified For R&D use only. Not for medicinal, household or other use.

uses:

Uses advised

against:

### Company Identification

Company: Chemicalbook.in

none

Address: 5 vasavi Layout Basaveswara Nilayam Pragathi Nagar Hyderabad, India -500090

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### **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

#### Classification of the substance or mixture

Acute toxicity - Category 2, Oral Acute toxicity - Category 1, Dermal Hazardous to the aquatic environment, short-term (Acute) - Category Acute 1 Hazardous to the aquatic environment, long-term (Chronic) - Category Chronic 1

## GHS label elements, including precautionary statements

Pictogram(s)



Signal word Danger

# Hazard statement(s)

H300 Fatal if swallowed H310 Fatal in contact with skin H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects

### Precautionary statement(s)

#### Prevention

P264 Wash ... thoroughly after handling.

P270 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

P262 Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing.

P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection/hearing protection/...

P273 Avoid release to the environment.

### Response

P301+P316 IF SWALLOWED: Get emergency medical help immediately.

P321 Specific treatment (see ... on this label).

P330 Rinse mouth.

P302+P352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water/...

P316 Get emergency medical help immediately.

P361+P364 Take off immediately all contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.

P391 Collect spillage.

#### Storage

P405 Store locked up.

### Disposal

P501 Dispose of contents/container to an appropriate treatment and disposal facility in accordance with applicable laws and

regulations, and product characteristics at time of disposal.

#### Other hazards which do not result in classification

no data available

# **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

#### Substance

Chemical name: S-tert-butylthiomethyl O,O-diethylphosphorodithioate

Common names and

S-tert-butylthiomethyl O,O-diethylphosphorodithioate

synonyms:

CAS number: 13071-79-9 EC number: 235-963-8

Concentration: 100%

#### **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

### Description of necessary first-aid measures

#### If inhaled

Fresh air, rest. Refer immediately for medical attention.

#### Following skin contact

Remove contaminated clothes. Rinse and then wash skin with water and soap. Refer immediately for medical attention.

### Following eye contact

Rinse with plenty of water (remove contact lenses if easily possible). Refer for medical attention.

### Following ingestion

Rinse mouth. Refer immediately for medical attention. Give a slurry of activated charcoal in water to drink.

### Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

This material may be fatal if swallowed, inhaled, or absorbed through the skin. Repeated inhalation or skin contact may

progressively increase susceptibility to poisoning. (EPA, 1998)

### Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Airway protection. Ensure that a clear airway exists. Intubate the patients and aspirate the secretions with a large-bore suction device if necessary. Administer oxygen by mechanically assisted pulmonary ventilation if respiration is depressed. Improve tissue oxygenation as much as possible before administering atropine, so as to minimize the risk of ventricular fibrillation. In severe poisonings, it may be necessary to support pulmonary ventilation mechanically for several days. Organophosphate pesticides

# **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

### Suitable extinguishing media

If material on fire or involved in fire: Do not extinguish fire unless flow can be stopped. Use water in flooding quantities as fog. Solid streams of water may be ineffective. Cool all affected containers with flooding quantities of water. Apply water from as far a distance as possible. Use "alcohol" foam, dry chemical or carbon dioxide. Organophosphorus pesticides, liquid, flammable, toxic; Organophosphorus pesticides, liquid, toxic

#### Specific hazards arising from the chemical

This is a liquid organophosphorus pesticide. Fire may produce irritating or poisonous gases. Hydrolyzes under alkaline conditions. (EPA, 1998)

### Special protective actions for fire-fighters

In case of fire in the surroundings: all extinguishing agents allowed.

# **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

#### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal protection: chemical protection suit including self-contained breathing apparatus. Do NOT let this chemical enter the environment. Collect leaking liquid in covered containers. Then store and dispose of according to local regulations.

### **Environmental precautions**

Personal protection: chemical protection suit including self-contained breathing apparatus. Do NOT let this chemical enter the environment. Collect leaking liquid in covered containers. Then store and dispose of according to local regulations.

### Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Environmental considerations: Air spill: Apply water spray or mist to knock down vapors. Organophosphorus pesticides, liquid, flammable, toxic; Organophosphorus pesticides, liquid, toxic; Organophosphorus pesticides, solid, toxic

# **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

#### Precautions for safe handling

NO open flames. Handling in a well ventilated place. Wear suitable protective clothing. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid formation of dust and aerosols. Use non-sparking tools. Prevent fire caused by electrostatic discharge steam.

### Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Separated from food and feedstuffs and oxidizing materials. Store in an area without drain or sewer access. Provision to contain effluent from fire extinguishing. You should store this chemical in a freezer and away from all mineral acids and bases.

# SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

#### Control parameters

#### Occupational Exposure limit values

TLV: 0.01 mg/m3, as TWA; (skin); A4 (not classifiable as a human carcinogen); BEI issued

#### Biological limit values

no data available

### Appropriate engineering controls

Ensure adequate ventilation. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Set up emergency exits and the risk-elimination area.

## Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment (PPE)

### Eye/face protection

Wear face shield.

## Skin protection

Protective clothing. Protective gloves.

## Respiratory protection

Avoid inhalation of aerosol.

#### Thermal hazards

no data available

# SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties and safety characteristics

Physical state: Technical product is a clear, colorless to pale yellow liquid. Used as a soil insecticide. (EPA,

1998)

no data available

Colour: Slightly yellowish liquid

Odour: Mercaptan-like odor

Melting -29°C

point/freezing

point:

Boiling point or 69°C (0.01 mmHg)

initial boiling point and boiling range:

Flammability: Combustible.

Lower and upper

explosion

limit/flammability

limit:

Flash point: 88°C

Auto-ignition no data available

temperature:

**Decomposition** no data available

temperature:

pH: no data available

Kinematic no data available

viscosity:

Solubility: Insoluble (<1 mg/ml) (NTP, 1992)

Partition log Kow = 4.48

coefficient noctanol/water:

Vapour pressure: 0.000628mmHg at 25°C

Density and/or 1.105

relative density:

Relative vapour no data available

density:

Particle no data available

characteristics:

# **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

### Reactivity

Decomposes on heating and on burning. This produces highly flammable and toxic gases (phosphine see ICSC 0694). Reacts with oxidizing substances. This produces toxic furnes including phosphorous oxides.

### Chemical stability

Stable for at least two years at room temperature.

# Possibility of hazardous reactions

Moderate fire risk. Organothiophosphates, such as TERBUFOS, are susceptible to formation of highly toxic and flammable phosphine gas in the presence of strong reducing agents such as hydrides. Partial oxidation by oxidizing agents may result in the release of toxic phosphorus oxides. This compound decomposes in the presence of acids or bases (NTP, 1992).

### Conditions to avoid

no data available

# Incompatible materials

no data available

# Hazardous decomposition products

This compound decomposes in the presence of acids or bases /and/... at temperatures over 120 deg C.

# **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

### Acute toxicity

Oral: LD50 Rat male oral 2 mg/kg from table

Inhalation: no data available

Dermal: LD50 Rat percutaneous 9.8 mg/kg

#### Skin corrosion/irritation

no data available

# Serious eye damage/irritation

no data available

### Respiratory or skin sensitization

no data available

## Germ cell mutagenicity

no data available

# Carcinogenicity

Cancer Classification: Group E Evidence of Non-carcinogenicity for Humans

### Reproductive toxicity

no data available

# STOT-single exposure

Cholinesterase inhibition. The substance may cause effects on nervous system. This may result in central nervous system disorders.

### STOT-repeated exposure

The substance may have effects on the nervous system.

### Aspiration hazard

Evaporation at 20°C is negligible; a harmful concentration of airborne particles can, however, be reached quickly on spraying.

# **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

#### **Toxicity**

Toxicity to fish: LC50 Lepomis macrochirus (bluegill sunfish) 0.004 mg/l/96 hr /Conditions of bioassay not specified

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates: no data available

Toxicity to algae: no data available

Toxicity to microorganisms: no data available

### Persistence and degradability

Soils from two sites in MO planted with com and treated at different times with terbufos and other pesticides were examined for microbial populations and efficacy of residual insecticide treatment on ten day old house crickets, Acheta domesticus. ... Soil bacteria counts correlated well ... with the biological persistence of the cricket bioassay. ... Actinomycetes dominated the relationships of various degradation bioassay curves.

### Bioaccumulative potential

An estimated BCF of 560 was calculated for terbufos(SRC), using a log Kow of 4.48(1) and a regression-derived equation(2). According to a classification scheme(3), this BCF suggests the potential for bioconcentration in aquatic organisms is high(SRC).

### Mobility in soil

Koc values ranging from 500 to 5000 have been reported for terbufos(1-4). According to a classification scheme(5), these Koc values suggest that terbufos is expected to have low to slight mobility in soil.

### Other adverse effects

no data available

## **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

## Disposal methods

#### **Product**

The material can be disposed of by removal to a licensed chemical destruction plant or by controlled incineration with flue gas scrubbing. Do not contaminate water, foodstuffs, feed or seed by storage or disposal. Do not discharge to sewer systems.

### Contaminated packaging

Containers can be triply rinsed (or equivalent) and offered for recycling or reconditioning. Alternatively, the packaging can be punctured to make it unusable for other purposes and then be disposed of in a sanitary landfill. Controlled incineration with flue gas scrubbing is possible for combustible packaging materials.

# **SECTION 14: Transport information**

#### **UN Number**

ADR/RID: UN2783 (For reference only, please check.) IMDG: UN2783 (For reference only, please check.) IATA: UN2783 (For reference only, please check.)

### **UN Proper Shipping Name**

ADR/RID: ORGANOPHOSPHORUS PESTICIDE, SOLID, TOXIC (For reference only, please check.) IMDG: ORGANOPHOSPHORUS PESTICIDE, SOLID, TOXIC (For reference only, please check.) IATA: ORGANOPHOSPHORUS PESTICIDE, SOLID, TOXIC (For reference only, please check.)

# Transport hazard class(es)

ADR/RID: 6.1 (For reference only, please check.)
IMDG: 6.1 (For reference only, please check.)
IATA: 6.1 (For reference only, please check.)

### Packing group, if applicable

ADR/RID: I (For reference only, please check.)
IMDG: I (For reference only, please check.)
IATA: I (For reference only, please check.)

#### **Environmental hazards**

ADR/RID: Yes IMDG: Yes IATA: Yes

### Special precautions for user

no data available

### Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

no data available

# **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

Safety, health and environmental regulations specific for the product in question

European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS)

Listed.

**EC Inventory** 

Listed.

United States Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory

Not Listed.

China Catalog of Hazardous chemicals 2015

Listed.

New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC)

Listed.

(PICCS)

Not Listed.

Vietnam National Chemical Inventory

Listed.

IECSC)

Listed.

Korea Existing Chemicals List (KECL)

Listed.

# **SECTION 16: Other information**

### Abbreviations and acronyms

CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service

ADR: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road

RID: Regulation concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail

IMDG: International Maritime Dangerous Goods

IATA: International Air Transportation Association

TWA: Time Weighted Average

STEL: Short term exposure limit

LC50: Lethal Concentration 50%

LD50: Lethal Dose 50%

EC50: Effective Concentration 50%

#### References

IPCS - The International Chemical Safety Cards (ICSC), website: http://www.ilo.org/dyn/icsc/showcard.home

HSDB - Hazardous Substances Data Bank, website: https://toxnet.nlm.nih.gov/newtoxnet/hsdb.htm

IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer, website: http://www.iarc.fr/

eChemPortal - The Global Portal to Information on Chemical Substances by OECD, website:

http://www.echemportal.org/echemportal/index?pageID=0&request\_locale=en

CAMEO Chemicals, website: http://cameochemicals.noaa.gov/search/simple

ChemIDplus, website: http://chem.sis.nlm.nih.gov/chemidplus/chemidlite.jsp

ERG - Emergency Response Guidebook by U.S. Department of Transportation, website: http://www.phmsa.dot.gov/hazmat/library/erg

Germany GESTIS-database on hazard substance, website: http://www.dguv.de/ifa/gestis-stoffdatenbank/index-2.jsp

ECHA - European Chemicals Agency, website: https://echa.europa.eu/

#### Other Information

Depending on the degree of exposure, periodic medical examination is suggested. Specific treatment is necessary in case of poisoning with this substance; the appropriate means with instructions must be available. If the substance is formulated with solvents also consult the ICSCs of these materials. Carrier solvents used in commercial formulations may change physical and toxicological properties. Do NOT take working clothes home.

Disdaimer: The above information is believed to be correct but does not purport to be all inclusive and shall be used only as a guide. The information in this document is based on the present state of our knowledge and is applicable to the product with regard to appropriate safety precautions. It does not represent any guarantee of the product. We as supplier shall not be held liable for any