# Chemical Book India

ME		Chem	cal Safety	Data Shee	t MSDS / S	DS			
Revision Date:2024-04-25 Revision Number:1									
Section 1 Section 9	Section 2 Section 10	Section 3 Section 11	Section 4 Section 12	Section 5 Section 13	Section 6 Section 14	Section 7 Section 15	Section 8 Section 16		
SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking Product identifier Product name: Riboflavin									
CAS:		3-88-5							
Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against									
Relevant identified uses:		For R&D use only. Not for medicinal, household or other use.							
Uses advised against:	n	one							
Company Ider	ntification								
Company:	C	hemicalbook.in							
Address: Telephone:		vasavi Layout B 91 9550333722	asaveswara Nila	iyam Pragathi N	agar Hyderabad	, India -500090			

# SECTION 2: Hazards identification

Classification of the substance or mixture

Not classified.

GHS label elements, including precautionary statements Signal word No signal word Hazard statement(s) none Precautionary statement(s) Prevention none Response none Storage none Disposal none Other hazards which do not result in classification no data available

# SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

SubstanceChemical name:RiboflavinCommon names and<br/>synonyms:RiboflavinCAS number:83-88-5EC number:201-507-1Concentration:100%

### **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

#### Description of necessary first-aid measures

If inhaled

Fresh air, rest.

#### Following skin contact

Rinse and then wash skin with water and soap.

#### Following eye contact

First rinse with plenty of water for several minutes (remove contact lenses if easily possible), then refer for medical attention.

### Following ingestion

Rinse mouth with water. Do not induce vomiting. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Call a doctor or Poison Control Center immediately.

### Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

no data available

### Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Immediate first aid: Ensure that adequate decontamination has been carried out. If patient is not breathing, start artificial respiration, preferably with a demand valve resuscitator, bag-valve-mask device, or pocket mask, as trained. Perform CPR if necessary. Immediately flush contaminated eyes with gently flowing water. Do not induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs, lean patient forward or place on the left side (head-down position, if possible) to maintain an open airway and prevent aspiration. Keep patient quiet and maintain normal body temperature. Obtain medical attention. Poisons A and B

# **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

### Suitable extinguishing media

Use coarse water spray, carbon dioxide.

### Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Combustible. Gives off irritating or toxic fumes (or gases) in a fire. Finely dispersed particles form explosive mixtures in air.

#### Special protective actions for fire-fighters

Use coarse water spray, carbon dioxide.

### SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

#### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Sweep spilled substance into covered containers. If appropriate, moisten first to prevent dusting.

#### Environmental precautions

Sweep spilled substance into covered containers. If appropriate, moisten first to prevent dusting.

### Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Collect and arrange disposal. Keep the chemical in suitable and closed containers for disposal. Remove all sources of ignition. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Adhered or collected material should be promptly disposed of, in accordance with appropriate laws and regulations.

### **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

#### Precautions for safe handling

NO open flames. Closed system, dust explosion-proof electrical equipment and lighting. Prevent deposition of dust. Handling in a well ventilated place. Wear suitable protective clothing. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid formation of dust and aerosols. Use non-sparking tools. Prevent fire caused by electrostatic discharge steam.

### Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Well closed. Solutions of riboflavin should be protected from air and light. Riboflavin tablets should be stored in tight, light-resistant containers at a temperature less than 40 degrees C, preferably between 15-30 degrees C.

### SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

**Control parameters** 

Occupational Exposure limit values

Component	Riboflavin				
CAS No.	83-88-5	83-88-5			
	Limit value - Eight hours		Limit value - Short term		
	ppm	<sub>mg/m</sub> 3	ppm	<sub>mg/m</sub> 3	
Latvia	?	1	?	?	
	Remarks		·		

### Biological limit values

no data available

### Appropriate engineering controls

Ensure adequate ventilation. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Set up emergency exits and the risk-elimination area.

### Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment (PPE)

### Eye/face protection

Wear safety spectacles.

### Skin protection

Protective gloves.

### **Respiratory protection**

Use local exhaust or breathing protection.

### Thermal hazards

no data available

# SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties and safety characteristics

Physical state:	Solid
Colour:	Fine orange-yellow needles from 2N acetic acid, alcohol, water, or pyridine three different crystal forms
Odour:	Slight odor

Melting point/freezing point:	277°C(lit.)
Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling range:	70°C/7mmHg(lit.)
Flammability:	Combustible. Gives off irritating or toxic fumes (or gases) in a fire.
Lower and upper explosion limit/flammability limit:	no data available
Flash point:	85°C(lit.)
Auto-ignition temperature:	no data available
Decomposition temperature:	280°C
pH:	pH of saturated aqueous solution: about 6
Kinematic viscosity:	no data available
Solubility:	In water: 0.07 g/L (20 °C)
Partition coefficient n- octanol/water:	-1.46
Vapour pressure:	no data available
Density and/or relative density:	1.65
Relative vapour density:	no data available
Particle characteristics:	no data available

# SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

### Reactivity

Decomposes on heating. This produces toxic fumes.

### Chemical stability

Crystalline riboflavin shows no evidence of decomposition under ordinary conditions, but protection from light is advisable

### Possibility of hazardous reactions

Dust explosion possible if in powder or granular form, mixed with air.

### Conditions to avoid

no data available

### Incompatible materials

no data available

### Hazardous decomposition products

When heated to decomposition it emits toxic fumes of /nitric oxide/.

### **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

Acute toxicity Oral: LD50 - rat (male/female) - > 40 000 mg/kg bw. Inhalation: no data available Dermal: no data available

### Skin corrosion/irritation

no data available

### Serious eye damage/irritation

no data available

### Respiratory or skin sensitization

no data available

### Germ cell mutagenicity

no data available

### Carcinogenicity

no data available

### Reproductive toxicity

no data available

### STOT-single exposure

no data available

### STOT-repeated exposure

no data available

### Aspiration hazard

A nuisance-causing concentration of airborne particles can be reached quickly when dispersed.

# SECTION 12: Ecological information

# Toxicity Toxicity to fish: no data available Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates: no data available Toxicity to algae: no data available Toxicity to microorganisms: no data available

#### Persistence and degradability

no data available

#### Bioaccumulative potential

no data available

#### Mobility in soil

no data available

### Other adverse effects

no data available

# **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

#### Disposal methods

### Product

The material can be disposed of by removal to a licensed chemical destruction plant or by controlled incineration with flue gas scrubbing. Do not contaminate water, foodstuffs, feed or seed by storage or disposal. Do not discharge to sewer systems.

### Contaminated packaging

Containers can be triply rinsed (or equivalent) and offered for recycling or reconditioning. Alternatively, the packaging can be punctured to make it unusable for other purposes and then be disposed of in a sanitary landfill. Controlled incineration with flue gas scrubbing is possible for combustible packaging materials.

# **SECTION 14: Transport information**

### UN Number

ADR/RID: Not dangerous goods. (For reference only, please check.) IMDG: Not dangerous goods. (For reference only, please check.) IATA: Not dangerous goods. (For reference only, please check.)

### **UN Proper Shipping Name**

ADR/RID: Not dangerous goods. (For reference only, please check.) IMDG: Not dangerous goods. (For reference only, please check.) IATA: Not dangerous goods. (For reference only, please check.)

### Transport hazard class(es)

ADR/RID: Not dangerous goods. (For reference only, please check.) IMDG: Not dangerous goods. (For reference only, please check.) IATA: Not dangerous goods. (For reference only, please check.)

### Packing group, if applicable

ADR/RID: Not dangerous goods. (For reference only, please check.) IMDG: Not dangerous goods. (For reference only, please check.) IATA: Not dangerous goods. (For reference only, please check.)

### Environmental hazards

ADR/RID: No IMDG: No IATA: No

#### Special precautions for user

no data available

### Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

no data available

# **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

Safety, health and environmental regulations specific for the product in question

European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS)

Listed.

**EC Inventory** 

Listed.

United States Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory

Listed.

China Catalog of Hazardous chemicals 2015

Not Listed.

New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC)

Listed.

(PICCS)

Listed.

Vietnam National Chemical Inventory

Listed.

IECSC)

Listed.

Korea Existing Chemicals List (KECL)

Listed.

### SECTION 16: Other information

### Abbreviations and acronyms

CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service

ADR: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road

RID: Regulation concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail

IMDG: International Maritime Dangerous Goods

IATA: International Air Transportation Association

TWA: Time Weighted Average

STEL: Short term exposure limit

LC50: Lethal Concentration 50%

LD50: Lethal Dose 50%

EC50: Effective Concentration 50%

### References

IPCS - The International Chemical Safety Cards (ICSC), website: http://www.ilo.org/dyn/icsc/showcard.home

HSDB - Hazardous Substances Data Bank, website: https://toxnet.nlm.nih.gov/newtoxnet/hsdb.htm

IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer, website: http://www.iarc.fr/

eChemPortal - The Global Portal to Information on Chemical Substances by OECD, website: http://www.echemportal.org/echemportal/index?pageID=O&request\_locale=en

CAWEO Chemicals, website: http://cameochemicals.noaa.gov/search/simple

ChemIDplus, website: http://chem.sis.nlm.nih.gov/chemidplus/chemidlite.jsp

ERG - Emergency Response Guidebook by U.S. Department of Transportation, website: http://www.phmsa.dot.gov/hazmat/library/erg

Germany GESTIS-database on hazard substance, website: http://www.dguv.de/ifa/gestis/gestis-stoffdatenbank/index-2.jsp

ECHA - European Chemicals Agency, website: https://echa.europa.eu/

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