

## Chemical Safety Data Sheet MSDS / SDS

## Propazine SDS

Revision Date:2024-04-25 Revision Number:1

Section 1	Section 2	Section 3	Section 4	Section 5	Section 6	Section 7	Section 8
Section 9	Section 10	Section 11	Section 12	Section 13	Section 14	Section 15	Section 16

**SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking****Product identifier**

Product name: Propazine

CAS: 139-40-2

**Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against**

Relevant identified uses: For R&amp;D use only. Not for medicinal, household or other use.

Uses advised against: none

**Company Identification**

Company: Chemicalbook.in

Address: 5 vasavi Layout Basaveswara Nilayam Pragathi Nagar Hyderabad, India -500090

Telephone: +91 9550333722

**SECTION 2: Hazards identification****Classification of the substance or mixture**

Carcinogenicity, Category 2

Hazardous to the aquatic environment, short-term (Acute) - Category Acute 1

Hazardous to the aquatic environment, long-term (Chronic) - Category Chronic 1

**GHS label elements, including precautionary statements**

Pictogram(s)



Signal word

Warning

**Hazard statement(s)**

H351 Suspected of causing cancer

H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects

**Precautionary statement(s)**

**Prevention**

P203 Obtain, read and follow all safety instructions before use.

P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection/hearing protection/...

P273 Avoid release to the environment.

**Response**

P318 IF exposed or concerned, get medical advice.

P391 Collect spillage.

**Storage**

P405 Store locked up.

**Disposal**

P501 Dispose of contents/container to an appropriate treatment and disposal facility in accordance with applicable laws and regulations, and product characteristics at time of disposal.

**Other hazards which do not result in classification**

no data available

**SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

**Substance**

Chemical name:	Propazine
Common names and synonyms:	Propazine
CAS number:	139-40-2
EC number:	205-359-9
Concentration:	100%

**SECTION 4: First aid measures****Description of necessary first-aid measures****If inhaled**

Fresh air, rest.

**Following skin contact**

Remove contaminated clothes. Rinse and then wash skin with water and soap.

**Following eye contact**

Rinse with plenty of water (remove contact lenses if easily possible).

**Following ingestion**

Rinse mouth.

**Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed**

no data available

**Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary**

Skin decontamination. Skin contamination should be treated promptly by washing with soap and water. Contamination of the eyes should be treated immediately by prolonged flushing of the eyes with large amounts of clean water. If dermal or ocular irritation persists, medical attention should be obtained without delay. Other herbicides

## SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

### Suitable extinguishing media

This chemical is a combustible liquid. Use dry chemical, carbon dioxide, water spray, or alcohol foam extinguishers. Poisonous gases are produced in fire including nitrogen oxides and chlorine. If material or contaminated runoff enters waterways, notify downstream users of potentially contaminated waters. Notify local health and fire officials and pollution control agencies. From a secure, explosion-proof location, use water spray to cool exposed containers. If cooling streams are ineffective (venting sound increases in volume and pitch, tank discolors, or shows any signs of deforming), withdraw immediately to a secure position. If employees are expected to fight fires, they must be trained and equipped in OSHA 1910.156.

### Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Combustible. Gives off irritating or toxic fumes (or gases) in a fire. Heating will cause rise in pressure with risk of bursting.

### Special protective actions for fire-fighters

Use water spray, foam, powder, carbon dioxide.

## SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal protection: particulate filter respirator adapted to the airborne concentration of the substance. Do NOT let this chemical enter the environment. Sweep spilled substance into covered containers. If appropriate, moisten first to prevent dusting. Carefully collect remainder. Then store and dispose of according to local regulations.

### Environmental precautions

Personal protection: particulate filter respirator adapted to the airborne concentration of the substance. Do NOT let this chemical enter the environment. Sweep spilled substance into covered containers. If appropriate, moisten first to prevent dusting. Carefully collect remainder. Then store and dispose of according to local regulations.

### Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Evacuate persons not wearing protective equipment from area of spill or leak until clean-up is complete. Remove all ignition sources. Collect powdered material in the most convenient and safe manner and deposit in sealed containers. Ventilate area after clean-up is complete. It may be necessary to contain and dispose of this chemical as a hazardous waste. If material or contaminated runoff enters waterways, notify downstream users of potentially contaminated waters. Contact your Department of Environmental Protection or your regional office of the federal EPA for specific recommendations. If employees are required to

clean-up spills, they must be properly trained and equipped. OSHA 1910.120(q) may be applicable.

## **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

### **Precautions for safe handling**

NO open flames. Handling in a well ventilated place. Wear suitable protective clothing. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid formation of dust and aerosols. Use non-sparking tools. Prevent fire caused by electrostatic discharge steam.

### **Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities**

Provision to contain effluent from fire extinguishing. Store in an area without drain or sewer access. Do not contaminate water, food or feed by storage or disposal. ... Store product in original container only, away from other pesticides, fertilizer, food for feed. Propazine 4L

## **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

### **Control parameters**

### **Occupational Exposure limit values**

no data available

### **Biological limit values**

no data available

### **Appropriate engineering controls**

Ensure adequate ventilation. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Set up emergency exits and the risk-elimination area.

### **Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment (PPE)**

#### **Eye/face protection**

Wear safety spectacles.

#### **Skin protection**

Protective gloves.

### Respiratory protection

Use local exhaust and breathing protection.

### Thermal hazards

no data available

## SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties and safety characteristics

Physical state:	COLOURLESS CRYSTALLINE POWDER.
Colour:	Colorless powder
Odour:	no data available
Melting point/freezing point:	212-214°C
Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling range:	373.1°C at 760 mmHg
Flammability:	Combustible. Gives off irritating or toxic fumes (or gases) in a fire. Heating will cause rise in pressure with risk of bursting.
Lower and upper explosion limit/flammability limit:	no data available
Flash point:	179.4°C
Auto-ignition temperature:	no data available
Decomposition temperature:	no data available
pH:	Very weak base
Kinematic viscosity:	no data available
Solubility:	6.2 benzene; 6.2 toluene; 2.5 carbon tetrachloride; 5 diethyl ether (all in g/kg at 20 deg C)

Partition coefficient n-octanol/water:	log Kow = 2.93
Vapour pressure:	9.19E-06mmHg at 25°C
Density and/or relative density:	1.162
Relative vapour density:	no data available
Particle characteristics:	no data available

## SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

### Reactivity

Decomposes on heating and on burning. This produces toxic gases of nitrogen oxides and chlorine.

### Chemical stability

Very stable over several yr of shelf life, with only slight sensitivity to light & extreme temp which would occur normally

### Possibility of hazardous reactions

NONFLAMMABLE.

### Conditions to avoid

no data available

### Incompatible materials

no data available

### Hazardous decomposition products

When heated to decomposition it emits toxic fumes of nitroxides and Cl-.

## SECTION 11: Toxicological information

### Acute toxicity

Oral: LD50 Rat oral > 7000 mg/kg

Inhalation: LC50 Rabbit inhalation 2.04 mg/l/4 hr Milogard 80W

Dermal: LD50 Rat percutaneous > 3100 mg/kg

### Skin corrosion/irritation

no data available

### Serious eye damage/irritation

no data available

### Respiratory or skin sensitization

no data available

### Germ cell mutagenicity

no data available

### Carcinogenicity

Cancer Classification: Not Likely to be Carcinogenic to Humans

### Reproductive toxicity

no data available

### STOT-single exposure

See Notes.

### STOT-repeated exposure

See Notes.



## Aspiration hazard

A nuisance-causing concentration of airborne particles can be reached quickly when dispersed.

## SECTION 12: Ecological information

### Toxicity

Toxicity to fish: LC50 *Lepomis macrochirus* (bluegill sunfish) > 100 mg/L for 96 hr /Technical; Conditions of bioassay not specified

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates: EC50; Species: *Daphnia magna* (Water flea, <24 hr); Conditions: freshwater, static, 21 deg C; Concentration: 8600 ug/L for 24 hr; Effect: intoxication, immobilization /96-99.9% purity

Toxicity to algae: no data available

Toxicity to microorganisms: no data available

### Persistence and degradability

AEROBIC: In soil, microbial degradation of propazine occurs, with hydrolysis of the chlorine atom to give hydroxypropazine, dealkylation of both substituted amino groups, presumably followed by ring opening and decomposition(1). The half-life in soil is approximately 80-100 days(1). Propazine was 36-64% degraded in a series of aerobic soil beds over a 54 week incubation period and 5.7-75% degraded in a series of anaerobic/aerobic cycled soil beds over a 54 week incubation period(2). In lab tests, no 14-CO<sub>2</sub> release was observed in 16 weeks from a silt loam soil treated with propazine labeled with 14-C in the triazine ring(3). Two to fourteen months time has been reported as the time required for decomposition of propazine applied at "normal" application rates in soil(4); however, it was not reported whether this refers to total degradation of parent herbicide as well as active metabolites(SRC). The half-lives for degradation (purportedly mainly soil-catalyzed hydrolysis) of propazine in Hatzenbuhl soil at pH 4.8 and Neuhofen soil at pH 6.5 are 62 and 127 days, respectively(5). It has been reported that s-triazines which are similar in structure to propazine can be utilized by certain soil microorganisms as a source of energy(6).

### Bioaccumulative potential

An estimated BCF of 17 was calculated in fish for propazine(SRC), using a log Kow of 2.93(1) and a regression-derived equation(2). According to a classification scheme(3), this BCF suggests the potential for bioconcentration in aquatic organisms is low(SRC).

### Mobility in soil

An avg Koc of 154 was calculated for propazine from 33 soils(1) and an avg Koc of 160 was calculated from 54 soils(2). The Koc of propazine in 4 European soils was measured in the range of 84-500(3). According to a classification scheme(4), this Koc data suggests that propazine is expected to have moderate mobility in soil.

### Other adverse effects

no data available

## SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

### Disposal methods

#### Product

The material can be disposed of by removal to a licensed chemical destruction plant or by controlled incineration with flue gas scrubbing. Do not contaminate water, foodstuffs, feed or seed by storage or disposal. Do not discharge to sewer systems.

#### Contaminated packaging

Containers can be triply rinsed (or equivalent) and offered for recycling or reconditioning. Alternatively, the packaging can be punctured to make it unusable for other purposes and then be disposed of in a sanitary landfill. Controlled incineration with flue gas scrubbing is possible for combustible packaging materials.

## SECTION 14: Transport information

### UN Number

ADR/RID: UN3077 (For reference only, please check.)

IMDG: UN3077 (For reference only, please check.)

IATA: UN3077 (For reference only, please check.)

### UN Proper Shipping Name

ADR/RID: ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, SOLID, N.O.S. (For reference only, please check.)

IMDG: ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, SOLID, N.O.S. (For reference only, please check.)

IATA: ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, SOLID, N.O.S. (For reference only, please check.)

### Transport hazard class(es)

ADR/RID: 9 (For reference only, please check.)

IMDG: 9 (For reference only, please check.)

IATA: 9 (For reference only, please check.)

### Packing group, if applicable

ADR/RID: III (For reference only, please check.)  
IMDG: III (For reference only, please check.)  
IATA: III (For reference only, please check.)

#### **Environmental hazards**

ADR/RID: Yes  
IMDG: Yes  
IATA: Yes

#### **Special precautions for user**

no data available

#### **Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments**

no data available

### **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

#### **Safety, health and environmental regulations specific for the product in question**

##### **European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS)**

Listed.

##### **EC Inventory**

Listed.

##### **United States Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory**

Listed.

##### **China Catalog of Hazardous chemicals 2015**

Not Listed.

##### **New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC)**

Listed.

##### **(PICCS)**

Not Listed.

**Vietnam National Chemical Inventory**

Listed.

**IECSC)**

Not Listed.

**Korea Existing Chemicals List (KECL)**

Not Listed.

**SECTION 16: Other information**

**Abbreviations and acronyms**

CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service

ADR: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road

RID: Regulation concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail

IMDG: International Maritime Dangerous Goods

IATA: International Air Transportation Association

TWA: Time Weighted Average

STEL: Short term exposure limit

LC50: Lethal Concentration 50%

LD50: Lethal Dose 50%

EC50: Effective Concentration 50%

**References**

IPCS - The International Chemical Safety Cards (ICSC), website: <http://www.ilo.org/dyn/icsc/showcard.home>

HSDB - Hazardous Substances Data Bank, website: <https://toxnet.nlm.nih.gov/newtoxnet/hsdb.htm>

IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer, website: <http://www.iarc.fr/>

eChemPortal - The Global Portal to Information on Chemical Substances by OECD, website: [http://www.echemportal.org/echemportal/index?pageID=0&request\\_locale=en](http://www.echemportal.org/echemportal/index?pageID=0&request_locale=en)

CAMEO Chemicals, website: <http://cameochemicals.noaa.gov/search/simple>

ChemIDplus, website: <http://chem.sis.nlm.nih.gov/chemidplus/chemidlite.jsp>

ERG - Emergency Response Guidebook by U.S. Department of Transportation, website:  
<http://www.phmsa.dot.gov/hazmat/library/erg>

Germany GESTIS-database on hazard substance, website: <http://www.dguv.de/ifa/gestis/gestis-stoffdatenbank/index-2.jsp>

ECHA - European Chemicals Agency, website: <https://echa.europa.eu/>

### **Other Information**

Health effects of exposure to the substance have not been investigated adequately.

Disclaimer: The above information is believed to be correct but does not purport to be all inclusive and shall be used only as a guide. The information in this document is based on the present state of our knowledge and is applicable to the product with regard to appropriate safety precautions. It does not represent any guarantee of the properties of the product. We as supplier shall not be held liable for any