# Chemical Book India

MG		Chemi	ical Safety	Data Shee	t MSDS / S	DS	FARE P	2	
Phenelzine SDS Revision Date:2024-04-25 Revision Number:1									
Section 1 Section 9	Section 2 Section 10	Section 3 Section 11	Section 4 Section 12	Section 5 Section 13	Section 6 Section 14	Section 7 Section 15	Section 8 Section 16		
SECTION 1: Identifica Product identifier Product name: CAS:		on of the sul henelzine 1-71-8	bstance/mix	cture and of	the compar	ny/undertak	ting		
		s of the substance or mixture and uses advised against							
Relevant identified uses:		For R&D use only. Not for medicinal, household or other use.							
Uses advised against:		none							
Company Id	entification								
Company:		Chemicalbook.in							
Address: Telephone:		5 vasavi Layout Basaveswara Nilayam Pragathi Nagar Hyderabad, India -500090 +91 9550333722							

# SECTION 2: Hazards identification

Classification of the substance or mixture

no data available

# GHS label elements, including precautionary statements

Signal word no data available

Hazard statement(s)

no data available

Precautionary statement(s)

#### Prevention

no data available

#### Response

no data available

## Storage

no data available

### Disposal

no data available

## Other hazards which do not result in classification

no data available

# SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

# SubstanceChemical name:PhenelzineCommon names and<br/>synonyms:PhenelzineCAS number:51-71-8EC number:200-117-9Concentration:100%

# **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

#### Description of necessary first-aid measures

## If inhaled

Move the victim into fresh air. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. If not breathing, give artificial respiration and consult a doctor immediately. Do not use mouth to mouth resuscitation if the victim ingested or inhaled the chemical.

#### Following skin contact

Take off contaminated clothing immediately. Wash off with soap and plenty of water. Consult a doctor.

#### Following eye contact

Rinse with pure water for at least 15 minutes. Consult a doctor.

#### Following ingestion

Rinse mouth with water. Do not induce vomiting. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Call a doctor or Poison Control Center immediately.

#### Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

no data available

#### Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Intensive symptomatic and supportive treatment may be required. Induction of emesis or gastric lavage with instillation of charcoal slurry may be helpful in early poisoning, provided the airway has been protected against aspiration. Signs and symptoms of central nervous system stimulation, including convulsions, should be treated with diazepam, given slowly intravenously. Phenothiazine derivatives and central nervous system stimulants should be avoided. Hypotension and vascular collapse should be treated with intravenous fluids and, if necessary, blood pressure titration with an intravenous infusion of dilute pressor agent. It should be noted that adrenergic agents may produce a markedly increased pressor response. Respiration should be supported by appropriate measures, including management of the airway, use of supplemental oxygen, and mechanical ventilatory assistance, as required. Body temperature should be monitored closely. Intensive management of hyperpyrexia may be required. Maintenance of fluid and electrolyte balance is essential. There are no data on the lethal dose in man. The pathophysiologic effects of massive overdosage may persist for several days, since the drug acts by inhibiting physiologic enzyme systems. With symptomatic and supportive measures, recovery from mild overdosage may be expected within 3 to 4 days. Hemodialysis, peritoneal dialysis, and charcoal hemoperfusion may be of value in massive overdosage, but sufficient data are not available to recommend their routine use in these cases.

# **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

## Suitable extinguishing media

Water spray, dry chemical, carbon dioxide or foam as appropriate for surrounding fire and materials.

## Specific hazards arising from the chemical

no data available

## Special protective actions for fire-fighters

Wear self-contained breathing apparatus for firefighting if necessary.

# SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

## Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Avoid dust formation. Avoid breathing mist, gas or vapours. Avoid contacting with skin and eye. Use personal protective equipment. Wear chemical impermeable gloves. Ensure adequate ventilation. Remove all sources of ignition. Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak.

## Environmental precautions

Prevent further spillage or leakage if it is safe to do so. Do not let the chemical enter drains. Discharge into the environment must be avoided.

#### Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Wear approved respiratory protection, chemically compatible gloves and protective clothing. Wipe up spillage or collect spillage using a high efficiency vacuum cleaner. Avoid breathing dust. Place spillage in appropriately labeled container for disposal. Wash spill site.

# SECTION 7: Handling and storage

#### Precautions for safe handling

Handling in a well ventilated place. Wear suitable protective clothing. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid formation of dust and aerosols. Use non-sparking tools. Prevent fire caused by electrostatic discharge steam.

#### Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Commercially available phenelzine sulfate tablets should be stored in tight containers at a temperature between 15-30 deg C; the tablets should be protected from excessive exposure to heat and light.

# SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

#### Occupational Exposure limit values

no data available

#### Biological limit values

no data available

#### Appropriate engineering controls

Ensure adequate ventilation. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Set up emergency exits and the risk-elimination area.

#### Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment (PPE)

#### Eye/face protection

Wear tightly fitting safety goggles with side-shields conforming to EN 166(EU) or NIOSH (US).

#### Skin protection

Wear fire/flame resistant and impervious clothing. Handle with gloves. Gloves must be inspected prior to use. Wash and dry hands. The selected protective gloves have to satisfy the specifications of EU Directive 89/686/EEC and the standard EN 374 derived from it.

#### **Respiratory protection**

If the exposure limits are exceeded, irritation or other symptoms are experienced, use a full-face respirator.

#### Thermal hazards

no data available

# SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties and safety characteristics

Physical state:	Liquid
Colour:	Liquid
Odour:	no data available
Melting point/freezing point:	< 25 °C
Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling range:	281.4°C at 760 mmHg
Flammability:	no data available
Lower and upper explosion limit/flammability limit:	no data available
Flash point:	143.7°C
Auto-ignition temperature:	no data available
Decomposition temperature:	no data available
pH:	no data available
Kinematic viscosity:	no data available
Solubility:	no data available
Partition coefficient n- octanol/water:	no data available
Vapour pressure:	4.85X10-2 mm Hg at 25 deg C (est)
Density and/or relative density:	1.01 g/cm3

Relative vapour<br/>density:no data availableParticle<br/>characteristics:no data available

# SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

Reactivity

no data available

## Chemical stability

no data available

## Possibility of hazardous reactions

This material is assumed to be combustible.

## Conditions to avoid

no data available

## Incompatible materials

no data available

# Hazardous decomposition products

When heated to decomposition material emits toxic fumes of /sulfur oxides and nitrogen oxides/.

# SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Acute toxicity Oral: LD50 Mouse oral 160 mg/kg body weight Inhalation: no data available Dermal: no data available

# Skin corrosion/irritation

no data available

# Serious eye damage/irritation

no data available

# **Respiratory or skin sensitization** no data available

# Germ cell mutagenicity

no data available

# Carcinogenicity

no data available

# Reproductive toxicity

no data available

## STOT-single exposure

no data available

#### STOT-repeated exposure

no data available

## Aspiration hazard

no data available

# SECTION 12: Ecological information

#### Toxicity

Toxicity to fish: no data available Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates: no data available Toxicity to algae: no data available Toxicity to microorganisms: no data available

#### Persistence and degradability

Biodegradation data in soil or water were not available. (SRC, 2013)

#### Bioaccumulative potential

An estimated BCF of 3 was calculated in fish for phenelzine(SRC), using an estimated log Kow of 0.97(1) and a regression-derived equation(2). According to a classification scheme(3), this BCF suggests the potential for bioconcentration in aquatic organisms is low(SRC).

#### Mobility in soil

Using a structure estimation method based on molecular connectivity indices(1), the Koc of phenelzine can be estimated to be 900(SRC). According to a classification scheme(2), this estimated Koc value suggests that phenelzine is expected to have low mobility in soil.

#### Other adverse effects

no data available

# **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

#### Disposal methods

#### Product

The material can be disposed of by removal to a licensed chemical destruction plant or by controlled incineration with flue gas scrubbing. Do not contaminate water, foodstuffs, feed or seed by storage or disposal. Do not discharge to sewer systems.

#### Contaminated packaging

Containers can be triply rinsed (or equivalent) and offered for recycling or reconditioning. Alternatively, the packaging can be punctured to make it unusable for other purposes and then be disposed of in a sanitary landfill. Controlled incineration with flue gas

# SECTION 14: Transport information

#### **UN Number**

ADR/RID: no data available IMDG: no data available IATA: no data available

## **UN Proper Shipping Name**

ADR/RID: no data available IMDG: no data available IATA: no data available

## Transport hazard class(es)

ADR/RID: no data available IMDG: no data available IATA: no data available

## Packing group, if applicable

ADR/RID: no data available IMDG: no data available IATA: no data available

## Environmental hazards

ADR/RID: No IMDG: No IATA: No

## Special precautions for user

no data available

#### Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

no data available

# SECTION 15: Regulatory information

Safety, health and environmental regulations specific for the product in question

European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS)

Listed.

## EC Inventory

Listed.

## United States Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory

Not Listed.

China Catalog of Hazardous chemicals 2015

Not Listed.

New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC)

Listed.

(PICCS)

Not Listed.

Vietnam National Chemical Inventory

Not Listed.

IECSC)

Not Listed.

#### Korea Existing Chemicals List (KECL)

Not Listed.

**SECTION 16: Other information** 

#### Abbreviations and acronyms

CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service

ADR: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road

RID: Regulation concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail

IMDG: International Maritime Dangerous Goods

IATA: International Air Transportation Association

TWA: Time Weighted Average

STEL: Short term exposure limit

LC50: Lethal Concentration 50%

LD50: Lethal Dose 50%

EC50: Effective Concentration 50%

#### References

IPCS - The International Chemical Safety Cards (ICSC), website: http://www.ilo.org/dyn/icsc/showcard.home

HSDB - Hazardous Substances Data Bank, website: https://toxnet.nlm.nih.gov/newtoxnet/hsdb.htm

IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer, website: http://www.iarc.fr/

eChemPortal - The Global Portal to Information on Chemical Substances by OECD, website: http://www.echemportal.org/echemportal/index?pageID=O&request\_locale=en

CAWEO Chemicals, website: http://cameochemicals.noaa.gov/search/simple

ChemIDplus, website: http://chem.sis.nlm.nih.gov/chemidplus/chemidlite.jsp

ERG - Emergency Response Guidebook by U.S. Department of Transportation, website: http://www.phmsa.dot.gov/hazmat/library/erg

Germany GESTIS-database on hazard substance, website: http://www.dguv.de/ifa/gestis/gestis-stoffdatenbank/index-2.jsp

ECHA - European Chemicals Agency, website: https://echa.europa.eu/

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