# Chemical Book India

MC		Chem	ical Safety	Data Shee	t MSDS / S	DS	HARA P	
Olaquindox SDS Revision Date:2024-04-25 Revision Number:1								
Section 1 Section 9	Section 2 Section 10	Section 3 Section 11	Section 4 Section 12	Section 5 Section 13	Section 6 Section 14	Section 7 Section 15	Section 8 Section 16	
SECTION 1: Identifica Product identifier Product name: CAS:		i <mark>on of the sul</mark> Dlaquindox 3696-28-8	bstance/mix	ture and of	the compar	ny/undertak	ting	
Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against								
Relevant identified uses:		For R&D use only. Not for medicinal, household or other use.						
Uses advised against:		none						
Company Id	lentification							
Company:		Chemicalbook.in						
Address: Telephone:		5 vasavi Layout Basaveswara Nilayam Pragathi Nagar Hyderabad, India -500090 +91 9550333722						

# SECTION 2: Hazards identification

# Classification of the substance or mixture

Acute toxicity - Category 4, Oral Respiratory sensitization, Category 1

#### GHS label elements, including precautionary statements

Pictogram(s)



Signal word

Danger

### Hazard statement(s)

H302 Harmful if swallowed H334 May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled

#### Precautionary statement(s)

#### Prevention

P264 Wash ... thoroughly after handling.
P270 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
P261 Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.
P284 [In case of inadequate ventilation] wear respiratory protection.

#### Response

P301+P317 IF SWALLOWED: Get medical help.
P330 Rinse mouth.
P304+P340 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.
P342+P316 If experiencing respiratory symptoms: Get emergency medical help immediately.

### Storage

none

### Disposal

P501 Dispose of contents/container to an appropriate treatment and disposal facility in accordance with applicable laws and regulations, and product characteristics at time of disposal.

### Other hazards which do not result in classification

no data available

# SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

#### Substance

Chemical name:	Olaquindox
Common names and synonyms:	Olaquindox
CAS number:	23696-28-8
EC number:	245-832-7
Concentration:	100%

# **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

#### Description of necessary first-aid measures

#### If inhaled

Move the victim into fresh air. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. If not breathing, give artificial respiration and consult a doctor immediately. Do not use mouth to mouth resuscitation if the victim ingested or inhaled the chemical.

#### Following skin contact

Take off contaminated clothing immediately. Wash off with soap and plenty of water. Consult a doctor.

#### Following eye contact

Rinse with pure water for at least 15 minutes. Consult a doctor.

#### Following ingestion

Rinse mouth with water. Do not induce vomiting. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Call a doctor or Poison Control Center immediately.

#### Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

no data available

### Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Immediate first aid: Ensure that adequate decontamination has been carried out. If patient is not breathing, start artificial respiration, preferably with a demand valve resuscitator, bag-valve-mask device, or pocket mask, as trained. Perform CPR if

necessary. Immediately flush contaminated eyes with gently flowing water. Do not induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs, lean patient forward or place on the left side (head-down position, if possible) to maintain an open airway and prevent aspiration. Keep patient quiet and maintain normal body temperature. Obtain medical attention. Poisons A and B

# **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

#### Suitable extinguishing media

Advice for firefighters: Wear self contained breathing apparatus for fire fighting if necessary.

#### Specific hazards arising from the chemical

no data available

#### Special protective actions for fire-fighters

Wear self-contained breathing apparatus for firefighting if necessary.

# SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

#### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Avoid dust formation. Avoid breathing mist, gas or vapours. Avoid contacting with skin and eye. Use personal protective equipment. Wear chemical impermeable gloves. Ensure adequate ventilation. Remove all sources of ignition. Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak.

#### Environmental precautions

Prevent further spillage or leakage if it is safe to do so. Do not let the chemical enter drains. Discharge into the environment must be avoided.

#### Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Accidental Release Measures. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures: Use personal protective equipment. Avoid dust formation. Avoid breathing vapors, mist or gas. Ensure adequate ventilation. Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Avoid breathing dust. Environmental precautions: Do not let product enter drains. Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up: Pick up and arrange disposal without creating dust. Sweep up and shovel. Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal.

# SECTION 7: Handling and storage

#### Precautions for safe handling

Handling in a well ventilated place. Wear suitable protective clothing. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid formation of dust and aerosols. Use non-sparking tools. Prevent fire caused by electrostatic discharge steam.

#### Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities: Keep container tightly closed in a dry and well-ventilated place.

# SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

**Control parameters** 

#### Occupational Exposure limit values

no data available

#### Biological limit values

no data available

### Appropriate engineering controls

Ensure adequate ventilation. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Set up emergency exits and the risk-elimination area.

### Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment (PPE)

### Eye/face protection

Wear tightly fitting safety goggles with side-shields conforming to EN 166(EU) or NIOSH (US).

#### Skin protection

Wear fire/flame resistant and impervious clothing. Handle with gloves. Gloves must be inspected prior to use. Wash and dry hands. The selected protective gloves have to satisfy the specifications of EU Directive 89/686/EEC and the standard EN 374 derived from it.

### **Respiratory protection**

If the exposure limits are exceeded, irritation or other symptoms are experienced, use a full-face respirator.

# Thermal hazards

no data available

# SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties and safety characteristics

Physical state:	Light yellow crystalline powder,Odorless		
Colour:	Pale yellow crystals		
Odour:	no data available		
Melting point/freezing point:	207-213°C		
Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling range:	343.3°C		
Flammability:	no data available		
Lower and upper explosion limit/flammability limit:	no data available		
Flash point:	>204.4°C		
Auto-ignition temperature:	no data available		
Decomposition temperature:	no data available		
pH:	no data available		
Kinematic viscosity:	no data available		
Solubility:	In water, 4.36X10+5 mg/L at 25 deg C (est)		
Partition coefficient n- octanol/water:	log Kow = -2.13 (est)		

Vapour pressure:2.99X10-14 mm Hg at 25 deg C (est)Density and/or<br/>relative density:1.43 g/cm3Relative vapour<br/>density:no data availableParticle<br/>characteristics:no data available

# SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

#### Reactivity

no data available

#### Chemical stability

Stable under recommended storage conditions.

#### Possibility of hazardous reactions

no data available

#### Conditions to avoid

no data available

### Incompatible materials

Incompatible materials: Strong oxidizing agents

#### Hazardous decomposition products

Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture: Carbon oxides, nitrogen oxides (NOx).

# SECTION 11: Toxicological information Acute toxicity

Oral: LD50 Cat (male + female) oral 1000 mg/kg bw Inhalation: LC50 Wistar rat (male + female) inhalation >1751 mg/cu m/4 hours Dermal: no data available

#### Skin corrosion/irritation

no data available

# Serious eye damage/irritation

no data available

# Respiratory or skin sensitization

no data available

### Germ cell mutagenicity

no data available

### Carcinogenicity

no data available

### Reproductive toxicity

no data available

# STOT-single exposure

no data available

# STOT-repeated exposure

no data available

# Aspiration hazard

no data available

# SECTION 12: Ecological information

Toxicity

Toxicity to fish: no data available

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates: no data available

Toxicity to algae: EC50; Species: Microcystis aeruginosa (Blue-Green Algae) exponential growth phase, 2x10+4 cells/mL, nonaxenic uniculture; Conditions: freshwater, static, pH 8.1-8.3; Concentration: 5.1 mL/L for 7 days (95% confidence interval: 4.5-5.6 mL/L); Effect: population, decreased chlorophyll /98.16% purity

Toxicity to microorganisms: no data available

### Persistence and degradability

AEROBIC: The primary aerobic and anaerobic biodegradability at intermediate concentrations (50-1000 ug/L) of olaquindox was studied in a shake flask system simulating the conditions in surface waters(1,2). The purpose of the study was to provide rate data for primary biodegradation in the scenario where antibiotics pollute surface waters as a result of agricultural run-off. The first-order degradation half-life for aerobic degradation was 4-8 days; there was no initial lag phase. Biodegradation behavior was not influenced by the concentrations of antibiotics or the time of the year and location for sampling of surface water. Addition of 1 g/L of sediment or 3 mg/L of activated sludge from wastewater treatment increased the biodegradation potential. Biodegradation was significantly slower in tests conducted in absence of oxygen(1).

### Bioaccumulative potential

An estimated BCF of 3 was calculated in fish for olaquindox(SRC), using an estiamted log Kow of -2.13(1) and a regression-derived equation(1). According to a classification scheme(2), this BCF suggests the potential for bioconcentration in aquatic organisms is low(SRC).

### Mobility in soil

Olaquindox exhibited measured Koc values of 104, 116, 86 and 46 in sandy loam (Askov; clay 11.3%, silt 10.7%, fine sand 37.9% OC 1.6%, pH 6.1); sandy loam (Flakkebjerg; clay 16.9%, silt 19.1%, fine sand 38.5% OC 1.1%, pH 5.6); sand (Lundgaard; clay 5.2%, silt 4.8%, fine sand 24.4% OC 1.4%, pH 5.6) and loamy sand (Borris; clay 5.8%, silt 8.7%, fine sand 42.6% OC 1.5%, pH 6.3), respectively(1). According to a classification scheme(2), these Koc values suggest that olaquindox is expected to have high to very high mobility in soil(SRC). Log Kd values of 1.31 and 0.08 have been measured in pig manure and sandy soil-sandy loam soil, respectively(3). Another study reported Kd values of 0.007 in Lundgaard and Askov soils(4).

### Other adverse effects

# SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

#### Disposal methods

#### Product

The material can be disposed of by removal to a licensed chemical destruction plant or by controlled incineration with flue gas scrubbing. Do not contaminate water, foodstuffs, feed or seed by storage or disposal. Do not discharge to sewer systems.

#### Contaminated packaging

Containers can be triply rinsed (or equivalent) and offered for recycling or reconditioning. Alternatively, the packaging can be punctured to make it unusable for other purposes and then be disposed of in a sanitary landfill. Controlled incineration with flue gas scrubbing is possible for combustible packaging materials.

### **SECTION 14: Transport information**

#### **UN Number**

ADR/RID: no data available IMDG: no data available IATA: no data available

#### **UN Proper Shipping Name**

ADR/RID: no data available IMDG: no data available IATA: no data available

#### Transport hazard class(es)

ADR/RID: no data available IMDG: no data available IATA: no data available

#### Packing group, if applicable

ADR/RID: no data available

IMDG: no data available IATA: no data available

#### Environmental hazards

ADR/RID: No IMDG: No IATA: No

#### Special precautions for user

no data available

#### Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

no data available

# SECTION 15: Regulatory information

Safety, health and environmental regulations specific for the product in question

European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS)

Listed.

#### EC Inventory

Listed.

#### United States Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory

Not Listed.

China Catalog of Hazardous chemicals 2015

Not Listed.

New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC)

Listed.

(PICCS)

Listed.

#### Vietnam National Chemical Inventory

Listed.

IECSC)

Not Listed.

Korea Existing Chemicals List (KECL)

Not Listed.

# **SECTION 16: Other information**

#### Abbreviations and acronyms

CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service

ADR: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road

RID: Regulation concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail

IMDG: International Maritime Dangerous Goods

IATA: International Air Transportation Association

TWA: Time Weighted Average

STEL: Short term exposure limit

LC50: Lethal Concentration 50%

LD50: Lethal Dose 50%

EC50: Effective Concentration 50%

#### References

IPCS - The International Chemical Safety Cards (ICSC), website: http://www.ilo.org/dyn/icsc/showcard.home

HSDB - Hazardous Substances Data Bank, website: https://toxnet.nlm.nih.gov/newtoxnet/hsdb.htm

IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer, website: http://www.iarc.fr/

eChemPortal - The Global Portal to Information on Chemical Substances by OECD, website: http://www.echemportal.org/echemportal/index?pageID=0&request\_locale=en

CAWEO Chemicals, website: http://cameochemicals.noaa.gov/search/simple

ChemIDplus, website: http://chem.sis.nlm.nih.gov/chemidplus/chemidlite.jsp

ERG - Emergency Response Guidebook by U.S. Department of Transportation, website: http://www.phmsa.dot.gov/hazmat/library/erg

Germany GESTIS-database on hazard substance, website: http://www.dguv.de/ifa/gestis/gestis-stoffdatenbank/index-2.jsp

ECHA - European Chemicals Agency, website: https://echa.europa.eu/

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