Chemical Book India

-										
1	NG		Chem	ical Safety	Data Shee	t MSDS / S	DS			
Napropamide SDS Revision Date:2024-04-25 Revision Number:1										
	Section 1	Section 2	Section 3	Section 4	Section 5	Section 6	Section 7	Section 8		
	Section 9	Section 10	Section 11	Section 12	Section 13	Section 14	Section 15	Section 16		
	SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking									
	Product identifier									
Product name:		2 :	Napropamide							
CAS:			15299-99-7							
Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against										
Relevant identified uses:		ntified	For R&D use only. Not for medicinal, household or other use.							
	Uses advised against:		none							
	Company Ide	entification								
Company:			Chemicalbook.in							
Address:			5 vasavi Layout Basaveswara Nilayam Pragathi Nagar Hyderabad, India -500090							
Telephone:		+91 9550333722								

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

Classification of the substance or mixture

Eye irritation, Category 2 Hazardous to the aquatic environment, long-term (Chronic) - Category Chronic 2

GHS label elements, including precautionary statements

Pictogram(s)

 $\langle \rangle \langle \rangle$

Signal word

Warning

Hazard statement(s)

H319 Causes serious eye irritation H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects

Precautionary statement(s)

Prevention

P264 Wash ... thoroughly after handling.P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection/hearing protection/...P273 Avoid release to the environment.

Response

P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. P391 Collect spillage.

Storage

none

Disposal

P501 Dispose of contents/container to an appropriate treatment and disposal facility in accordance with applicable laws and regulations, and product characteristics at time of disposal.

Other hazards which do not result in classification

no data available

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

Substance

Chemical name:	Napropamide
Common names and synonyms:	Napropamide
CAS number:	15299-99-7
EC number:	239-333-3
Concentration:	100%

SECTION 4: First aid measures

Description of necessary first-aid measures

If inhaled

Move the victim into fresh air. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. If not breathing, give artificial respiration and consult a doctor immediately. Do not use mouth to mouth resuscitation if the victim ingested or inhaled the chemical.

Following skin contact

Take off contaminated clothing immediately. Wash off with soap and plenty of water. Consult a doctor.

Following eye contact

Rinse with pure water for at least 15 minutes. Consult a doctor.

Following ingestion

Rinse mouth with water. Do not induce vomiting. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Call a doctor or Poison Control Center immediately.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

no data available

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

no data available

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media

Use dry chemical, carbon dioxide or alcohol-resistant foam.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

no data available

Special protective actions for fire-fighters

Wear self-contained breathing apparatus for firefighting if necessary.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Avoid dust formation. Avoid breathing mist, gas or vapours. Avoid contacting with skin and eye. Use personal protective equipment. Wear chemical impermeable gloves. Ensure adequate ventilation. Remove all sources of ignition. Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak.

Environmental precautions

Prevent further spillage or leakage if it is safe to do so. Do not let the chemical enter drains. Discharge into the environment must be avoided.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Collect and arrange disposal. Keep the chemical in suitable and closed containers for disposal. Remove all sources of ignition. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Adhered or collected material should be promptly disposed of, in accordance with appropriate laws and regulations.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Handling in a well ventilated place. Wear suitable protective clothing. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid formation of dust and aerosols. Use non-sparking tools. Prevent fire caused by electrostatic discharge steam.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store the container tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Store apart from foodstuff containers or incompatible materials.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational Exposure limit values

no data available

Biological limit values

no data available

Appropriate engineering controls

Ensure adequate ventilation. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Set up emergency exits and the risk-elimination area.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment (PPE)

Eye/face protection

Wear tightly fitting safety goggles with side-shields conforming to EN 166(EU) or NIOSH (US).

Skin protection

Wear fire/flame resistant and impervious clothing. Handle with gloves. Gloves must be inspected prior to use. Wash and dry hands. The selected protective gloves have to satisfy the specifications of EU Directive 89/686/EEC and the standard EN 374 derived from it.

Respiratory protection

If the exposure limits are exceeded, irritation or other symptoms are experienced, use a full-face respirator.

Thermal hazards

no data available

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties and safety characteristics

Physical state:	White-like crystal
Colour:	Colorless crystals; (tech., brown solid)
Odour:	no data available
Melting point/freezing point:	73-78°C
Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling range:	430.2°C at 760 mmHg
Flammability:	no data available
Lower and upper explosion limit/flammability limit:	no data available
Flash point:	214°C
Auto-ignition temperature:	no data available
Decomposition temperature:	no data available
pH:	no data available
Kinematic viscosity:	no data available
Solubility:	/Solubility/ in acetone, ethanol >1000, xylene 505, kerosene 62, hexane 15 (all in g/l, 20 deg C); miscible with acetone, ethanol, methyl isobutyl ketone.
Partition coefficient n- octanol/water:	log Kow= 3.36
Vapour pressure:	1.32E-07mmHg at 25°C
Density and/or relative density:	1.079 g/cm3
Relative vapour density:	5.8X10-5 mg/l @ 25 deg C

Particle no data available characteristics:

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

Reactivity

no data available

Chemical stability

no data available

Possibility of hazardous reactions

no data available

Conditions to avoid

no data available

Incompatible materials

no data available

Hazardous decomposition products

no data available

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Acute toxicity Oral: LD50 Rat acute oral >5,000 mg/kg Inhalation: no data available Dermal: no data available

Skin corrosion/irritation

no data available

Serious eye damage/irritation

no data available

Respiratory or skin sensitization

no data available

Germ cell mutagenicity

no data available

Carcinogenicity

no data available

Reproductive toxicity

no data available

STOT-single exposure

no data available

STOT-repeated exposure

no data available

Aspiration hazard

no data available

SECTION 12: Ecological information

Toxicity

Toxicity to fish: LC50 Bluegill sunfish 30 mg/l/96 hr, goldfish >10 mg/l/96 hr and rainbow trout 16.6 mg/l/96 hr

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates: no data available Toxicity to algae: no data available Toxicity to microorganisms: no data available

Persistence and degradability

AEROBIC: Napropamide degradation may be dependent on concentration(1). Following acclimation at 25 deg C, napropamide halflives in soil were observed to range from 34 to 217 days at 4 ug/g and from 156 to 436 days at 16 ug/g in Gilat soil; half-lives ranged from 108 to 507 days at 4 ug/g and 150-923 days at 16 ug/g in Neve Yaar soil, both samples from Israel(1). The rate generally decreased as soil moisture content decreased(1). Similar results were obtained using soil samples from Great Britain(2). These results indicate that this compound biodegrades slowly(1). These rates were positively correlated with the extent of napropamide adsorption and soil clay content and negatively correlated with soil pH(3). Napropamide applied at 1.12 and 2.24 kg/ha in the spring adversely affected fall growth of rye, the latter by 84%, in a field study using sandy loam soil, indicating slow degradation in the environment(4). 50% loss times of 25, 45, and 75 days at 25, 15, and 5 deg C were noted in soil; when treated a second time, 50% loss times decreased to 4, 7, and 15 days at the same temperatures, irrespective of the temperature of the first incubation(5).

Bioaccumulative potential

An estimated BCF of 77 was calculated for napropamide(SRC), using a log Kow of 3.36(1) and a regression-derived equation(2). According to a classification scheme(3), this BCF suggests the potential for bioconcentration in aquatic organisms is moderate(SRC). However, due to rapid aqueous photolysis(4), bioconcentration is not likely to be an important environmental process(SRC).

Mobility in soil

Koc values for napropamide have been reported to range from 218 to 700(1,2). Kocs for napropamide on several Israeli soils ranged from 249 to 450(3). A Koc of 500 ml/g was calculated from measured Freundlich isotherm parameters in a sorption study using Casa Grande sandy loam from the Maricopa Agricultural Center in central Arizona(4). According to a classification scheme(5), these estimated Koc values suggest that napropamide is expected to have low to moderate mobility in soil.

Other adverse effects

no data available

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

Disposal methods

Product

The material can be disposed of by removal to a licensed chemical destruction plant or by controlled incineration with flue gas scrubbing. Do not contaminate water, foodstuffs, feed or seed by storage or disposal. Do not discharge to sewer systems.

Contaminated packaging

Containers can be triply rinsed (or equivalent) and offered for recycling or reconditioning. Alternatively, the packaging can be punctured to make it unusable for other purposes and then be disposed of in a sanitary landfill. Controlled incineration with flue gas scrubbing is possible for combustible packaging materials.

SECTION 14: Transport information

UN Number

ADR/RID: no data available IMDG: no data available IATA: no data available

UN Proper Shipping Name

ADR/RID: no data available IMDG: no data available IATA: no data available

Transport hazard class(es)

ADR/RID: no data available IMDG: no data available IATA: no data available

Packing group, if applicable

ADR/RID: no data available IMDG: no data available IATA: no data available

Environmental hazards

ADR/RID: Yes IMDG: Yes IATA: Yes

Special precautions for user

no data available

Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

no data available

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

Safety, health and environmental regulations specific for the product in question European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS)

Listed.

EC Inventory

Listed.

United States Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory

Not Listed.

China Catalog of Hazardous chemicals 2015

Not Listed.

New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC)

Listed.

(PICCS)

Not Listed.

Vietnam National Chemical Inventory

Listed.

IECSC)

Listed.

Korea Existing Chemicals List (KECL)

Listed.

SECTION 16: Other information

Abbreviations and acronyms

CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service

ADR: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road

RID: Regulation concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail

IMDG: International Maritime Dangerous Goods

IATA: International Air Transportation Association

TWA: Time Weighted Average

STEL: Short term exposure limit

LC50: Lethal Concentration 50%

LD50: Lethal Dose 50%

EC50: Effective Concentration 50%

References

IPCS - The International Chemical Safety Cards (ICSC), website: http://www.ilo.org/dyn/icsc/showcard.home

HSDB - Hazardous Substances Data Bank, website: https://toxnet.nlm.nih.gov/newtoxnet/hsdb.htm

IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer, website: http://www.iarc.fr/

eChemPortal - The Global Portal to Information on Chemical Substances by OECD, website: http://www.echemportal.org/echemportal/index?pageID=O&request_locale=en

CAWEO Chemicals, website: http://cameochemicals.noaa.gov/search/simple

ChemIDplus, website: http://chem.sis.nlm.nih.gov/chemidplus/chemidlite.jsp

ERG - Emergency Response Guidebook by U.S. Department of Transportation, website: http://www.phmsa.dot.gov/hazmat/library/erg

Germany GESTIS-database on hazard substance, website: http://www.dguv.de/ifa/gestis/gestis-stoffdatenbank/index-2.jsp

ECHA - European Chemicals Agency, website: https://echa.europa.eu/

Disclaimer: The above information is believed to be correct but does not purport to be all inclusive and shall be used only as a guide. The information in this document is based on the present state of our knowledge and is applicable to the product with regard to appropriate safety precautions. It does not represent any guarantee of the properties of the product. We as supplier shall not be held liable for any