# Chemical Book India

MC	A	Chem	ical Safety	Data Shee	t MSDS / S	DS			
Heptane SDS Revision Date:2024-04-25 Revision Number:1									
	Section 2 Section 10	Section 3 Section 11	Section 4 Section 12	Section 5 Section 13	Section 6 Section 14	Section 7 Section 15	Section 8 Section 16		
SECTION 1: Identifica Product identifier Product name: CAS:		on of the su eptane 42-82-5	bstance/mi>	cture and of	the compar	ıy/undertak	king		
Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against									
Relevant identified uses:		For R&D use only. Not for medicinal, household or other use.							
Uses advised against:		none							
Company Ider	ntification								
Company:		Chemicalbook.in							
Address: Telephone:		5 vasavi Layout Basaveswara Nilayam Pragathi Nagar Hyderabad, India -500090 +91 9550333722							

# **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

## Classification of the substance or mixture

Flammable liquids, Category 2 Skin irritation, Category 2 Aspiration hazard, Category 1 Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure, Category 3 Hazardous to the aquatic environment, short-term (Acute) - Category Acute 1 Hazardous to the aquatic environment, long-term (Chronic) - Category Chronic 1

#### GHS label elements, including precautionary statements

Pictogram(s)



Signal word Danger

### Hazard statement(s)

H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour H315 Causes skin irritation H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects

#### Precautionary statement(s)

#### Prevention

P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
P233 Keep container tightly closed.
P240 Ground and bond container and receiving equipment.
P241 Use explosion-proof [electrical/ventilating/lighting/...] equipment.
P242 Use non-sparking tools.
P243 Take action to prevent static discharges.
P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection/hearing protection/...
P264 Wash ... thoroughly after handling.
P261 Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.
P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.
P273 Avoid release to the environment.

#### Response

P303+P361+P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse affected areas with water [or shower]. P370+P378 In case of fire: Use ... to extinguish. P302+P352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water/... P321 Specific treatment (see ... on this label). P332+P317 If skin irritation occurs: Get medical help.
P362+P364 Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.
P301+P316 IF SWALLOWED: Get emergency medical help immediately.
P331 Do NOT induce vomiting.
P304+P340 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.
P319 Get medical help if you feel unwell.
P391 Collect spillage.

### Storage

P403+P235 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool. P405 Store locked up. P403+P233 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

#### Disposal

P501 Dispose of contents/container to an appropriate treatment and disposal facility in accordance with applicable laws and regulations, and product characteristics at time of disposal.

## Other hazards which do not result in classification

no data available

# SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

Substance

Chemical name:	Heptane
Common names and synonyms:	Heptane
CAS number:	142-82-5
EC number:	205-563-8
Concentration:	100%

# **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

Description of necessary first-aid measures

#### If inhaled

Fresh air, rest. Refer for medical attention.

#### Following skin contact

Rinse and then wash skin with water and soap. Refer for medical attention if skin irritation occurs.

#### Following eye contact

First rinse with plenty of water for several minutes (remove contact lenses if easily possible), then refer for medical attention.

## Following ingestion

Rinse mouth. Give nothing to drink. Do NOT induce vomiting. Refer immediately for medical attention. See Notes.

## Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

VAPOR: Not irritating to eyes, nose or throat. If inhaled, will cause coughing or difficult breathing. LIQUID: Irritating to skin and eyes. If swallowed, will cause nausea or vomiting. (USCG, 1999)

## Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Immediate first aid: Ensure that adequate decontamination has been carried out. If patient is not breathing, start artificial respiration, preferably with a demand valve resuscitator, bag-valve-mask device, or pocket mask, as trained. Perform CPR if necessary. Immediately flush contaminated eyes with gently flowing water. Do not induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs, lean patient forward or place on the left side (head-down position, if possible) to maintain an open airway and prevent aspiration. Keep patient quiet and maintain normal body temperature. Obtain medical attention. Aliphatic hydrocarbons and related compounds

# **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

#### Suitable extinguishing media

For small (incipient) fires, use media such as "alcohol" foam, dry chemical, or carbon dioxide. For large fires, apply water from as far as possible. Use very larg quantities (flooding) of water applied as a mist or spray; solid streams of water may be ineffective. Cool all affected containers with flooding quantities of water.

## Specific hazards arising from the chemical

FLAWWABLE. Flashback along vapor trail may occur. Vapor may explode if ignited in an enclosed area. (USCG, 1999)

#### Special protective actions for fire-fighters

Use alcohol-resistant foam, dry powder, carbon dioxide, water spray. In case of fire: keep drums, etc., cool by spraying with water.

## **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

#### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Remove all ignition sources. Consult an expert! Personal protection: filter respirator for organic gases and vapours adapted to the airborne concentration of the substance. Do NOT let this chemical enter the environment. Do NOT wash away into sewer. Collect leaking liquid in sealable containers. Absorb remaining liquid in sand or inert absorbent. Carefully collect remainder. Then store and dispose of according to local regulations.

#### Environmental precautions

Remove all ignition sources. Consult an expert! Personal protection: filter respirator for organic gases and vapours adapted to the airborne concentration of the substance. Do NOT let this chemical enter the environment. Do NOT wash away into sewer. Collect leaking liquid in sealable containers. Absorb remaining liquid in sand or inert absorbent. Then store and dispose of according to local regulations. Carefully collect remainder.

#### Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Collect leaking liquid in sealable containers... Absorb remaining liquid in sand or inert absorbent. Then store and dispose of according to local regulations. Do NOT wash away into sewer. Personal protection: filter respirator for organic gases and vapors adapted to the airborne concentration of the substance.

## SECTION 7: Handling and storage

#### Precautions for safe handling

NO open flames, NO sparks and NO smoking. Closed system, ventilation, explosion-proof electrical equipment and lighting. Prevent build-up of electrostatic charges (e.g., by grounding). Do NOT use compressed air for filling, discharging, or handling. Use non-sparking handtools. Handling in a well ventilated place. Wear suitable protective clothing. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid formation of dust and aerosols. Use non-sparking tools. Prevent fire caused by electrostatic discharge steam.

#### Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Fireproof. Separated from strong oxidants. Store in an area without drain or sewer access. Provision to contain effluent from fire

extinguishing. Fireproof. Separated from strong oxidants. Store in an area without drain or sewer access.

# SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

#### **Control parameters**

### Occupational Exposure limit values

TLV: 400 ppm as TWA; 500 ppm as STEL.MAK: 2100 mg/m3, 500 ppm; peak limitation category: I(1); pregnancy risk group: D.EU-OEL: 2085 mg/m3, 500 ppm as TWA

#### Biological limit values

no data available

## Appropriate engineering controls

Ensure adequate ventilation. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Set up emergency exits and the risk-elimination area.

## Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment (PPE)

#### Eye/face protection

Wear safety goggles in combination with breathing protection.

## Skin protection

Protective gloves.

## **Respiratory protection**

Use ventilation, local exhaust or breathing protection.

## Thermal hazards

no data available

# SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties and safety characteristics

Physical state: Liquid. Liquid.

Colour:	Colorless liquid				
Odour:	Gasoline-like odor				
Melting point/freezing point:	-91 °C				
Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling range:	98.2 - 98.4 °C. Atm. press.:100 kPa. Remarks:Distillation range.				
Flammability:	Class IB Flammable Liquid: Fl.P. below 73°F and BP at or above 100°F.				
Lower and upper explosion limit/flammability limit:	no data available				
Flash point:	-4 °C.				
Auto-ignition temperature:	204 °C.				
Decomposition temperature:	no data available				
pH:	no data available				
Kinematic viscosity:	kinematic viscosity (in mm2/s) = 0.641. Temperature:20°C.				
Solubility:	Insoluble in water				
Partition coefficient n- octanol/water:	log Pow = 4.5.				
Vapour pressure:	6.09 kPa. Temperature:25 °C.				
Density and/or relative density:	0.69 g/cm3. Temperature:15 °C.				
Relative vapour density:	3.5 (vs air)				
Particle characteristics:	no data available				

## SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

#### Reactivity

Reacts violently with strong oxidants. This generates fire and explosion hazard. Attacks many plastics.

#### Chemical stability

no data available

### Possibility of hazardous reactions

Highly flammable liquid and vapor. The vapour is heavier than air and may travel along the ground; distant ignition possible. As a result of flow, agitation, etc., electrostatic charges can be generated. HEPTANE is incompatible with the following: Strong oxidizers (NIOSH, 2016).

#### Conditions to avoid

no data available

#### Incompatible materials

Violent reaction with phosphorous + chlorine.

#### Hazardous decomposition products

When heated to decomposition it emits acrid smoke and irritating fumes.

# SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Acute toxicity Oral: LD50 - rat (male/female) - > 5 000 mg/kg bw. Inhalation: LC50 - rat (male/female) - > 29.29 mg/L air (nominal). Dermal: LD50 - rabbit (male/female) - > 2 000 mg/kg bw.

## Skin corrosion/irritation

#### no data available

#### Serious eye damage/irritation

no data available

#### Respiratory or skin sensitization

no data available

#### Germ cell mutagenicity

no data available

#### Carcinogenicity

CLASSIFICATION: D; not classifiable as to human carcinogenicity. BASIS FOR CLASSIFICATION: No human data and no animal data available. HUMAN CARCINOGENICITY DATA: None. ANIMAL CARCINOGENICITY DATA: None.

#### Reproductive toxicity

no data available

### STOT-single exposure

The substance is irritating to the skin. The vapour is irritating to the respiratory tract. If swallowed the substance easily enters the airways and could result in aspiration pneumonitis. The substance may cause effects on the central nervous system.

#### STOT-repeated exposure

The substance defats the skin, which may cause dryness or cracking.

#### Aspiration hazard

A harmful contamination of the air will be reached rather slowly on evaporation of this substance at 20°C.

## **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

Toxicity

Toxicity to fish: LL50 - Oncorhynchus mykiss (previous name: Salmo gairdneri) - 5.738 mg/L - 96 h.

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates: EC50 - Daphnia magna - 1.5 mg/L - 48 h.

Toxicity to algae: EL50 - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (previous names: Raphidocelis subcapitata, Selenastrum capricornutum) - 4.338 mg/L - 72 h.

Toxicity to microorganisms: EL50 - Tetrahymena pyriformis - 22.6 mg/L - 48 h.

## Persistence and degradability

AEROBIC: n-Heptane, present at 100 mg/L, reached 101% of its theoretical BOD in 4 weeks using an activated sludge inoculum at 30 mg/L in the Japanese MITI test(1). In a study determining the primary aerobic biodegradation of biodiesel B20 fuel, the calculated half-life of n-heptane contained in the mixture was 2.3 days using unacclimated inocula from a rainwater detention pond(2). The theoretical oxygen demand of benzene acclimated activated sludge for n-heptane was 0.7, 4.3 and 23.4% after 6, 24, and 72 hr, respectively(3). One mg of n-heptane and 1 ml of a 1:10 suspension of Hudson-Collamer silt loam soil in mineral salts media were incubated in the dark at 25 deg C(4). Controls without n-heptane were used to determine the net oxygen consumed(4). The average theoretical biological oxygen demand of trials for n-heptane was 28, 63, 70 and 70% after 2, 5, 10 and 20 days, respectively(4). n-Heptane (5 ml) was completely degraded 4 days after it was added to a microcosm inoculated with soil from a gasoline contaminated site(5). At intervals of 6, 12 and 24 hr, endogenous respiration was greater than that of 3 preparations of n-heptane and activated sludge from differing aeration units of sewage treatment facilities(6). n-Heptane was degraded to approximately 17% of its initial concentration (unspecified) after 2 days and 100% after 25 days, respectively, in gasoline (400 mg/L) inoculated with activated aerobic sewage sludge (100 mg dry wt/L)(7).

#### Bioaccumulative potential

An estimated BCF of 550 was calculated in fish for n-heptane(SRC), using a log Kow of 4.66(1) and a regression-derived equation(2). According to a classification scheme(3), this BCF suggests the potential for bioconcentration in aquatic organisms is high(SRC), provided the compound is not metabolized by the organism(SRC).

## Mobility in soil

Using a structure estimation method based on molecular connectivity indices(1), the Koc of n-heptane can be estimated to be 240(SRC). According to a classification scheme(2), this estimated Koc value suggests that n-heptane is expected to have moderate mobility in soil.

## Other adverse effects

no data available

## **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

#### **Disposal methods**

#### Product

The material can be disposed of by removal to a licensed chemical destruction plant or by controlled incineration with flue gas scrubbing. Do not contaminate water, foodstuffs, feed or seed by storage or disposal. Do not discharge to sewer systems.

#### Contaminated packaging

Containers can be triply rinsed (or equivalent) and offered for recycling or reconditioning. Alternatively, the packaging can be punctured to make it unusable for other purposes and then be disposed of in a sanitary landfill. Controlled incineration with flue gas scrubbing is possible for combustible packaging materials.

## **SECTION 14: Transport information**

#### UN Number

ADR/RID: UN1206 (For reference only, please check.) IMDG: UN1206 (For reference only, please check.) IATA: UN1206 (For reference only, please check.)

#### **UN Proper Shipping Name**

ADR/RID: HEPTANES (For reference only, please check.) IMDG: HEPTANES (For reference only, please check.) IATA: HEPTANES (For reference only, please check.)

## Transport hazard class(es)

ADR/RID: 3 (For reference only, please check.) IMDG: 3 (For reference only, please check.) IATA: 3 (For reference only, please check.)

#### Packing group, if applicable

ADR/RID: II (For reference only, please check.) IMDG: II (For reference only, please check.) IATA: II (For reference only, please check.)

#### Environmental hazards

ADR/RID: Yes IMDG: Yes IATA: Yes

## Special precautions for user

no data available

## Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

no data available

# SECTION 15: Regulatory information

Safety, health and environmental regulations specific for the product in question

European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS)

Listed.

#### EC Inventory

Listed.

United States Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory

Listed.

China Catalog of Hazardous chemicals 2015

Listed.

New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC)

Listed.

(PICCS)

Listed.

Vietnam National Chemical Inventory

Listed.

IECSC)

Listed.

Korea Existing Chemicals List (KECL)

Listed.

# SECTION 16: Other information

Abbreviations and acronyms

CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service

ADR: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road

RID: Regulation concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail

IMDG: International Maritime Dangerous Goods

IATA: International Air Transportation Association

TWA: Time Weighted Average

STEL: Short term exposure limit

LC50: Lethal Concentration 50%

LD50: Lethal Dose 50%

EC50: Effective Concentration 50%

#### References

IPCS - The International Chemical Safety Cards (ICSC), website: http://www.ilo.org/dyn/icsc/showcard.home

HSDB - Hazardous Substances Data Bank, website: https://toxnet.nlm.nih.gov/newtoxnet/hsdb.htm

IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer, website: http://www.iarc.fr/

eChemPortal - The Global Portal to Information on Chemical Substances by OECD, website: http://www.echemportal.org/echemportal/index?pageID=O&request\_locale=en

CAWEO Chemicals, website: http://cameochemicals.noaa.gov/search/simple

ChemIDplus, website: http://chem.sis.nlm.nih.gov/chemidplus/chemidlite.jsp

ERG - Emergency Response Guidebook by U.S. Department of Transportation, website: http://www.phmsa.dot.gov/hazmat/library/erg
Germany GESTIS-database on hazard substance, website: http://www.dguv.de/ifa/gestis/gestis-stoffdatenbank/index-2.jsp
ECHA - European Chemicals Agency, website: https://echa.europa.eu/

#### Other Information

The odour warning when the exposure limit value is exceeded is insufficient. The symptoms of chemical pneumonitis do not become manifest until a few hours or even days have passed.

Disclaimer: The above information is believed to be correct but does not purport to be all inclusive and shall be used only as a guide. The information in this document is based on the present state of our knowledge and is applicable to the product with regard to appropriate safety precautions. It does not represent any guarantee of the properties of the product. We as supplier shall not be held liable for any