

## Chemical Safety Data Sheet MSDS / SDS

## Dichlorprop SDS

Revision Date:2024-04-25 Revision Number:1

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**SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking****Product identifier**

Product name: Dichlorprop

CAS: 120-36-5

**Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against**

Relevant identified uses: For R&amp;D use only. Not for medicinal, household or other use.

Uses advised against: none

**Company Identification**

Company: Chemicalbook.in

Address: 5 vasavi Layout Basaveswara Nilayam Pragathi Nagar Hyderabad, India -500090

Telephone: +91 9550333722

**SECTION 2: Hazards identification****Classification of the substance or mixture**

Acute toxicity - Category 4, Oral

Acute toxicity - Category 4, Dermal

Skin irritation, Category 2  
Serious eye damage, Category 1

**GHS label elements, including precautionary statements**

Pictogram(s)



Signal word

Danger

**Hazard statement(s)**

H302 Harmful if swallowed  
H312 Harmful in contact with skin  
H315 Causes skin irritation  
H318 Causes serious eye damage

**Precautionary statement(s)**

**Prevention**

P264 Wash ... thoroughly after handling.  
P270 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.  
P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection/hearing protection/...

**Response**

P301+P317 IF SWALLOWED: Get medical help.  
P330 Rinse mouth.  
P302+P352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water/...  
P317 Get medical help.  
P321 Specific treatment (see ... on this label).  
P362+P364 Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.  
P332+P317 If skin irritation occurs: Get medical help.  
P305+P354+P338 IF IN EYES: Immediately rinse with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

**Storage**

none

**Disposal**

P501 Dispose of contents/container to an appropriate treatment and disposal facility in accordance with applicable laws and regulations, and product characteristics at time of disposal.

**Other hazards which do not result in classification**

no data available

**SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

**Substance**

Chemical name: Dichlorprop

Common names and synonyms: Dichlorprop

CAS number: 120-36-5

EC number: 204-390-5

Concentration: 100%

**SECTION 4: First aid measures**

**Description of necessary first-aid measures**

**If inhaled**

Fresh air, rest. Seek medical attention if you feel unwell.

**Following skin contact**

Remove contaminated clothes. Rinse and then wash skin with water and soap. Refer for medical attention if skin irritation occurs.

**Following eye contact**

Rinse with plenty of water for several minutes (remove contact lenses if easily possible). Refer immediately for medical attention.

**Following ingestion**

Rinse mouth. Give one or two glasses of water to drink. Refer immediately for medical attention.

**Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed**

no data available

**Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary**

**Absorption, Distribution and Excretion**

Dermal absorption can occur on prolonged contact of the soln with the skin .

## **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

**Suitable extinguishing media**

In case of fire in the surroundings, use appropriate extinguishing media.

**Specific hazards arising from the chemical**

Combustible. Liquid formulations containing organic solvents may be flammable. Gives off irritating or toxic fumes (or gases) in a fire.

**Special protective actions for fire-fighters**

In case of fire in the surroundings, use appropriate extinguishing media.

## **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

**Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures**

Personal protection: particulate filter respirator adapted to the airborne concentration of the substance. Do NOT let this chemical enter the environment. Sweep spilled substance into sealable containers. If appropriate, moisten first to prevent dusting. Carefully collect remainder. Then store and dispose of according to local regulations.

**Environmental precautions**

Personal protection: particulate filter respirator adapted to the airborne concentration of the substance. Do NOT let this chemical enter the environment. Sweep spilled substance into sealable containers. If appropriate, moisten first to prevent dusting. Carefully collect remainder. Then store and dispose of according to local regulations.

**Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up**

Do not discharge effluent containing this product into lakes, streams, ponds, estuaries, oceans, or other waters unless in accordance with the requirements of a National Pollution Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) permit and the permitting authority has been notified in writing prior to discharge. Do not discharge effluent containing this product to sewer systems without previously notifying the local sewage treatment plant authority. For guidance contact your State Water Board or Regional Office of the EPA. Dichlorprop-p

## **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

### **Precautions for safe handling**

NO open flames. NO contact with hot surfaces. Handling in a well ventilated place. Wear suitable protective clothing. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid formation of dust and aerosols. Use non-sparking tools. Prevent fire caused by electrostatic discharge steam.

### **Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities**

Provision to contain effluent from fire extinguishing. Store in an area without drain or sewer access. Separated from food and feedstuffs. If stored below freezing, it may be necessary to warm to 40 deg F and agitate before using.

## **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

### **Control parameters**

### **Occupational Exposure limit values**

no data available

### **Biological limit values**

no data available

### **Appropriate engineering controls**

Ensure adequate ventilation. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Set up emergency exits and the risk-elimination area.

### **Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment (PPE)**

### **Eye/face protection**

Wear safety goggles or eye protection in combination with breathing protection if powder.

#### **Skin protection**

Protective gloves.

#### **Respiratory protection**

Use local exhaust or breathing protection.

#### **Thermal hazards**

no data available

### **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties and safety characteristics**

Physical state:	Yellowish to colorless solid. Soluble in organic solvents. Used as an herbicide.
Colour:	Colorless crystals
Odour:	ODORLESS
Melting point/freezing point:	110-112°C
Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling range:	348.3°C at 760mmHg
Flammability:	Combustible. Liquid formulations containing organic solvents may be flammable. Gives off irritating or toxic fumes (or gases) in a fire.
Lower and upper explosion limit/flammability limit:	no data available
Flash point:	164.5°C
Auto-ignition temperature:	no data available
Decomposition temperature:	no data available

pH:	no data available
Kinematic viscosity:	no data available
Solubility:	In acetone 595, isopropanol 510, benzene 85, toluene 69, xylene 51, kerosene 2.1 (all in g/L, 20 deg C).
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water:	log Kow = 3.43
Vapour pressure:	1.9E-05mmHg at 25°C
Density and/or relative density:	1.421g/cm <sup>3</sup>
Relative vapour density:	no data available
Particle characteristics:	no data available

## SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

### Reactivity

Decomposes on heating or on burning and on contact with hot surfaces. This produces toxic and corrosive gases including phosgene (see ICSC 0007) and hydrogen chloride (see ICSC 0163). The solution is a weak acid. Attacks many metals in the presence of water.

### Chemical stability

Stable to heat, & resistant to reduction, hydrolysis & atmospheric oxidation.

### Possibility of hazardous reactions

2,4-DP is an organic acid. Neutralizes bases in exothermic reactions.

### Conditions to avoid

no data available

### Incompatible materials

no data available

#### **Hazardous decomposition products**

When heated to decomposition it emits toxic chloride fumes.

### **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

#### **Acute toxicity**

Oral: LD50 Rat oral 800 mg/kg

Inhalation: LC50 Rat inhalation >0.65 mg/l air/4 hr

Dermal: LD50 Mouse percutaneous 1400 mg/kg

#### **Skin corrosion/irritation**

no data available

#### **Serious eye damage/irritation**

no data available

#### **Respiratory or skin sensitization**

no data available

#### **Germ cell mutagenicity**

no data available

#### **Carcinogenicity**

no data available

#### **Reproductive toxicity**

no data available



### **STOT-single exposure**

The substance is corrosive to the eyes. The substance is irritating to the skin.

### **STOT-repeated exposure**

The substance may have effects on the kidneys. This may result in tissue lesions.

### **Aspiration hazard**

A harmful concentration of airborne particles can be reached quickly when dispersed, especially if powdered.

## **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

### **Toxicity**

Toxicity to fish: LC50 /*Lepomis macrochirus*/ (Bluegill sunfish) 165 mg/L/48 hr /Conditions of bioassay not specified/ /Dichlorprop dimethylammonium salt

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates: EC50; Species: *Daphnia magna* (Water flea, age <24 hr); Conditions: freshwater, static; Concentration: 5400 ug/L for 48 hr (confidence interval: 4400-6800 ug/L); Effect: intoxication, immobilization /purity 23.6%

Toxicity to algae: EC50; Species: *Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata* (Green algae, free culture, age 5 days, 1X10+4 cells/mL); Conditions: freshwater, static, 22 deg C; Concentration: 190 mg/L for 4 days; Effect: decreased population growth rate

Toxicity to microorganisms: no data available

### **Persistence and degradability**

AEROBIC: Using a soil inoculum in a laboratory experiment, the time to complete disappearance under the influence of UV at 283 mu was greater than 205 days using concentrations of 50, 50, and 80 ppm dichlorprop added to 3 soils(1). Dichlorprop had half-lives of 10, 38, and 4 days in soil from Hole (sandy loam), Kroer (loam), and Froland (highly decomposed organic), Norway, respectively(2). Dichlorprop was not degraded in by soil bacterium after 28 days with a starting concn of 50 ug/mL and incubated at 30 deg C(3). No degradation of dichlorprop was found after 45 days in Lanna clay(4). The half-life for the R and S isomers for dichlorprop in soil are reported as 8.7 and 4.4 days, respectively, and it degrades completely in 31 days with biological mediated degradation(5). The calculated half-lives of the R and S isomers of dichlorprop for 0-15 day incubation are 21.9 and 7.1 days, at 16-35 days incubation, 4.6 to 3.9 days, and for 52 days incubation, 6.0 and 6.8 days using garden soil at pH 7.0 and 1.6% organic carbon(6). Dichlorprop had a half-life of 5 days in soil from Vienna, Austria incubated at 21 deg C for 32 days(7). Dichlorprop was shown to degrade rapidly in soil after a lag period; the lag period decreased with repeated application, and the degradation rate increased with increased pH(8). In soil, metabolism involves degradation of the side-chain to 2,4-dichlorophenol, ring hydroxylation, and subsequent ring opening(9). Dichlorprop was degraded in an aerobic aquatic study at 1.6 ug/L/day after a 31 day

lag and at 2.0 ug/L/day after a 21 day lag period(10). Dichlorprop was degraded aerobically after acclimation in a sandy aquifer in 5 months(11). Dichlorprop was rapidly degraded in 14 days in an aerobic limestone aquifer after a 4 day lag period(12). Dichlorprop was microbially degraded in Danish aquifers in 124 days with a lag time of at least 62 days(13).

### **Bioaccumulative potential**

An estimated BCF of 3 was calculated in fish for dichlorprop(SRC), using a log Kow of 3.43(1) and a regression-derived equation(2). The bioconcentration factor for dichlorprop was also estimated as 23(3). According to a classification scheme(4), these BCFs suggest the potential for bioconcentration in aquatic organisms is low(SRC).

### **Mobility in soil**

Koc values for dichlorprop were experimentally determined to be 50-62 in three soils ranging from pH 5-5.3(1). Koc values of 113 and 118 were determined in soils at respective pHs of 4.4 and 4.1(1). Koc values have also been measured as 34-129(2) and 36.6-60(3). According to a classification scheme(4), these Koc values suggest that dichlorprop is expected to have very high to high mobility in soil. The pKa of dichlorprop is 3.1(5), indicating that this compound will exist almost entirely in anion form in the environment and anions generally do not adsorb more strongly to soils containing organic carbon and clay than their neutral counterparts(6). Dichlorprop has a pesticide leaching potential of 49 when used as a foliar applicant(7).

### **Other adverse effects**

no data available

## **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

### **Disposal methods**

#### **Product**

The material can be disposed of by removal to a licensed chemical destruction plant or by controlled incineration with flue gas scrubbing. Do not contaminate water, foodstuffs, feed or seed by storage or disposal. Do not discharge to sewer systems.

#### **Contaminated packaging**

Containers can be triply rinsed (or equivalent) and offered for recycling or reconditioning. Alternatively, the packaging can be punctured to make it unusable for other purposes and then be disposed of in a sanitary landfill. Controlled incineration with flue gas scrubbing is possible for combustible packaging materials.

## **SECTION 14: Transport information**

### **UN Number**

ADR/RID: UN3077 (For reference only, please check.)

IMDG: UN3077 (For reference only, please check.)

IATA: UN3077 (For reference only, please check.)

### **UN Proper Shipping Name**

ADR/RID: ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, SOLID, N.O.S. (For reference only, please check.)

IMDG: ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, SOLID, N.O.S. (For reference only, please check.)

IATA: ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, SOLID, N.O.S. (For reference only, please check.)

### **Transport hazard class(es)**

ADR/RID: 9 (For reference only, please check.)

IMDG: 9 (For reference only, please check.)

IATA: 9 (For reference only, please check.)

### **Packing group, if applicable**

ADR/RID: III (For reference only, please check.)

IMDG: III (For reference only, please check.)

IATA: III (For reference only, please check.)

### **Environmental hazards**

ADR/RID: Yes

IMDG: Yes

IATA: Yes

### **Special precautions for user**

no data available

### **Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments**

no data available

## **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

**Safety, health and environmental regulations specific for the product in question**

**European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS)**

Listed.

**EC Inventory**

Listed.

**United States Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory**

Listed.

**China Catalog of Hazardous chemicals 2015**

Listed.

**New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC)**

Listed.

**(PICCS)**

Not Listed.

**Vietnam National Chemical Inventory**

Listed.

**IECSC)**

Not Listed.

**Korea Existing Chemicals List (KECL)**

Not Listed.

## **SECTION 16: Other information**

**Abbreviations and acronyms**

CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service

ADR: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road

RID: Regulation concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail

IMDG: International Maritime Dangerous Goods  
IATA: International Air Transportation Association  
TWA: Time Weighted Average  
STEL: Short term exposure limit  
LC50: Lethal Concentration 50%  
LD50: Lethal Dose 50%  
EC50: Effective Concentration 50%

### References

IPCS - The International Chemical Safety Cards (ICSC), website: <http://www.ilo.org/dyn/icsc/showcard.home>  
HSDB - Hazardous Substances Data Bank, website: <https://toxnet.nlm.nih.gov/newtoxnet/hsdb.htm>  
IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer, website: <http://www.iarc.fr/>  
eChemPortal - The Global Portal to Information on Chemical Substances by OECD, website:  
[http://www.echemportal.org/echemportal/index?pageID=0&request\\_locale=en](http://www.echemportal.org/echemportal/index?pageID=0&request_locale=en)  
CAMEO Chemicals, website: <http://cameochemicals.noaa.gov/search/simple>  
ChemIDplus, website: <http://chem.sis.nlm.nih.gov/chemidplus/chemidlite.jsp>  
ERG - Emergency Response Guidebook by U.S. Department of Transportation, website:  
<http://www.phmsa.dot.gov/hazmat/library/erg>  
Germany GESTIS-database on hazard substance, website: <http://www.dguv.de/ifa/gestis/gestis-stoffdatenbank/index-2.jsp>  
ECHA - European Chemicals Agency, website: <https://echa.europa.eu/>

### Other Information

Other melting points: 114°C (technical product). Depending on the degree of exposure, periodic medical examination is suggested. If the substance is formulated with solvents also consult the ICSCs of these materials. Carrier solvents used in commercial formulations may change physical and toxicological properties.

Disclaimer: The above information is believed to be correct but does not purport to be all inclusive and shall be used only as a guide. The information in this document is based on the present state of our knowledge and is applicable to the product with regard to appropriate safety precautions. It does not represent any guarantee of the properties of the product. We as supplier shall not be held liable for any