# Chemical Safety Data Sheet MSDS / SDS

#### Cadmium oxide SDS

Revision Date: 2024-04-25 Revision Number: 1

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# SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

#### Product identifier

Product name: Cadmium oxide

CAS: 1306-19-0

### Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Relevant identified For R&D use only. Not for medicinal, household or other use.

uses:

Uses advised

against:

### Company Identification

Company: Chemicalbook.in

none

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### **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

### Classification of the substance or mixture

Acute toxicity - Category 2, Inhalation Germ cell mutagenicity, Category 2 Carcinogenicity, Category 1B

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure, Category 1

Hazardous to the aquatic environment, short-term (Acute) - Category Acute 1

Hazardous to the aquatic environment, long-term (Chronic) - Category Chronic 1

Reproductive toxicity, Category 2

## GHS label elements, including precautionary statements

Pictogram(s)





Signal word

Danger

# Hazard statement(s)

H330 Fatal if inhaled

H341 Suspected of causing genetic defects

H350 May cause cancer

H372 Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure

H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects

### Precautionary statement(s)

#### Prevention

P260 Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.

P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

P284 [In case of inadequate ventilation] wear respiratory protection.

P203 Obtain, read and follow all safety instructions before use.

P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection/hearing protection/...

P264 Wash ... thoroughly after handling.

P270 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

P273 Avoid release to the environment.

## Response

P304+P340 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.

P316 Get emergency medical help immediately.

P320 Specific treatment is urgent (see ... on this label).

P318 IF exposed or concerned, get medical advice.

P319 Get medical help if you feel unwell.

P391 Collect spillage.

### Storage

P403+P233 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. P405 Store locked up.

### Disposal

P501 Dispose of contents/container to an appropriate treatment and disposal facility in accordance with applicable laws and regulations, and product characteristics at time of disposal.

### Other hazards which do not result in classification

no data available

# **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

#### Substance

Chemical name: Cadmium oxide
Common names and Cadmium oxide

synonyms:

CAS number: 1306-19-0
EC number: 215-146-2
Concentration: 100%

## **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

### Description of necessary first-aid measures

#### If inhaled

Fresh air, rest. Half-upright position. Refer for medical attention.

### Following skin contact

Rinse skin with plenty of water or shower.

### Following eye contact

First rinse with plenty of water for several minutes (remove contact lenses if easily possible), then refer for medical attention.

### Following ingestion

Rinse mouth, Refer for medical attention.

### Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

The lethal inhalation dose of cadmium oxide in humans is 2,500 mg/m3 for a 1 minute exposure. Lethal exposure has been established at 50 mg (cadmium)/m3 for 1 hour for cadmium oxide dust and 1/2 hour for the fume. These concentrations may be inhaled without sufficient discomfort to warn worker of exposure. Inhalation may cause acute tracheobronchitis, pneumonitis, and pulmonary edema. Exposure can cause kidney and lung damage. Acute exposure by inhalation may cause death by anoxia. The lowest human toxic inhalation concentration is 8.630 mg/m3/5 hours for the fume. Persons with respiratory disorders should be excluded from contact with this material. (EPA, 1998)

### Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Immediate first aid: Ensure that adequate decontamination has been carried out. If patient is not breathing, start artificial respiration, preferably with a demand-valve resuscitator, bag-valve-mask device, or pocket mask, as trained. Perform CPR as necessary. Immediately flush contaminated eyes with gently flowing water. Do not induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs, lean patient forward or place on left side (head-down position, if possible) to maintain an open airway and prevent aspiration. Keep patient quiet and maintain normal body temperature. Obtain medical attention. Cadmium and Related Compounds

## **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

## Suitable extinguishing media

If material on fire or involved in fire: Extinguish fire using agent suitable for type of surrounding fire. (Material itself does not burn or burns with difficulty.) Use water in flooding quantities as fog. Use "alcohol" foam, dry chemical or carbon dioxide. Cadmium compounds, NOS

### Specific hazards arising from the chemical

When heated to decomposition, it emits toxic fumes of cadmium. (Non-Specific -- Cadmium Compounds) Fire may produce irritating or poisonous gases. Runoff from fire control or dilution water may cause pollution. Oxides of cadmium react explosively with magnesium when heated. (EPA, 1998)

### Special protective actions for fire-fighters

In case of fire in the surroundings, use appropriate extinguishing media.

### SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal protection: particulate filter respirator adapted to the airborne concentration of the substance. Do NOT let this chemical enter the environment. Vacuum spilled material with specialist equipment. If appropriate, moisten first to prevent dusting. Carefully collect remainder. Then store and dispose of according to local regulations.

### **Environmental precautions**

Personal protection: particulate filter respirator adapted to the airborne concentration of the substance. Do NOT let this chemical enter the environment. Vacuum spilled material with specialist equipment. If appropriate, moisten first to prevent dusting. Carefully collect remainder. Then store and dispose of according to local regulations.

### Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

1) remove all ignition sources. 2) ventilate area of release. 3) collect released material in the most convenient and safe manner for reclamation or for disposal. ... cadmium dust

# **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

### Precautions for safe handling

Handling in a well ventilated place. Wear suitable protective clothing. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid formation of dust and aerosols. Use non-sparking tools. Prevent fire caused by electrostatic discharge steam.

### Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Separated from food and feedstuffs. Store in an area without drain or sewer access. Storage temperature: Ambient with open venting

# SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

### Control parameters

### Occupational Exposure limit values

TLV: (respirable fraction): 0.002 mg/m3, as TWA; A2 (suspected human carcinogen); BEI issued.MAK: (as Cd, inhalable fraction): skin absorption (H); carcinogen category: 1; germ cell mutagen group: 3A

### Biological limit values

no data available

## Appropriate engineering controls

Ensure adequate ventilation. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Set up emergency exits and the risk-elimination area.

### Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment (PPE)

## Eye/face protection

Wear safety goggles or eye protection in combination with breathing protection if powder.

### Skin protection

Wear fire/flame resistant and impervious clothing. Handle with gloves. Gloves must be inspected prior to use. Wash and dry hands. The selected protective gloves have to satisfy the specifications of EU Directive 89/686/EEC and the standard EN 374 derived from it.

### Respiratory protection

Use local exhaust or breathing protection.

#### Thermal hazards

no data available

# SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties and safety characteristics

Physical state: Solid. Powder.

Colour: Red ochre.

Odorless

Melting Remarks: Results obtained in nitrogen atmosphere.; Remarks: Results obtained using air

point/freezing atmosphere.

point:

Boiling point or 1385°C

initial boiling point and boiling range:

Flammability: Noncombustible Solid

Lower and upper

explosion

limit/flammability

limit:

Not flammable

Flash point: no data available

Auto-ignition no data available

temperature:

Decomposition 900-

temperature:

900-1000°C (amorphous)

pH: no data available
Kinematic no data available

viscosity:

Solubility: Insoluble in water

Partition no data available

coefficient noctanol/water:

Vapour pressure: 0mmHg at 25°C

Density and/or 8.26 g/cm3. Temperature:22 °C.

relative density:

Relative vapour

density:

no data available

Particle no data available

characteristics:

# **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

# Reactivity

Reacts violently with magnesium when heated. This generates fire and explosion hazard.

### Chemical stability

no data available

### Possibility of hazardous reactions

Noncombustible CADMUM OXIDE reacts violently with magnesium. (NTP, 1992)

### Conditions to avoid

no data available

## Incompatible materials

Oxides of ... Cadium ... can react explosively with Magnesium when heated.

## Hazardous decomposition products

When heated to decomposition it emits toxic fumes of /cadmium/.

# **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

### Acute toxicity

Oral: LD50 - rat - 2 330 mg/kg bw.

Inhalation: LC50 Rat inhalation 780 mg/cu m/10 minutes

Dermal: no data available

### Skin corrosion/irritation

no data available

# Serious eye damage/irritation

no data available

## Respiratory or skin sensitization

no data available

## Germ cell mutagenicity

no data available

### Carcinogenicity

Evaluation: There is sufficient evidence in humans for the carcinogenicity of cadmium and cadmium compounds. There is sufficient evidence in experimental animals for the carcinogenicity of cadmium compounds. There is limited evidence in experimental animals for the carcinogenicity of cadmium metal. In making the overall evaluation, the Working Group took into consideration the evidence that ionic cadmium causes genotoxic effects in a variety of types of eukaryotic cells, including human cells. Overall evaluation: Cadmium and cadmium compounds are carcinogenic to humans (Group 1). Cadmium and cadmium compounds

### Reproductive toxicity

no data available

### STOT-single exposure

The substance is irritating to the respiratory tract. May cause mechanical irritation to the eyes. Inhalation of the aerosol may cause lung oedema. See Notes. Exposure far above the OEL could cause death. The effects may be delayed. Medical observation is indicated.

## STOT-repeated exposure

The substance may have effects on the kidneys and lungs. This may result in kidney impairment and tissue lesions. This substance is carcinogenic to humans.

### Aspiration hazard

A harmful concentration of airborne particles can be reached quickly when dispersed.

# **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

### **Toxicity**

Toxicity to fish: LC50 - Pimephales promelas - 1 500 µg/L - 4 d.

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates: LC50 - Daphnia magna - 110 µg/L - 48 d.

Toxicity to algae: EC50 - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (previous names: Raphidocelis subcapitata, Selenastrum capricomutum) -  $23 \mu g/L$  - 72 h.

Toxicity to microorganisms: NOEC - activated sludge of a predominantly domestic sewage - 353 µg/L - 3 h. Remarks: Respiration rate.

### Persistence and degradability

no data available

### Bioaccumulative potential

BCF values of 4.2-11, 6.9-20, 57, 39 were calculated in fish for cadmium(SRC), using carp (Cyprinus carpio) which were exposed at concentrations of 50, 20, 4.0, and 1.0 ppb over an 5-week period(1). According to a classification scheme(2), this BCF suggests the potential for bioconcentration in aquatic organisms is low(SRC). It was noted that fish showed abnormalities adn died during the 6th week of exposure at th 500 ppb exposure level(1).

### Mobility in soil

no data available

#### Other adverse effects

no data available

## **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

### Disposal methods

#### Product

The material can be disposed of by removal to a licensed chemical destruction plant or by controlled incineration with flue gas scrubbing. Do not contaminate water, foodstuffs, feed or seed by storage or disposal. Do not discharge to sewer systems.

## Contaminated packaging

Containers can be triply rinsed (or equivalent) and offered for recycling or reconditioning. Alternatively, the packaging can be punctured to make it unusable for other purposes and then be disposed of in a sanitary landfill. Controlled incineration with flue gas scrubbing is possible for combustible packaging materials.

## **SECTION 14: Transport information**

**UN Number** 

ADR/RID: UN2570 (For reference only, please check.) IMDG: UN2570 (For reference only, please check.) IATA: UN2570 (For reference only, please check.)

### **UN Proper Shipping Name**

ADR/RID: CADMIUM COMPOUND (For reference only, please check.)
IMDG: CADMIUM COMPOUND (For reference only, please check.)
IATA: CADMIUM COMPOUND (For reference only, please check.)

### Transport hazard class(es)

ADR/RID: 6.1 (For reference only, please check.) IMDG: 6.1 (For reference only, please check.) IATA: 6.1 (For reference only, please check.)

### Packing group, if applicable

ADR/RID: I (For reference only, please check.)
IMDG: I (For reference only, please check.)
IATA: I (For reference only, please check.)

#### **Environmental hazards**

ADR/RID: Yes IMDG: Yes IATA: Yes

### Special precautions for user

no data available

### Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

no data available

# **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

Safety, health and environmental regulations specific for the product in question European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS) Listed. **EC Inventory** Listed. United States Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory Listed. China Catalog of Hazardous chemicals 2015 Listed. New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC) Listed. (PICCS) Listed. Vietnam National Chemical Inventory Listed. IECSC) Listed. Korea Existing Chemicals List (KECL) Listed.

## **SECTION 16: Other information**

# Abbreviations and acronyms

CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service

ADR: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road

RID: Regulation concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail

IMDG: International Maritime Dangerous Goods

IATA: International Air Transportation Association

TWA: Time Weighted Average

STEL: Short term exposure limit

LC50: Lethal Concentration 50%

LD50: Lethal Dose 50%

EC50: Effective Concentration 50%

#### References

IPCS - The International Chemical Safety Cards (ICSC), website: http://www.ilo.org/dyn/icsc/showcard.home

HSDB - Hazardous Substances Data Bank, website: https://toxnet.nlm.nih.gov/newtoxnet/hsdb.htm

IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer, website: http://www.iarc.fr/

eChemPortal - The Global Portal to Information on Chemical Substances by OECD, website:

http://www.echemportal.org/echemportal/index?pageID=0&request\_locale=en

CAMEO Chemicals, website: http://cameochemicals.noaa.gov/search/simple

ChemIDplus, website: http://chem.sis.nlm.nih.gov/chemidplus/chemidlite.jsp

ERG - Emergency Response Guidebook by U.S. Department of Transportation, website:

http://www.phmsa.dot.gov/hazmat/library/erg

Germany GESTIS-database on hazard substance, website: http://www.dguv.de/ifa/gestis/gestis-stoffdatenbank/index-2.jsp

ECHA - European Chemicals Agency, website: https://echa.europa.eu/

#### Other Information

Depending on the degree of exposure, periodic medical examination is suggested. The symptoms of lung oedema often do not become manifest until a few hours have passed and they are aggravated by physical effort. Rest and medical observation are therefore essential. Immediate administration of an appropriate inhalation therapy by a doctor, or by an authorized person, should be considered. Do NOT take working clothes home.

Disclaimer: The above information is believed to be correct but does not purport to be all inclusive and shall be used only as a guide. The information in this document is based on the present state of our knowledge and is applicable to the product with regard to appropriate safety precautions. It does not represent any guarantee of the properties of the product. We as supplier shall not be held liable for any