Chemical Safety Data Sheet MSDS / SDS

Bis(1-methylethyl) methylphosphonate SDS

Revision Date: 2024-04-25 Revision Number: 1

Section 2 Section 3 Section 1 Section 4 Section 5 Section 6 Section 7 Section 8 Section 9 Section 10 Section 11 Section 12 Section 13 Section 14 Section 15 Section 16

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

Product identifier

Product name: Bis(1-methylethyl) methylphosphonate

CAS: 1445-75-6

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Relevant identified For R&D use only. Not for medicinal, household or other use.

uses:

Uses advised none

against:

Company Identification

Company: Chemicalbook.in

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SECTION 2: Hazards identification

Classification of the substance or mixture

Acute toxicity - Category 4, Oral

GHS label elements, including precautionary statements

Pictogram(s)



Signal word Warning

Hazard statement(s)

H302 Harmful if swallowed

Precautionary statement(s)

Prevention

P264 Wash ... thoroughly after handling.
P270 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

Response

P301+P317 IF SWALLOWED: Get medical help. P330 Rinse mouth.

Storage

none

Disposal

P501 Dispose of contents/container to an appropriate treatment and disposal facility in accordance with applicable laws and regulations, and product characteristics at time of disposal.

Other hazards which do not result in classification

no data available

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

Substance

Chemical name: Bis(1-methylethyl) methylphosphonate

Common names and Bis(1-methylethyl) methylphosphonate

synonyms:

CAS number: 1445-75-6
EC number: 215-8%-0
Concentration: 100%

SECTION 4: First aid measures

Description of necessary first-aid measures

If inhaled

Move the victim into fresh air. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. If not breathing, give artificial respiration and consult a doctor immediately. Do not use mouth to mouth resuscitation if the victim ingested or inhaled the chemical.

Following skin contact

Take off contaminated clothing immediately. Wash off with soap and plenty of water. Consult a doctor.

Following eye contact

Rinse with pure water for at least 15 minutes. Consult a doctor.

Following ingestion

Rinse mouth with water. Do not induce vomiting. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Call a doctor or Poison Control Center immediately.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

no data available

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

No studies were located for reducing absorption in humans or animals exposed to diisopropyl methylphosphonate. Standard methods such as cathartics or activated carbon could be used. However, exposure would have to be identified within 4-6 hr since diisopropyl methylphosphonate is rapidly absorbed for the GI tract ... Common methods for reducing dermal absorption ... incl removing contaminated clothes and washing contacted skin with soap and water ... Following eye contact ... eyes should be flushed with copious amt of water.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media

Use dry chemical, carbon dioxide or alcohol-resistant foam.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

no data available

Special protective actions for fire-fighters

Wear self-contained breathing apparatus for firefighting if necessary.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Avoid dust formation. Avoid breathing mist, gas or vapours. Avoid contacting with skin and eye. Use personal protective equipment. Wear chemical impermeable gloves. Ensure adequate ventilation. Remove all sources of ignition. Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak.

Environmental precautions

Prevent further spillage or leakage if it is safe to do so. Do not let the chemical enter drains. Discharge into the environment must be avoided.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Collect and arrange disposal. Keep the chemical in suitable and closed containers for disposal. Remove all sources of ignition. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Adhered or collected material should be promptly disposed of, in accordance with appropriate laws and regulations.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Handling in a well ventilated place. Wear suitable protective clothing. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid formation of dust and aerosols. Use non-sparking tools. Prevent fire caused by electrostatic discharge steam.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store the container tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Store apart from foodstuff containers or incompatible materials.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational Exposure limit values

no data available

Biological limit values

no data available

Appropriate engineering controls

Ensure adequate ventilation. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Set up emergency exits and the risk-elimination area.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment (PPE)

Eye/face protection

Wear tightly fitting safety goggles with side-shields conforming to EN 166(EU) or NIOSH (US).

Skin protection

Wear fire/flame resistant and impervious clothing. Handle with gloves. Gloves must be inspected prior to use. Wash and dry hands. The selected protective gloves have to satisfy the specifications of EU Directive 89/686/EEC and the standard EN 374 derived from it.

Respiratory protection

If the exposure limits are exceeded, irritation or other symptoms are experienced, use a full-face respirator.

Thermal hazards

no data available

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties and safety characteristics

Physical state: no data available

Colour: no data available

Odour: no data available

Melting point/freezing

no data available

point/freezing

Boiling point or initial boiling point

50°C (1 torr)

and boiling range:

no data available

Lower and upper

Flammability:

no data available

explosion

limit/flammability

limit:

Flash point: 97.7°C

Auto-ignition temperature:

no data available

Decomposition

no data available

temperature:

pH: no data available
Kinematic no data available

viscosity:

Solubility: In water, 1.50X10+3 mg/l @ 25 deg C

Partition log Kow= 1.03

coefficient noctanol/water:

Vapour pressure: 0.000475mmHg at 25°C

Density and/or relative density:

0.976

Relative vapour

no data available

density:

no data available

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

Reactivity

no data available

Chemical stability

no data available

Possibility of hazardous reactions

no data available

Conditions to avoid

no data available

Incompatible materials

no data available

Hazardous decomposition products

no data available

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Acute toxicity

Oral: LD50 Rat oral 826 mg/kg Inhalation: no data available Dermal: no data available

Skin corrosion/irritation

no data available

Serious eye damage/irritation

no data available

Respiratory or skin sensitization

no data available

Germ cell mutagenicity

no data available

Carcinogenicity

CLASSIFICATION: D; not classifiable as to human carcinogenicity. BASIS FOR CLASSIFICATION: No data from cancer bioassays or epidemiological studies are available. HUMAN CARCINOGENICITY DATA: None. ANIMAL CARCINOGENICITY DATA: There are no lifetime (chronic) bioassays evaluating carcinogenicity.

Reproductive toxicity

no data available

STOT-single exposure

no data available

STOT-repeated exposure

no data available

Aspiration hazard

no data available

SECTION 12: Ecological information

Toxicity

Toxicity to fish: no data available

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates: no data available

Toxicity to algae: no data available

Toxicity to microorganisms: no data available

Persistence and degradability

No biodegradation was observed when diisopropyl methylphosphonate was incubated in natural water for 12 weeks or in aqueous medium inoculated with soil microorganisms for 6 weeks(1). Additionally, diisopropyl methylphosphonate degradation was not observed when other carbon sources such as glucose, glycerol and succinate were added to the medium. When diisopropyl methylphosphonate was incubated in soil at 25 degC, slow biodegradation occurred as was evidenced by the evolution of 14-CO2(1). Approximately 1.5% and 5% of the carbon was released as CO2 after 17 weeks in unacclimated and acclimated soil, respectively. The rate limiting step is the enzymatic hydrolysis of diisopropyl methylphosphonate to isopropyl methylphosphonic acid. The estimated half-lives are 1 and 3 years in acclimated and unacclimated soil, respectively(1). When the soil temperature was reduced to 10 degC, no biodegradation was observed. Another soil sample released 13.4% of its original activity as CO2 after 34 weeks of incubation, indicating a half-life of 2 years(1).

Bioaccumulative potential

An estimated BCF of 1.2 was calculated for diisopropyl methylphosphonate(SRC), using a log Kow of 1.03(1) and a regression-derived equation(2). According to a classification scheme(3), this BCF suggests the potential for bioconcentration in aquatic organisms is low. Experimental results with bluegill sunfish confirm that diisopropyl methylphosphonate does not bioconcentrate in fish(5). Diisopropyl methylphosphonate did not concentrate in the adipose tissue of ducks or quail(4). The lack of bioconcentration may be a result of metabolism, which is known to occur in mammals and birds(6,7).

Mobility in soil

The Koc of diisopropyl methylphosphonate is estimated as 87(SRC), using a log Kow of 1.03(1) and a regression-derived equation(2). According to a classification scheme(3), this estimated Koc value suggests that diisopropyl methylphosphonate is expected to have high mobility in soil. A 13% reduction in diisopropyl methylphosphonate concn occurred when diisopropyl methylphosphonate-containing medium was circulated for 32 days in a soil percolator to acclimate the soil microorganisms(5). The investigators speculated that adsorption, rather than biodegradation, was responsible for the diisopropyl methylphosphonate reduction because no further diisopropyl methylphosphonate loss occurred during an additional 18 weeks of operation(5). The mobility of diisopropyl methylphosphonate in soil is evidenced by the detection of diisopropyl methylphosphonate in groundwater at the Rocky Mountain Arsenal(4,6). The source of contamination was a waste-disposal pond.

Other adverse effects

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

Disposal methods

Product

The material can be disposed of by removal to a licensed chemical destruction plant or by controlled incineration with flue gas scrubbing. Do not contaminate water, foodstuffs, feed or seed by storage or disposal. Do not discharge to sewer systems.

Contaminated packaging

Containers can be triply rinsed (or equivalent) and offered for recycling or reconditioning. Alternatively, the packaging can be punctured to make it unusable for other purposes and then be disposed of in a sanitary landfill. Controlled incineration with flue gas scrubbing is possible for combustible packaging materials.

SECTION 14: Transport information

UN Number

ADR/RID: no data available IMDG: no data available IATA: no data available

UN Proper Shipping Name

ADR/RID: no data available IMDG: no data available IATA: no data available

Transport hazard class(es)

ADR/RID: no data available IMDG: no data available IATA: no data available

Packing group, if applicable

ADR/RID: no data available

IMDG: no data available IATA: no data available

Environmental hazards

ADR/RID: No IMDG: No IATA: No

Special precautions for user

no data available

Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

no data available

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

Safety, health and environmental regulations specific for the product in question

European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS)

Listed.

EC Inventory

Listed.

United States Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory

Listed.

China Catalog of Hazardous chemicals 2015

Not Listed.

New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC)

Not Listed.

(PICCS)

Not Listed.

Vietnam National Chemical Inventory

Not Listed.

IECSC)

Not Listed.

Korea Existing Chemicals List (KECL)

Listed.

SECTION 16: Other information

Abbreviations and acronyms

CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service

ADR: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road

RID: Regulation concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail

IMDG: International Maritime Dangerous Goods

IATA: International Air Transportation Association

TWA: Time Weighted Average

STEL: Short term exposure limit

LC50: Lethal Concentration 50%

LD50: Lethal Dose 50%

EC50: Effective Concentration 50%

References

IPCS - The International Chemical Safety Cards (ICSC), website: http://www.ilo.org/dyn/icsc/showcard.home

HSDB - Hazardous Substances Data Bank, website: https://toxnet.nlm.nih.gov/newtoxnet/hsdb.htm

IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer, website: http://www.iarc.fr/

eChemPortal - The Global Portal to Information on Chemical Substances by OECD, website:

http://www.echemportal.org/echemportal/index?pageID=0&request_locale=en

CAMEO Chemicals, website: http://cameochemicals.noaa.gov/search/simple

ChemIDplus, website: http://chem.sis.nlm.nih.gov/chemidplus/chemidlite.jsp

ERG - Emergency Response Guidebook by U.S. Department of Transportation, website:

http://www.phmsa.dot.gov/hazmat/library/erg

Germany GESTIS-database on hazard substance, website: http://www.dguv.de/ifa/gestis-stoffdatenbank/index-2.jsp

ECHA - European Chemicals Agency, website: https://echa.europa.eu/

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