### Chemical Book India

# Chemical Safety Data Sheet MSDS / SDS

## **Biphenyl SDS**

Revision Date: 2024-04-25 Revision Number: 1

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# SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

#### Product identifier

Product name: Biphenyl CAS: 92-52-4

### Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Relevant identified For R&D use only. Not for medicinal, household or other use.

uses:

Uses advised none

against:

## Company Identification

Company: Chemicalbook.in

Address: 5 vasavi Layout Basaveswara Nilayam Pragathi Nagar Hyderabad, India -500090

Telephone: +91 9550333722

## **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

### Classification of the substance or mixture

Skin irritation, Category 2 Eye irritation, Category 2 Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure, Category 3 Hazardous to the aquatic environment, short-term (Acute) - Category Acute 1 Hazardous to the aquatic environment, long-term (Chronic) - Category Chronic 1

# GHS label elements, including precautionary statements

Pictogram(s)



Signal word Warning

### Hazard statement(s)

H315 Causes skin irritation

H319 Causes serious eye irritation

H335 May cause respiratory irritation

H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects

### Precautionary statement(s)

#### Prevention

P264 Wash ... thoroughly after handling.

P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection/hearing protection/...

P261 Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.

P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

P273 Avoid release to the environment.

### Response

P302+P352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water/...

P321 Specific treatment (see ... on this label).

P332+P317 If skin irritation occurs: Get medical help.

P362+P364 Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.

P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P304+P340 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.

P319 Get medical help if you feel unwell.

P391 Collect spillage.

### Storage

P403+P233 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

P405 Store locked up.

### Disposal

P501 Dispose of contents/container to an appropriate treatment and disposal facility in accordance with applicable laws and regulations, and product characteristics at time of disposal.

#### Other hazards which do not result in classification

no data available

# **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

### Substance

Chemical name: Biphenyl Common names and Biphenyl

synonyms:

CAS number: 92-52-4
EC number: 202-163-5
Concentration: 100%

## **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

# Description of necessary first-aid measures

#### If inhaled

Fresh air, rest. Refer for medical attention.

## Following skin contact

Remove contaminated clothes. Rinse and then wash skin with water and soap.

# Following eye contact

Rinse with plenty of water for several minutes (remove contact lenses if easily possible).

### Following ingestion

Rinse mouth. Refer for medical attention.

### Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

CALL FOR MEDICAL AID. VAPOR, MIST OR DUST: Irritating to eyes, nose, throat and skin. Flush affected area with plenty of water. IF IN EYES, hold eyelids open and flush with plenty of water. SOLID OR LIQUID: Irritating to skin and eyes, nose and throat. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Flush affected areas with plenty water. IF IN EYES, hold eyelids open and flush with plenty of water. If swallowed, do not induce vomiting. Harmful if inhaled or swallowed. Causes irritation to eyes, skin and mucous membrane and upper respiratory tract. Causes central nervous system depression, paralysis and convulsion in animals. May cause headache, diffuse gastrointestinal pain, nausea, indigestion, numbness and aching of limbs, and general fatigue. Liver function test may show abnormalities. Chronic exposure is mostly characterized by central nervous system symptoms, fatigue, headache, tremor, insomnia, sensory impairment, and mood changes. Such symptoms are rare however. (USCG, 1999)

### Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Exposure treatment. Inhalation: Call for medical aid. Remove the victim to fresh air. If not breathing give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult give oxygen. Ingestion: Do not induce vomiting. Skin: Wash with soap and copious amounts of water. Eyes: Flush with copious amounts of water for at least 15 min.

# **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

### Suitable extinguishing media

Carbon dioxide, dry chemical, water spray, mist, fog.

# Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Combustible. Emits toxic fumes under fire conditions. (USCG, 1999)

### Special protective actions for fire-fighters

Use water spray, foam, powder, carbon dioxide.

## **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

## Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal protection: filter respirator for organic gases and particulates adapted to the airborne concentration of the substance. Do NOT let this chemical enter the environment. Sweep spilled substance into covered containers. If appropriate, moisten first to

prevent dusting. Carefully collect remainder. Then store and dispose of according to local regulations.

### **Environmental precautions**

Personal protection: filter respirator for organic gases and particulates adapted to the airborne concentration of the substance. Do NOT let this chemical enter the environment. Sweep spilled substance into covered containers. If appropriate, moisten first to prevent dusting. Carefully collect remainder. Then store and dispose of according to local regulations.

## Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Environmental considerations: Air spill: Apply water spray or mist to knock down vapors.

# **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

### Precautions for safe handling

NO open flames. Closed system, dust explosion-proof electrical equipment and lighting. Prevent deposition of dust. Prevent build-up of electrostatic charges (e.g., by grounding). Handling in a well ventilated place. Wear suitable protective clothing. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid formation of dust and aerosols. Use non-sparking tools. Prevent fire caused by electrostatic discharge steam.

### Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Separated from food and feedstuffs and oxidants. Provision to contain effluent from fire extinguishing. Store in an area without drain or sewer access. Materials... toxic as stored or which can decompose into toxic components... should be stored in a cool... ventilated place, out of... sun, away from fire hazard... /and/ be periodically inspected. ... Incompatible materials should be isolated...

# SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

### Control parameters

## Occupational Exposure limit values

TLV: 0.2 ppm as TWA.MAK: skin absorption (H); carcinogen category: 3B

# Biological limit values

no data available

### Appropriate engineering controls

Ensure adequate ventilation. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Set up emergency exits and the risk-elimination area.

## Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment (PPE)

### Eye/face protection

Wear safety goggles or eye protection in combination with breathing protection if powder.

### Skin protection

Protective gloves.

### Respiratory protection

Avoid inhalation of dust and mist. Use local exhaust or breathing protection.

### Thermal hazards

no data available

# SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties and safety characteristics

Physical state: Solid. Flakes.

Colour: White.

Pleasant, peculiar odor Odour:

Melting 69.45°C.

point/freezing

point:

Boiling point or 255.25 °C. Atm. press.:760 mm Hg. Remarks:Reported boiling point is 255.25 ± 0.05 °C.

initial boiling point and boiling range:

Flammability: Combustible Solid

Lower and upper Lower flammable limit: 0.6% by volume (at 232 deg F, 111 deg C); Upper flammable limit: 5.8% by volume (at 311 deg F,155 deg C)

explosion

limit/flammability

limit:

Flash point: 113 °C.;115 °C.

Auto-ignition 566 °C. Atm. press.:101.3 kPa. Remarks: Measurements determined at ambient atmospheric

temperature: pressure, but exact barometric pressure is not reported.

**Decomposition** no data available

temperature:

pH: no data available

**Kinematic** dynamic viscosity (in mPa s) = 0.95. Temperature:100.0°C.;dynamic viscosity (in mPa s) = viscosity: 0.57. Temperature:150.0°C.;dynamic viscosity (in mPa s) = 0.38. Temperature:200.0.

Solubility: Insoluble in water

Partition log Pow = 4.008. Temperature: 25 °C. Remarks: SD +/- 0.022, pH not reported.

coefficient noctanol/water:

Vapour pressure: 0.001 kPa. Temperature: 25 °C. Remarks: +/- 0.03.

Density and/or 0.97 g/cm3. Temperature: 100 °C.; 1.17 g/cm3. Temperature: 24.5 °C.

relative density:

Relative vapour 5.31 (USCG, 1999) (Relative to Air)

density:

Particle no data available

characteristics:

# **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

### Reactivity

Reacts with oxidants.

## Chemical stability

Very stable in acidic & alkaline media.

### Possibility of hazardous reactions

Slight when exposed to heat or flame; can react with oxidizing materials. Dust explosion possible if in powder or granular form, mixed with air. BIPHENYL is incompatible with oxidizers. (NTP, 1992)

### Conditions to avoid

no data available

# Incompatible materials

Reacts with oxidants causing fire and explosion hazard.

# Hazardous decomposition products

This substance decomposes on heating producing toxic gases, acrid smokes and fumes.

# **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

## Acute toxicity

Oral: LD50 - rat (male/female) - 2 400 mg/kg bw. Remarks: One to five days with most deaths occurring within two days.

Inhalation: LC50 Mouse inhalation 0.275 mg/L/4 hr

Dermal: LD50 - rabbit (male/female) - > 5 010 mg/kg bw.

#### Skin corrosion/irritation

no data available

# Serious eye damage/irritation

no data available

# Respiratory or skin sensitization

no data available

# Germ cell mutagenicity

no data available

### Carcinogenicity

Cancer Classification: Group D Not Classifiable as to Human Carcinogenicity

### Reproductive toxicity

No information is available on the reproductive or developmental effects of biphenyl in humans. Limited data indicate that biphenyl does not cause teratogenic effects (birth defects) in animals. Some evidence (not significant) of fetotoxicity has been observed in rats exposed to high levels of biphenyl via gavage (experimentally placing the chemical in the stomach).

## STOT-single exposure

The substance is irritating to the eyes, skin and respiratory tract.

## STOT-repeated exposure

The substance may have effects on the liver and nervous system. This may result in impaired functions.

### Aspiration hazard

A harmful concentration of airborne particles can be reached quickly when dispersed.

# **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

### **Toxicity**

Toxicity to fish: LC50 - Pimephales promelas - 3 mg/L - 96 h.

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates: LC50 - Daphnia magna - 0.36 mg/L - 48 h.

Toxicity to algae: EC50 - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (previous names: Raphidocelis subcapitata, Selenastrum capricomutum) - 2.5 mg/L - 96 h.

Toxicity to microorganisms: NOEC - Colpidium colpoda - >= 6.3 mg/L - 18 h.

### Persistence and degradability

Several organisms have been found that can grow on diphenyl and use it as the sole carbon source.

# Bioaccumulative potential

Bioconcentration factors for biphenyl in golden orfe (Leuciscus idus melanotus) and the amphipod Rhepoxynius abronius, have been measured as 280(1) and 4,500(2). Measured BCF values for rainbow trout (Salmo gairdneri) were reported as 437(3) and 1,318(4). According to a classification scheme(5), these BCF values indicate that bioconcentration in aquatic organisms is high to very high(SRC). Bivalve molluscs, Mercenaria mercenaria L., exposed to waste crankcase oil containing biphenyl for 2 days, did not

significantly depurate biphenyl over a 45 day period in clean water(6).

# Mobility in soil

In three soils, the log Koc was determined to be in the range 2.94-3.52 (Koc of 871-3,331)(1). The experimental mean log Koc value in five soils was 3.16 (Koc of 1,445)(3). The log Koc value in humic acids was determined to be 3.27 (Koc of 1,862)(4). According to a recommended classification scheme(2), these log Koc values indicate biphenyl may have low to slight mobility in soil(SRC). A log Koc of 5.09 was measured using soot columns and an SRM-1650 soot standard obtained from NIST(5). A retardation factor (Rf) of 2.1 was measured for biphenyl using soil columns filled with a surface soil (organic carbon = 12.6%, 60.3% sand, 24.0% silt, 15.7% clay, porosity = 0.7)(6). A retardation factor of 2.2-2.3 was measured for biphenyl on columns packed with low carbon aquifer material(7). The sorption of biphenyl on HDTMA clays indicated that sorption occurs via partition interactions with the HDTMA-derived organic phase. The greater the HDTMA content and the larger spacings of high charge HDTMA clays increased biphenyl's sorption(8).

#### Other adverse effects

no data available

# **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

# Disposal methods

#### Product

The material can be disposed of by removal to a licensed chemical destruction plant or by controlled incineration with flue gas scrubbing. Do not contaminate water, foodstuffs, feed or seed by storage or disposal. Do not discharge to sewer systems.

### Contaminated packaging

Containers can be triply rinsed (or equivalent) and offered for recycling or reconditioning. Alternatively, the packaging can be punctured to make it unusable for other purposes and then be disposed of in a sanitary landfill. Controlled incineration with flue gas scrubbing is possible for combustible packaging materials.

# **SECTION 14: Transport information**

#### **UN Number**

ADR/RID: UN3077 (For reference only, please check.) IMDG: UN3077 (For reference only, please check.) IATA: UN3077 (For reference only, please check.)

## **UN Proper Shipping Name**

ADR/RID: ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, SOLID, N.O.S. (For reference only, please check.) IMDG: ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, SOLID, N.O.S. (For reference only, please check.) IATA: ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, SOLID, N.O.S. (For reference only, please check.)

### Transport hazard class(es)

ADR/RID: 9 (For reference only, please check.)
IMDG: 9 (For reference only, please check.)
IATA: 9 (For reference only, please check.)

## Packing group, if applicable

ADR/RID: III (For reference only, please check.)
IMDG: III (For reference only, please check.)
IATA: III (For reference only, please check.)

#### **Environmental hazards**

ADR/RID: Yes IMDG: Yes IATA: Yes

# Special precautions for user

no data available

# Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

no data available

# **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

Safety, health and environmental regulations specific for the product in question

European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS)

Listed.

# **EC Inventory**

Listed.

United States Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory

Listed.

China Catalog of Hazardous chemicals 2015

Listed.

New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC)

Listed.

(PICCS)

Listed.

Vietnam National Chemical Inventory

Listed.

IECSC)

Listed.

Korea Existing Chemicals List (KECL)

Listed.

# **SECTION 16: Other information**

# Abbreviations and acronyms

CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service

ADR: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road

RID: Regulation concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail

IMDG: International Maritime Dangerous Goods

IATA: International Air Transportation Association

TWA: Time Weighted Average

STEL: Short term exposure limit

LC50: Lethal Concentration 50%

LD50: Lethal Dose 50%

EC50: Effective Concentration 50%

#### References

IPCS - The International Chemical Safety Cards (ICSC), website: http://www.ilo.org/dyn/icsc/showcard.home

HSDB - Hazardous Substances Data Bank, website: https://toxnet.nlm.nih.gov/newtoxnet/hsdb.htm

IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer, website: http://www.iarc.fr/

eChemPortal - The Global Portal to Information on Chemical Substances by OECD, website:

http://www.echemportal.org/echemportal/index?pageID=0&request\_locale=en

CAMEO Chemicals, website: http://cameochemicals.noaa.gov/search/simple

ChemIDplus, website: http://chem.sis.nlm.nih.gov/chemidplus/chemidlite.jsp

ERG - Emergency Response Guidebook by U.S. Department of Transportation, website:

http://www.phmsa.dot.gov/hazmat/library/erg

Germany GESTIS-database on hazard substance, website: http://www.dguv.de/ifa/gestis/gestis-stoffdatenbank/index-2.jsp

ECHA - European Chemicals Agency, website: https://echa.europa.eu/

#### Other Information

Do NOT take working clothes home.

Disclaimer: The above information is believed to be correct but does not purport to be all inclusive and shall be used only as a guide. The information in this document is based on the present state of our knowledge and is applicable to the product with regard to appropriate safety precautions. It does not represent any guarantee of the properties of the product. We as supplier shall not be held liable for any