#### Chemical Book India

# Chemical Safety Data Sheet MSDS / SDS

#### **Amitraz SDS**

Revision Date: 2024-04-25 Revision Number: 1

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# SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

#### Product identifier

Product name: Amitraz

CAS: 33089-61-1

#### Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Relevant identified For R&D use only. Not for medicinal, household or other use.

uses:

Uses advised none

against:

### Company Identification

Company: Chemicalbook.in

Address: 5 vasavi Layout Basaveswara Nilayam Pragathi Nagar Hyderabad, India -500090

Telephone: +91 9550333722

## **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

#### Classification of the substance or mixture

Acute toxicity - Category 4, Oral Skin sensitization, Category 1 Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure, Category 2 Hazardous to the aquatic environment, short-term (Acute) - Category Acute 1 Hazardous to the aquatic environment, long-term (Chronic) - Category Chronic 1

### GHS label elements, including precautionary statements

Pictogram(s)







Signal word

Warning

#### Hazard statement(s)

H302 Harmful if swallowed

H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction

H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure

H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects

#### Precautionary statement(s)

#### Prevention

P264 Wash ... thoroughly after handling.

P270 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

P261 Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.

P272 Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.

P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection/hearing protection/...

P260 Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.

P273 Avoid release to the environment.

#### Response

P301+P317 IF SWALLOWED: Get medical help.

P330 Rinse mouth.

P302+P352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water/...

P333+P317 If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical help.

P321 Specific treatment (see ... on this label).

P362+P364 Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.

P319 Get medical help if you feel unwell.

P391 Collect spillage.

### Storage

none

#### Disposal

P501 Dispose of contents/container to an appropriate treatment and disposal facility in accordance with applicable laws and regulations, and product characteristics at time of disposal.

#### Other hazards which do not result in classification

no data available

# **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

#### Substance

Chemical name: Amitraz

Common names and Amitraz

synonyms:

CAS number: 33089-61-1
EC number: 251-375-4
Concentration: 100%

### **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

## Description of necessary first-aid measures

#### If inhaled

Fresh air, rest. Seek medical attention if you feel unwell.

### Following skin contact

Remove contaminated clothes. Rinse and then wash skin with water and soap. Refer for medical attention .

## Following eye contact

Rinse with plenty of water (remove contact lenses if easily possible). Refer for medical attention.

### Following ingestion

Rinse mouth. Give a slurry of activated charcoal in water to drink. Refer for medical attention . See Notes.

#### Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

no data available

### Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Airway protection. Ensure that a clear airway exists. Intubate the patient and aspirate the secretions with a large-bore suction device if necessary. Administer oxygen by mechanically assisted pulmonary ventilation if respiration is depressed. Improve tissue oxygenation as much as possible before administering atropine, to minimize the risk of ventricular fibrillation. In severe poisonings, it may be necessary to support pulmonary ventilation mechanically for several days. N-methyl carbamate insecticides

## **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

### Suitable extinguishing media

Fire Extinguishing Media: Water, foam, dry powder, CO2.

### Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Combustible. Liquid formulations containing organic solvents may be flammable. Gives off irritating or toxic fumes (or gases) in a fire. Risk of fire and explosion if formulations contain flammable/explosive solvents.

### Special protective actions for fire-fighters

Use water spray, foam, powder, carbon dioxide.

### **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

#### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal protection: particulate filter respirator adapted to the airborne concentration of the substance. Do NOT let this chemical enter the environment. Sweep spilled substance into covered containers. If appropriate, moisten first to prevent dusting. Carefully collect remainder. Then store and dispose of according to local regulations.

### **Environmental precautions**

Personal protection: particulate filter respirator adapted to the airborne concentration of the substance. Do NOT let this chemical

enter the environment. Sweep spilled substance into covered containers. If appropriate, moisten first to prevent dusting. Carefully collect remainder. Then store and dispose of according to local regulations.

### Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

If a spill occurs, clean it up promptly. Don't wash it away. Instead, sprinkle the spill with sawdust, vermiculite, or kitty litter. Sweep it into a plastic garbage bag, and dispose of it as directed on the pesticide product label./Residential users/

### **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

### Precautions for safe handling

NO open flames. Handling in a well ventilated place. Wear suitable protective clothing. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid formation of dust and aerosols. Use non-sparking tools. Prevent fire caused by electrostatic discharge steam.

### Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Provision to contain effluent from fire extinguishing. Store in an area without drain or sewer access. Store in original container in locked storage area. Prevent Tick Collar for Dogs

# SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

### Control parameters

### Occupational Exposure limit values

no data available

#### Biological limit values

no data available

### Appropriate engineering controls

Ensure adequate ventilation. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Set up emergency exits and the risk-elimination area.

### Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment (PPE)

#### Eye/face protection

Wear safety spectacles or face shield.

### Skin protection

Protective gloves. Protective clothing.

# Respiratory protection

Use ventilation (not if powder).

#### Thermal hazards

no data available

# SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties and safety characteristics

Physical state: Amitraz is a white monoclinic crystals. Melting point 187-189°F (86-87°C). Insoluble in

water. Used as an acaricide, insecticide and treatment of demodectic mange in dogs.

Colour: White/pale yellow crystalline solid

no data available

Odour: Slight amine odor

Melting 86-87°C

point/freezing

point:

Boiling point or 450.7°C at 760mmHg

initial boiling point and boiling range:

Flammability: Combustible. Liquid formulations containing organic solvents may be flammable. Gives off

irritating or toxic fumes (or gases) in a fire.

Lower and upper

explosion

limit/flammability

limit:

Flash point: no data available

Auto-ignition no data available

temperature:

Decomposition

no data available

temperature:

pH: no data available

Kinematic

no data available

viscosity:

Solubility: Soluble in most organic solvents.

Partition log Kow = 5.50

coefficient n-

octanol/water:

Vapour pressure: 2.0X10-6 mm Hg at 25 deg C

Density and/or relative density:

0.98g/cm3

retaine derbrey.

Relative vapour

no data available

density:

Particle no data available

characteristics:

# **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

## Reactivity

Decomposes on burning. This produces toxic fumes including nitrogen oxides.

## Chemical stability

Amitraz is unstable under acidic conditions.

## Possibility of hazardous reactions

Unstable in acid.

### Conditions to avoid

no data available

# Incompatible materials

Amitraz is unstable under acidic conditions.

## Hazardous decomposition products

When heated to decomposition it emits toxic fumes of /nitrogen oxides/.

# **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

### Acute toxicity

Oral: LD50 Rat oral 600 mg/kg bw

Inhalation: no data available

Dermal: no data available

#### Skin corrosion/irritation

no data available

### Serious eye damage/irritation

no data available

### Respiratory or skin sensitization

no data available

# Germ cell mutagenicity

no data available

### Carcinogenicity

Cancer Classification: Group C Possible Human Carcinogen

# Reproductive toxicity

no data available

#### STOT-single exposure

The substance may cause effects on the central nervous system and cardiovascular system.

#### STOT-repeated exposure

no data available

### Aspiration hazard

No indication can be given about the rate at which a harmful concentration of this substance in the air is reached.

## **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

#### **Toxicity**

Toxicity to fish: no data available

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates: EC50; Species: Daphnia magna (Water Flea) 1 instar larva; Conditions: freshwater, static; Concentration: 35 ug/L for 48 hr (28-44 ug/L); Effect: intoxication, immobilization. /Technical grade

Toxicity to algae: no data available

Toxicity to microorganisms: no data available

#### Persistence and degradability

AEROBIC: Amitraz degrades in aerobic soil with a half-life of less than one day. N-(2,4-dimethylphenyl)-N'-methylmethanimidamide (BTS27271)(2) and 2,4-dimethylphenylformamide (NTS27919)(2), formed via hydrolysuis at the C-N [N-methylmethanimidaminde] bond, are the primary metabolites of amitraz.(1).

### Bioaccumulative potential

Measured BCF values of 588-1,838 in bluegill sunfish have been reported for amitraz(1). According to a classification scheme(2), these BCF values suggest bioconcentration in aquatic organisms is high to very high(SRC), provided the compound is not metabolized by the organism(SRC).

#### Mobility in soil

The Koc of amitraz was reported to range from 1,000(1) to 2000(2). According to a classification scheme(3), this Koc value indicates amitraz will have low mobility in soil. Although it is considered to be moderately mobile in some soils (batch equilibrium

studies indicated moderate mobility in sandy loam, silt loam and clay soils and very mobile in clay soils), amitraz degrades rapidly and therefore is not considered to be a serious concern for groundwater contamination(4). Amitraz had measured Freundlich adsorption coefficients of 1.69 in a Shelby sandy soil, 3.01 in a Spencer sand, 89.13 in a Terling clay and 16.31 in a Shelford clay(4). The pKa of amitraz is 4.20(2), indicating that this compound will partially exist in the cation form in the environment and cations generally adsorb more strongly to soils containing organic carbon and clay than their neutral counterparts(5).

#### Other adverse effects

no data available

## **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

### Disposal methods

#### Product

The material can be disposed of by removal to a licensed chemical destruction plant or by controlled incineration with flue gas scrubbing. Do not contaminate water, foodstuffs, feed or seed by storage or disposal. Do not discharge to sewer systems.

#### Contaminated packaging

Containers can be triply rinsed (or equivalent) and offered for recycling or reconditioning. Alternatively, the packaging can be punctured to make it unusable for other purposes and then be disposed of in a sanitary landfill. Controlled incineration with flue gas scrubbing is possible for combustible packaging materials.

## **SECTION 14: Transport information**

#### **UN Number**

ADR/RID: Not dangerous goods. (For reference only, please check.) IMDG: Not dangerous goods. (For reference only, please check.) IATA: Not dangerous goods. (For reference only, please check.)

## **UN Proper Shipping Name**

ADR/RID: Not dangerous goods. (For reference only, please check.) IMDG: Not dangerous goods. (For reference only, please check.) IATA: Not dangerous goods. (For reference only, please check.)

## Transport hazard class(es)

ADR/RID: Not dangerous goods. (For reference only, please check.) IMDG: Not dangerous goods. (For reference only, please check.) IATA: Not dangerous goods. (For reference only, please check.)

### Packing group, if applicable

ADR/RID: Not dangerous goods. (For reference only, please check.) IMDG: Not dangerous goods. (For reference only, please check.) IATA: Not dangerous goods. (For reference only, please check.)

#### Environmental hazards

ADR/RID: Yes IMDG: Yes IATA: Yes

#### Special precautions for user

no data available

### Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

no data available

## **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

Safety, health and environmental regulations specific for the product in question

European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS)

Listed.

# **EC Inventory**

Listed.

United States Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory

Not Listed.

### China Catalog of Hazardous chemicals 2015

Not Listed.

New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC)

Listed.

(PICCS)

Not Listed.

Vietnam National Chemical Inventory

Listed.

IECSC)

Listed.

Korea Existing Chemicals List (KECL)

Listed.

#### **SECTION 16: Other information**

### Abbreviations and acronyms

CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service

ADR: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road

RID: Regulation concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail

IMDG: International Maritime Dangerous Goods

IATA: International Air Transportation Association

TWA: Time Weighted Average

STEL: Short term exposure limit

LC50: Lethal Concentration 50%

LD50: Lethal Dose 50%

EC50: Effective Concentration 50%

#### References

IPCS - The International Chemical Safety Cards (ICSC), website: http://www.ilo.org/dyn/icsc/showcard.home

HSDB - Hazardous Substances Data Bank, website: https://toxnet.nlm.nih.gov/newtoxnet/hsdb.htm

IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer, website: http://www.iarc.fr/

eChemPortal - The Global Portal to Information on Chemical Substances by OECD, website:

http://www.echemportal.org/echemportal/index?pageID=0&request\_locale=en

CAMEO Chemicals, website: http://cameochemicals.noaa.gov/search/simple

ChemIDplus, website: http://chem.sis.nlm.nih.gov/chemidplus/chemidlite.jsp

ERG - Emergency Response Guidebook by U.S. Department of Transportation, website:

http://www.phmsa.dot.gov/hazmat/library/erg

Germany GESTIS-database on hazard substance, website: http://www.dguv.de/ifa/gestis/gestis-stoffdatenbank/index-2.jsp

ECHA - European Chemicals Agency, website: https://echa.europa.eu/

#### Other Information

If the pesticide is present under the form of a formulation containing hydrocarbon solvents, vomiting may not be induced. Carrier solvents used in commercial formulations may change physical and toxicological properties. If the substance is formulated with solvents also consult the ICSCs of these materials.

Disdaimer: The above information is believed to be correct but does not purport to be all inclusive and shall be used only as a guide. The information in this document is based on the present state of our knowledge and is applicable to the product with regard to appropriate safety precautions. It does not represent any guarantee of the product. We as supplier shall not be held liable for any