# Chemical Book India

Chemical Safety Data Sheet MSDS / SDS
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## 4-ethylmorpholine SDS

Revision Date:2024-04-25 Revision Number:1

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# SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

Product identifier	
Product name:	4-ethylmorpholine
CAS:	100-74-3

### Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

 Relevant identified
 For R&D use only. Not for medicinal, household or other use.

 uses:
 uses advised

 uses:
 none

 against:

### **Company Identification**

Company:	Chemicalbook.in
Address:	5 vasavi Layout Basaveswara Nilayam Pragathi Nagar Hyderabad, India -500090
Telephone:	+91 9550333722

# **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

## Classification of the substance or mixture

Flammable liquids, Category 3 Acute toxicity - Category 4, Oral Acute toxicity - Category 4, Dermal Skin corrosion, Sub-category 1B Serious eye damage, Category 1

### GHS label elements, including precautionary statements

Danger

Pictogram(s)



Signal word

Hazard statement(s)

H226 Flammable liquid and vapour H302+H312 Harmful if swallowed or in contact with skin H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage

### Precautionary statement(s)

### Prevention

P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
P233 Keep container tightly closed.
P240 Ground and bond container and receiving equipment.
P241 Use explosion-proof [electrical/ventilating/lighting/...] equipment.
P242 Use non-sparking tools.
P243 Take action to prevent static discharges.
P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection/hearing protection/...
P264 Wash ... thoroughly after handling.
P270 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
P260 Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.

### Response

P303+P361+P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse affected areas with water [or shower].
P370+P378 In case of fire: Use ... to extinguish.
P301+P317 IF SWALLOWED: Get medical help.
P330 Rinse mouth.
P302+P352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water/...
P317 Get medical help.
P321 Specific treatment (see ... on this label).
P362+P364 Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.

P301+P330+P331 IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting.
P363 Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.
P304+P340 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.
P316 Get emergency medical help immediately.
P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do.
Continue rinsing.
P305+P354+P338 IF IN EYES: Immediately rinse with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do.
Continue rinsing.

#### Storage

P403+P235 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool. P405 Store locked up.

### Disposal

P501 Dispose of contents/container to an appropriate treatment and disposal facility in accordance with applicable laws and regulations, and product characteristics at time of disposal.

## Other hazards which do not result in classification

no data available

# SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

#### Substance

Chemical name:	4-ethylmorpholine
Common names and synonyms:	4-ethylmorpholine
CAS number:	100-74-3
EC number:	202-885-0
Concentration:	100%

# **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

Description of necessary first-aid measures

### If inhaled

Fresh air, rest. Refer for medical attention.

### Following skin contact

Remove contaminated clothes. Rinse and then wash skin with water and soap. Refer for medical attention .

### Following eye contact

First rinse with plenty of water for several minutes (remove contact lenses if easily possible), then refer for medical attention.

## Following ingestion

Rinse mouth. Give one or two glasses of water to drink.

## Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Exposure can cause irritation of eyes, nose and throat. Contact with eyes may result in foggy vision and seeing halos around lights. (USCG, 1999)

## Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

### Absorption, Distribution and Excretion

Absorbed through unbroken skin.

# **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

### Suitable extinguishing media

Alcohol foam, foam, carbon dioxide, dry chemical.

## Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Special Hazards of Combustion Products: Irritating vapors and toxic gases, such as ammonia, nitrogen oxides, and carbon monoxide, may be formed when involved in fire. Behavior in Fire: Can react vigorously with heat or flame. (USCG, 1999)

### Special protective actions for fire-fighters

Use water spray, alcohol-resistant foam. In case of fire: keep drums, etc., cool by spraying with water.

# SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal protection: filter respirator for organic gases and vapours adapted to the airborne concentration of the substance. Ventilation. Remove all ignition sources. Collect leaking and spilled liquid in sealable containers as far as possible. Absorb remaining liquid in sand or inert absorbent. Then store and dispose of according to local regulations.

### **Environmental precautions**

Personal protection: filter respirator for organic gases and vapours adapted to the airborne concentration of the substance. Ventilation. Remove all ignition sources. Collect leaking and spilled liquid in sealable containers as far as possible. Absorb remaining liquid in sand or inert absorbent. Then store and dispose of according to local regulations.

### Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

1) remove all ignition sources. 2) ventilate area of spill or leak. 3) for small quantities, absorb on paper towels. evaporate in safe place (such as a fume hood). allow sufficient time for evaporating vapors to completely clear hood ductwork. burn paper in suitable location away from combustible materials.

# SECTION 7: Handling and storage

### Precautions for safe handling

NO open flames, NO sparks and NO smoking. NO contact with hot surfaces. Above 32°C use a closed system, ventilation and explosion-proof electrical equipment. Handling in a well ventilated place. Wear suitable protective clothing. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid formation of dust and aerosols. Use non-sparking tools. Prevent fire caused by electrostatic discharge steam.

### Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Fireproof. Separated from strong oxidants. Store in a detached storehouse without any ignition source.

# SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

**Control parameters** 

### Occupational Exposure limit values

TLV: 5 ppm as TWA; (skin)

### **Biological limit values**

no data available

### Appropriate engineering controls

Ensure adequate ventilation. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Set up emergency exits and the risk-elimination area.

## Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment (PPE)

### Eye/face protection

Wear safety goggles or eye protection in combination with breathing protection.

### Skin protection

Protective gloves. Protective clothing.

### **Respiratory protection**

Use ventilation, local exhaust or breathing protection.

## Thermal hazards

no data available

## SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties and safety characteristics

Physical state:	Liquid.
Colour:	Clear, low-colour.
Odour:	AWMONIACAL ODOR
Melting point/freezing point:	-68.4 °C. Remarks: Mean of duplicate measurements.
Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling range:	138.6 °C. Atm. press.:1 013 hPa.
Flammability:	Class IC Flammable Liquid: Fl.P. at or above 73°F and below 100°F.

Lower and upper explosion limit/flammability limit:	no data available
Flash point:	27.5 °C. Atm. press.:100.5 kPa.
Auto-ignition temperature:	158 °C. Atm. press.:102.1 kPa. Remarks:No cool flames were observed. Ignition produced an orange flame.
Decomposition temperature:	no data available
pH:	no data available
Kinematic viscosity:	kinematic viscosity (in mm2/s) = 1.176. Temperature:20°C. Remarks:Mean of 2 runs.;kinematic viscosity (in mm2/s) = 0.887. Temperature:40°C. Remarks:Mean of 2 runs.
Solubility:	greater than or equal to 100 mg/mL at 68 $^{\circ}$ F (NTP, 1992)
Partition coefficient n- octanol/water:	log Pow = 0.08. Temperature:24.6 °C.
Vapour pressure:	1.12 hPa. Temperature:25 °C.
Density and/or relative density:	0.9 g/cm3. Temperature:20 °C.
Relative vapour density:	4 (NTP, 1992) (Relative to Air)
Particle characteristics:	no data available

# SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

### Reactivity

Decomposes on heating. This produces toxic gases and vapours (ammonia, nitrogen oxides, carbon monoxide). Reacts violently with strong oxidants. This generates fire and explosion hazard. Attacks plastics, rubber and coatings.

## Chemical stability

no data available

### Possibility of hazardous reactions

A DANGEROUS FIRE HAZARD...N-ETHYL MORPHOLINE can react vigorously with oxidizing materials. It dissolves LiAlH4. (NTP, 1992)

## Conditions to avoid

no data available

## Incompatible materials

Can react vigorously with oxidizing materials.

### Hazardous decomposition products

no data available

# SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Acute toxicity Oral: LD50 - rat (male) - > 1 500 - < 2 000 mg/kg bw. Inhalation: no data available Dermal: LD50 - rabbit (male/female) - 1 980.4 mg/kg bw.

## Skin corrosion/irritation

no data available

### Serious eye damage/irritation

no data available

## Respiratory or skin sensitization

no data available

## Germ cell mutagenicity

no data available

Carcinogenicity

no data available

### Reproductive toxicity

no data available

## STOT-single exposure

The substance is irritating to the eyes, skin and respiratory tract. The substance may cause effects on the eyes. This may result in distortion of vision.

## STOT-repeated exposure

no data available

## Aspiration hazard

A harmful contamination of the air can be reached rather quickly on evaporation of this substance at 20°C.

# SECTION 12: Ecological information

Toxicity

Toxicity to fish: LC50 - Leuciscus idus - 277 mg/L - 96 h. Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates: EC50 - Daphnia magna - 804 mg/L - 48 h. Toxicity to algae: EC10 - Desmodesmus subspicatus (previous name: Scenedesmus subspicatus) - 61.2 mg/L - 96 h. Toxicity to microorganisms: EC20 - activated sludge, industrial - > 600 mg/L - 30 min. Remarks: Respiration rate.

## Persistence and degradability

no data available

## Bioaccumulative potential

Because it is miscible in water(2), bioconcentration in aquatic organisms is not expected to be an important fate process for N-ethylmorpholine(1,SRC).

### Mobility in soil

Using a structure estimation method based on molecular connectivity indexes(1), the Koc for N-ethylmorpholine can be estimated to be about 12(SRC). According to a suggested classification scheme(2), this estimated Koc value suggests that N-ethylmorpholine has very high soil mobility(SRC).

### Other adverse effects

no data available

# SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

### Disposal methods

### Product

The material can be disposed of by removal to a licensed chemical destruction plant or by controlled incineration with flue gas scrubbing. Do not contaminate water, foodstuffs, feed or seed by storage or disposal. Do not discharge to sewer systems.

### Contaminated packaging

Containers can be triply rinsed (or equivalent) and offered for recycling or reconditioning. Alternatively, the packaging can be punctured to make it unusable for other purposes and then be disposed of in a sanitary landfill. Controlled incineration with flue gas scrubbing is possible for combustible packaging materials.

# **SECTION 14: Transport information**

### **UN Number**

ADR/RID: UN2734 (For reference only, please check.) IMDG: UN2734 (For reference only, please check.) IATA: UN2734 (For reference only, please check.)

### **UN Proper Shipping Name**

ADR/RID: AMINES, LIQUID, CORROSIVE, FLAMMABLE, N.O.S. or POLYAMINES, LIQUID, CORROSIVE, FLAMMABLE, N.O.S. (For reference only, please check.)

IMDG: AMINES, LIQUID, CORROSIVE, FLAMMABLE, N.O.S. or POLYAMINES, LIQUID, CORROSIVE, FLAMMABLE, N.O.S. (For reference only, please check.) IATA: AMINES, LIQUID, CORROSIVE, FLAMMABLE, N.O.S. or POLYAMINES, LIQUID, CORROSIVE, FLAMMABLE, N.O.S. (For reference only, please check.)

### Transport hazard class(es)

ADR/RID: 8 (For reference only, please check.) IMDG: 8 (For reference only, please check.) IATA: 8 (For reference only, please check.)

### Packing group, if applicable

ADR/RID: I (For reference only, please check.) IMDG: I (For reference only, please check.) IATA: I (For reference only, please check.)

#### Environmental hazards

ADR/RID: No IMDG: No IATA: No

#### Special precautions for user

no data available

#### Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

no data available

# **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

Safety, health and environmental regulations specific for the product in question

European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS)

Listed.

**EC Inventory** 

Listed.

United States Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory

Listed.

China Catalog of Hazardous chemicals 2015

Listed.

New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC)

Listed.

(PICCS)

Listed.

Vietnam National Chemical Inventory

Listed.

IECSC)

Listed.

Korea Existing Chemicals List (KECL)

Listed.

## **SECTION 16: Other information**

Abbreviations and acronyms

CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service

ADR: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road

RID: Regulation concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail

IMDG: International Maritime Dangerous Goods

IATA: International Air Transportation Association

TWA: Time Weighted Average

STEL: Short term exposure limit

LC50: Lethal Concentration 50%

LD50: Lethal Dose 50%

EC50: Effective Concentration 50%

### References

IPCS - The International Chemical Safety Cards (ICSC), website: http://www.ilo.org/dyn/icsc/showcard.home

HSDB - Hazardous Substances Data Bank, website: https://toxnet.nlm.nih.gov/newtoxnet/hsdb.htm

IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer, website: http://www.iarc.fr/

eChemPortal - The Global Portal to Information on Chemical Substances by OECD, website: http://www.echemportal.org/echemportal/index?pageID=O&request\_locale=en

CAWEO Chemicals, website: http://cameochemicals.noaa.gov/search/simple

ChemIDplus, website: http://chem.sis.nlm.nih.gov/chemidplus/chemidlite.jsp

ERG - Emergency Response Guidebook by U.S. Department of Transportation, website: http://www.phmsa.dot.gov/hazmat/library/erg

Germany GESTIS-database on hazard substance, website: http://www.dguv.de/ifa/gestis/gestis-stoffdatenbank/index-2.jsp

ECHA - European Chemicals Agency, website: https://echa.europa.eu/

## Other Information

MAK value not established but full documentation is available (MAK IIb).

Disclaimer: The above information is believed to be correct but does not purport to be all inclusive and shall be used only as a guide. The information in this document is based on the present state of our knowledge and is applicable to the product with regard to appropriate safety precautions. It does not represent any guarantee of the properties of the product. We as supplier shall not be held liable for any