# Chemical Book India

1KZ	Chem	ical Safety	Data Shee	t MSDS / S	DS			
4-(tert-butyl)-N-sec-butyl-2,6-dinitroaniline SDS Revision Date:2024-04-25 Revision Number:1								
Section 1 Section Section 9 Section	on 2 Section 3 on 10 Section 11	Section 4 Section 12	Section 5 Section 13	Section 6 Section 14	Section 7 Section 15	Section 8 Section 16		
SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking         Product identifier         Product name:       4-(tert-butyl)-N-sec-butyl-2,6-dinitroaniline								
CAS:	33629-47-9	33629-47-9						
Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against								
Relevant identified For R&D use only. Not for medicinal, household or other use. uses:								
Uses advised against:	none	none						
Company Identifica	tion							
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# **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

## Classification of the substance or mixture

Acute toxicity - Category 4, Oral Reproductive toxicity, Category 2 Hazardous to the aquatic environment, short-term (Acute) - Category Acute 1 Hazardous to the aquatic environment, long-term (Chronic) - Category Chronic 1

## GHS label elements, including precautionary statements

Pictogram(s)



Signal word

Danger

## Hazard statement(s)

H302 Harmful if swallowed H361 Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child H400 Very toxic to aquatic life H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects

### Precautionary statement(s)

### Prevention

P264 Wash ... thoroughly after handling.
P270 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
P203 Obtain, read and follow all safety instructions before use.
P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection/hearing protection/...
P273 Avoid release to the environment.

## Response

P301+P317 IF SWALLOWED: Get medical help. P330 Rinse mouth. P318 IF exposed or concerned, get medical advice. P391 Collect spillage.

## Storage

P405 Store locked up.

## Disposal

P501 Dispose of contents/container to an appropriate treatment and disposal facility in accordance with applicable laws and regulations, and product characteristics at time of disposal.

Other hazards which do not result in classification

no data available

## **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

#### Substance

Chemical name:	4-(tert-butyl)-N-sec-butyl-2,6-dinitroaniline
Common names and synonyms:	4-(tert-butyl)-N-sec-butyl-2,6-dinitroaniline
CAS number:	33629-47-9
EC number:	251-607-4
Concentration:	100%

# **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

## Description of necessary first-aid measures

## If inhaled

Move the victim into fresh air. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. If not breathing, give artificial respiration and consult a doctor immediately. Do not use mouth to mouth resuscitation if the victim ingested or inhaled the chemical.

#### Following skin contact

Take off contaminated clothing immediately. Wash off with soap and plenty of water. Consult a doctor.

### Following eye contact

Rinse with pure water for at least 15 minutes. Consult a doctor.

### Following ingestion

Rinse mouth with water. Do not induce vomiting. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Call a doctor or Poison Control Center immediately.

## Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

no data available

### Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Skin decontamination. Skin contamination should be treated promptly by washing with soap and water. Contamination of the eyes should be treated immediately by prolonged flushing of the eyes with large amounts of clean water. If dermal or ocular irritation persists, medical attention should be obtained without delay. Other herbicides

# **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

#### Suitable extinguishing media

Use dry chemical, carbon dioxide or alcohol-resistant foam.

## Specific hazards arising from the chemical

no data available

## Special protective actions for fire-fighters

Wear self-contained breathing apparatus for firefighting if necessary.

# SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

## Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Avoid dust formation. Avoid breathing mist, gas or vapours. Avoid contacting with skin and eye. Use personal protective equipment. Wear chemical impermeable gloves. Ensure adequate ventilation. Remove all sources of ignition. Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak.

## Environmental precautions

Prevent further spillage or leakage if it is safe to do so. Do not let the chemical enter drains. Discharge into the environment must be avoided.

## Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

If a spill occurs, clean it up promptly. Don't wash it away. Instead, sprinkle the spill with sawdust, vermiculite, or kitty litter. Sweep it into a plastic garbage bag, and dispose of it as directed on the pesticide product label.

# SECTION 7: Handling and storage

## Precautions for safe handling

Handling in a well ventilated place. Wear suitable protective clothing. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid formation of dust and aerosols. Use non-sparking tools. Prevent fire caused by electrostatic discharge steam.

## Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Safe Storage of Pesticides. Always store pesticides in their original containers, complete with labels that list ingredients, directions for use, and first aid steps in case of accidental poisoning. Never store pesticides in cabinets with or near food, animal feed, or medical supplies. Do not store pesticides in places where flooding is possible or in places where they might spill or leak into wells, drains, ground water, or surface water.

# SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

**Control parameters** 

### Occupational Exposure limit values

no data available

#### Biological limit values

no data available

## Appropriate engineering controls

Ensure adequate ventilation. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Set up emergency exits and the risk-elimination area.

## Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment (PPE)

## Eye/face protection

Wear tightly fitting safety goggles with side-shields conforming to EN 166(EU) or NIOSH (US).

## Skin protection

Wear fire/flame resistant and impervious clothing. Handle with gloves. Gloves must be inspected prior to use. Wash and dry hands. The selected protective gloves have to satisfy the specifications of EU Directive 89/686/EEC and the standard EN 374 derived from it.

# Respiratory protection

If the exposure limits are exceeded, irritation or other symptoms are experienced, use a full-face respirator.

## Thermal hazards

no data available

# SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties and safety characteristics

Physical state:	Yellow-orange crystals with a slightly aromatic odour	
Colour:	Yellow orange crystals	
Odour:	Slightly aromatic odor	
Melting point/freezing point:	61°C	
Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling range:	381.3°C at 760 mmHg	
Flammability:	no data available	
Lower and upper explosion limit/flammability limit:	no data available	
Flash point:	184.4°C	
Auto-ignition temperature:	no data available	
Decomposition temperature:	no data available	
pH:	no data available	
Kinematic viscosity:	no data available	
Solubility:	Solubility in ethanol 73, methanol 98 and hexane 300 g/L at 25-26 deg C. Solubility in dichloroethane 146, benzene 270 and acetone 448 g/100 mL at 24 deg C.	

Partition coefficient n- octanol/water:	log Kow = 4.93 at 23 deg C
Vapour pressure:	1.3X10-5 mm Hg at 25 deg C
Density and/or relative density:	1.185 g/cm3
Relative vapour density:	no data available
Particle characteristics:	no data available

# SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

## Reactivity

no data available

## Chemical stability

Hydrolytically and photochemically stable. Concentrates are stable on storage under dry conditions >3 years, but should not be stored <-5 deg C or allowed to freeze.

## Possibility of hazardous reactions

no data available

## Conditions to avoid

no data available

## Incompatible materials

Incompatible with strong oxidizing agents.

## Hazardous decomposition products

Decomposes at 265 deg C.

# **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

Acute toxicity Oral: LD50 Rat oral 2500 mg/kg Inhalation: LC50 Rat inhalation 50 g/cu m/ 4 hr Dermal: LD50 Rabbit percutaneous > or =2000 mg/kg Technical product

## Skin corrosion/irritation

no data available

## Serious eye damage/irritation

no data available

## Respiratory or skin sensitization

no data available

## Germ cell mutagenicity

no data available

#### Carcinogenicity

no data available

### Reproductive toxicity

no data available

## STOT-single exposure

no data available

## STOT-repeated exposure

no data available

#### Aspiration hazard

no data available

# SECTION 12: Ecological information

#### Toxicity

Toxicity to fish: LC50 Lepomis macrochirus (Bluegill sunfish) 1.0 ppm/96 hr (95% confidence interval: 0.7-1.4 ppm); static /formulated product

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates: EC50 Daphnia magna (Water flea) 1.0 ppm/48 hr; static /formulated product

Toxicity to algae: no data available

Toxicity to microorganisms: no data available

## Persistence and degradability

AEROBIC: Butralin is degraded by soil microflora such as Paecilomyces sp; the major biodegradation product is 4-tert butyl 2,6 dinitroanaline(1). 14C-labeled butralin, applied at a concentration of 10 ppm to Chillum silt loam soil incubated at 70% field moisture capacity, was 57% degraded after 6 months; 98% applied 14C was recovered after 2 months(2). Under greenhouse conditions, butralin exhibited half-lives ranging from 21-52 days, with a mean half-life of 40 days(3). Using a Sharkey clay (4% sand, 25% silt, 71% clay, 4.2% organic matter) and Bosket clay loam (20% sand, 60% silt, 20% clay, 1.5% organic matter) soils in greenhouse experiments, butralin, applied at 8 umole/kg to 2,000 g soil, exhibited half-lives of 52 and 29 days, respectively(3).

#### Bioaccumulative potential

An estimated BCF of 1248 was calculated for butralin(SRC), using a log Kow of 4.93(1) and a regression-derived equation(2). According to a classification scheme(3), this BCF suggests the potential for bioconcentration in aquatic organisms is very high(SRC), provided the compound is not metabolized by the organism(SRC).

## Mobility in soil

The Koc of butralin has been reported as 3,400(1). According to a classification scheme(2), this Koc value suggests that butralin is expected to have slight mobility in soil. Butralin was strongly adsorbed by organic matter, as shown by 77, 82, and 78% adsorption of addition of 2.5, 5.0, and 10X10-6 M concentrations, respectively(3). The same concentrations added to montmorillonite resulted in 21, 13, and 9% adsorption, respectively(3). Subsequent desorption studies showed very little desorption from organic matter by either water or 1 N CaCl solution, results being 13.2 and 11.1%, respectively; 91.7 and 68.4% desorption, respectively, was desorbed from montmorillonite(3). Metapeake loam, treated 7 months earlier with 10 ppm butralin, contained 27% nonextractable

radioactivity(1).

#### Other adverse effects

no data available

## **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

#### Disposal methods

#### Product

The material can be disposed of by removal to a licensed chemical destruction plant or by controlled incineration with flue gas scrubbing. Do not contaminate water, foodstuffs, feed or seed by storage or disposal. Do not discharge to sewer systems.

#### Contaminated packaging

Containers can be triply rinsed (or equivalent) and offered for recycling or reconditioning. Alternatively, the packaging can be punctured to make it unusable for other purposes and then be disposed of in a sanitary landfill. Controlled incineration with flue gas scrubbing is possible for combustible packaging materials.

# **SECTION 14: Transport information**

## **UN Number**

ADR/RID: Not dangerous goods. (For reference only, please check.) IMDG: Not dangerous goods. (For reference only, please check.) IATA: Not dangerous goods. (For reference only, please check.)

## **UN Proper Shipping Name**

ADR/RID: Not dangerous goods. (For reference only, please check.) IMDG: Not dangerous goods. (For reference only, please check.) IATA: Not dangerous goods. (For reference only, please check.)

#### Transport hazard class(es)

ADR/RID: Not dangerous goods. (For reference only, please check.) IMDG: Not dangerous goods. (For reference only, please check.) IATA: Not dangerous goods. (For reference only, please check.)

## Packing group, if applicable

ADR/RID: Not dangerous goods. (For reference only, please check.) IMDG: Not dangerous goods. (For reference only, please check.) IATA: Not dangerous goods. (For reference only, please check.)

#### Environmental hazards

ADR/RID: Yes IMDG: Yes IATA: Yes

## Special precautions for user

no data available

### Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

no data available

# SECTION 15: Regulatory information

Safety, health and environmental regulations specific for the product in question European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS) Listed. EC Inventory Listed. United States Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory Listed. China Catalog of Hazardous chemicals 2015 Not Listed. New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC) Not Listed.

(PICCS)

Not Listed.

Vietnam National Chemical Inventory

Not Listed.

IECSC)

Listed.

Korea Existing Chemicals List (KECL)

Not Listed.

# **SECTION 16: Other information**

Abbreviations and acronyms

CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service

ADR: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road

RID: Regulation concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail

IMDG: International Maritime Dangerous Goods

IATA: International Air Transportation Association

TWA: Time Weighted Average

STEL: Short term exposure limit

LC50: Lethal Concentration 50%

LD50: Lethal Dose 50%

EC50: Effective Concentration 50%

## References

IPCS - The International Chemical Safety Cards (ICSC), website: http://www.ilo.org/dyn/icsc/showcard.home

HSDB - Hazardous Substances Data Bank, website: https://toxnet.nlm.nih.gov/newtoxnet/hsdb.htm

IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer, website: http://www.iarc.fr/

eChemPortal - The Global Portal to Information on Chemical Substances by OECD, website: http://www.echemportal.org/echemportal/index?pageID=O&request\_locale=en

CAWEO Chemicals, website: http://cameochemicals.noaa.gov/search/simple

ChemIDplus, website: http://chem.sis.nlm.nih.gov/chemidplus/chemidlite.jsp

ERG - Emergency Response Guidebook by U.S. Department of Transportation, website: http://www.phmsa.dot.gov/hazmat/library/erg

Germany GESTIS-database on hazard substance, website: http://www.dguv.de/ifa/gestis/gestis-stoffdatenbank/index-2.jsp

ECHA - European Chemicals Agency, website: https://echa.europa.eu/

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