Chemical Book India

| MG | | Chemi | cal Safety | Data Shee | t MSDS / S | DS | | | |
|---|-------------------------|---|-------------------------|--|-------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|--|--|
| | | 3-acet | • • | 2H-pyran-2,4 24-04-25 Revisior | • • | DS | | | |
| Section 1 Section 9 | Section 2 Section 10 | Section 3 Section 11 | Section 4 Section 12 | Section 5 Section 13 | Section 6 Section 14 | Section 7 Section 15 | Section 8 Section 16 | | |
| SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking Product identifier Product name: 3-acetyl-6-methyl-2H-pyran-2,4(3H)-dione | | | | | | | | | |
| CAS: | Į | 520-45-6 | | | | | | | |
| Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against | | | | | | | | | |
| Relevant identified uses: | | For R&D use only. Not for medicinal, household or other use. | | | | | | | |
| Uses advised against: | d r | none | | | | | | | |
| Company Id | lentification | | | | | | | | |
| Company: | (| Chemicalbook.in | | | | | | | |
| Address: | | 5 vasavi Layout Basaveswara Nilayam Pragathi Nagar Hyderabad, India -500090 | | | | | | | |
| Telephone: | - | -91 9550333722 | | | | | | | |

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

Classification of the substance or mixture

Acute toxicity - Category 4, Oral

GHS label elements, including precautionary statements

Pictogram(s)

Signal word

Warning

Hazard statement(s)

H302 Harmful if swallowed

Precautionary statement(s)

Prevention

P264 Wash ... thoroughly after handling. P270 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

Response

P301+P317 IF SWALLOWED: Get medical help. P330 Rinse mouth.

Storage

none

Disposal

P501 Dispose of contents/container to an appropriate treatment and disposal facility in accordance with applicable laws and regulations, and product characteristics at time of disposal.

Other hazards which do not result in classification

no data available

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

Substance

Chemical name:3-acetyl-6-methyl-2H-pyran-2,4(3H)-dioneCommon names and
synonyms:3-acetyl-6-methyl-2H-pyran-2,4(3H)-dione

| CAS number: | 520-45-6 |
|----------------|-----------|
| EC number: | 208-293-9 |
| Concentration: | 100% |

SECTION 4: First aid measures

Description of necessary first-aid measures

If inhaled

Move the victim into fresh air. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. If not breathing, give artificial respiration and consult a doctor immediately. Do not use mouth to mouth resuscitation if the victim ingested or inhaled the chemical.

Following skin contact

Take off contaminated clothing immediately. Wash off with soap and plenty of water. Consult a doctor.

Following eye contact

Rinse with pure water for at least 15 minutes. Consult a doctor.

Following ingestion

Rinse mouth with water. Do not induce vomiting. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Call a doctor or Poison Control Center immediately.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

no data available

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

no data available

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media

Water or foam may cause frothing.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

no data available

Special protective actions for fire-fighters

Wear self-contained breathing apparatus for firefighting if necessary.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Avoid dust formation. Avoid breathing mist, gas or vapours. Avoid contacting with skin and eye. Use personal protective equipment. Wear chemical impermeable gloves. Ensure adequate ventilation. Remove all sources of ignition. Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak.

Environmental precautions

Prevent further spillage or leakage if it is safe to do so. Do not let the chemical enter drains. Discharge into the environment must be avoided.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Collect and arrange disposal. Keep the chemical in suitable and closed containers for disposal. Remove all sources of ignition. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Adhered or collected material should be promptly disposed of, in accordance with appropriate laws and regulations.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Handling in a well ventilated place. Wear suitable protective clothing. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid formation of dust and aerosols. Use non-sparking tools. Prevent fire caused by electrostatic discharge steam.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store the container tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Store apart from foodstuff containers or incompatible materials.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational Exposure limit values

no data available

Biological limit values

no data available

Appropriate engineering controls

Ensure adequate ventilation. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Set up emergency exits and the risk-elimination area.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment (PPE)

Eye/face protection

Wear tightly fitting safety goggles with side-shields conforming to EN 166(EU) or NIOSH (US).

Skin protection

Wear fire/flame resistant and impervious clothing. Handle with gloves. Gloves must be inspected prior to use. Wash and dry hands. The selected protective gloves have to satisfy the specifications of EU Directive 89/686/EEC and the standard EN 374 derived from it.

Respiratory protection

If the exposure limits are exceeded, irritation or other symptoms are experienced, use a full-face respirator.

Thermal hazards

no data available

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties and safety characteristics

| Physical state: | white powder |
|-----------------|--|
| Colour: | NEEDLES FROM WATER, RHOMBIC NEEDLES OR PRISMS FROM ALCOHOL |
| Odour: | ODORLESS |

| Melting point/freezing point: | 299°C(lit.) |
|---|---|
| Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling range: | 82°C/15mmHg(lit.) |
| Flammability: | no data available |
| Lower and upper explosion limit/flammability limit: | no data available |
| Flash point: | 61°C(lit.) |
| Auto-ignition temperature: | 366 DEG C (690 DEG F) |
| Decomposition temperature: | no data available |
| pH: | no data available |
| Kinematic viscosity: | no data available |
| Solubility: | (WT/WT) 22% IN ACETONE, 18% IN BENZENE, 5% IN METHANOL, 3% IN USP ETHANOL, 3% IN CARBON TETRACHLORIDE, 5% IN ETHER, 0.7% IN N-HEPTANE, LESS THAN 0.1% IN GLYCEROL, 1.6% IN OLIVE OIL, 1.7% IN PROPYLENE GLYCOL, LESS THAN 0.1% IN WATER AT 25 DEG C |
| Partition coefficient n- octanol/water: | no data available |
| Vapour pressure: | 0.000144mmHg at 25°C |
| Density and/or relative density: | 1.264g/cm3 |
| Relative vapour density: | 5.8 (AIR= 1) |
| Particle characteristics: | no data available |

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

Reactivity

no data available

Chemical stability

Moderately volatile in steam

Possibility of hazardous reactions

SLIGHT

Conditions to avoid

no data available

Incompatible materials

Highly reactive

Hazardous decomposition products

When heated to decomposition it emits acrid smoke and irritating fumes.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Acute toxicity Oral: LD50 Rat oral 1,000 mg/kg Inhalation: no data available Dermal: no data available

Skin corrosion/irritation

no data available

Serious eye damage/irritation

no data available

Respiratory or skin sensitization

no data available

Germ cell mutagenicity

no data available

Carcinogenicity

no data available

Reproductive toxicity

no data available

STOT-single exposure

no data available

STOT-repeated exposure

no data available

Aspiration hazard

no data available

SECTION 12: Ecological information

Toxicity Toxicity to fish: no data available Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates: no data available Toxicity to algae: no data available

Toxicity to microorganisms: no data available

Persistence and degradability

A biodegradation study on dehydroacetic acid, based on BOD measurements, using an activated sludge seed, and an initial chemical concentration of 100 mg/l indicated 84% biodegradation after 2 weeks(1). Dehydroacetic acid was observed to degrade in six aerobic biodegradation tests (coupled units test, Zahn-Wellens test, MITI test, Sturm CO2 evolution test, OECD screening test, and closed bottle test)(2). 99% DOC removal was observed in the coupled units test using a sewage seed; 96% DOC removal was observed after 6 days using an activated sludge seed in the Zahn-Wellens test; 91% DOC removal was observed after 14 days incubation using an activated sludge seed in the MITI test; 100% DOC removal was observed after 28 days incubation using a sewage seed in the OECD screening test; and 81% BODT was observed after 28 days using a sewage seed in the closed bottle test(2).

Bioaccumulative potential

An estimated BCF value of 15 was calculated for dehydroacetic acid(SRC), using a measured water solubility of 690 mg/l(1) and a recommended regression-derived equation(2). According to a classification scheme(3), this BCF value suggests that bioconcentration in aquatic organisms is low(SRC).

Mobility in soil

The Koc of dehydroacetic acid is estimated as approximately 120(SRC), using a measured water solubility of 690 mg/l(1) and a regression-derived equation(2,SRC). According to a recommended classification scheme(3), this estimated Koc value suggests that dehydroacetic acid is expected to have high mobility in soil(SRC).

Other adverse effects

no data available

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

Disposal methods

Product

The material can be disposed of by removal to a licensed chemical destruction plant or by controlled incineration with flue gas scrubbing. Do not contaminate water, foodstuffs, feed or seed by storage or disposal. Do not discharge to sewer systems.

Contaminated packaging

Containers can be triply rinsed (or equivalent) and offered for recycling or reconditioning. Alternatively, the packaging can be punctured to make it unusable for other purposes and then be disposed of in a sanitary landfill. Controlled incineration with flue gas scrubbing is possible for combustible packaging materials.

SECTION 14: Transport information

UN Number

ADR/RID: Not dangerous goods. (For reference only, please check.) IMDG: Not dangerous goods. (For reference only, please check.) IATA: Not dangerous goods. (For reference only, please check.)

UN Proper Shipping Name

ADR/RID: Not dangerous goods. (For reference only, please check.) IMDG: Not dangerous goods. (For reference only, please check.) IATA: Not dangerous goods. (For reference only, please check.)

Transport hazard class(es)

ADR/RID: Not dangerous goods. (For reference only, please check.) IMDG: Not dangerous goods. (For reference only, please check.) IATA: Not dangerous goods. (For reference only, please check.)

Packing group, if applicable

ADR/RID: Not dangerous goods. (For reference only, please check.) IMDG: Not dangerous goods. (For reference only, please check.) IATA: Not dangerous goods. (For reference only, please check.)

Environmental hazards

ADR/RID: No IMDG: No IATA: No

Special precautions for user

no data available

Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

no data available

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

Safety, health and environmental regulations specific for the product in question European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS) Listed. EC Inventory Listed. United States Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory Listed. China Catalog of Hazardous chemicals 2015

Not Listed.

New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC)

Listed.

(PICCS)

Listed.

Vietnam National Chemical Inventory

Listed.

IECSC)

Listed.

Korea Existing Chemicals List (KECL)

Listed.

SECTION 16: Other information

Abbreviations and acronyms

CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service

ADR: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road

RID: Regulation concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail

IMDG: International Maritime Dangerous Goods

IATA: International Air Transportation Association

TWA: Time Weighted Average

STEL: Short term exposure limit

LC50: Lethal Concentration 50%

LD50: Lethal Dose 50%

EC50: Effective Concentration 50%

References

IPCS - The International Chemical Safety Cards (ICSC), website: http://www.ilo.org/dyn/icsc/showcard.home

HSDB - Hazardous Substances Data Bank, website: https://toxnet.nlm.nih.gov/newtoxnet/hsdb.htm

IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer, website: http://www.iarc.fr/

eChemPortal - The Global Portal to Information on Chemical Substances by OECD, website: http://www.echemportal.org/echemportal/index?pageID=O&request_locale=en

CAWEO Chemicals, website: http://cameochemicals.noaa.gov/search/simple

ChemIDplus, website: http://chem.sis.nlm.nih.gov/chemidplus/chemidlite.jsp

ERG - Emergency Response Guidebook by U.S. Department of Transportation, website: http://www.phmsa.dot.gov/hazmat/library/erg

Germany GESTIS-database on hazard substance, website: http://www.dguv.de/ifa/gestis/gestis-stoffdatenbank/index-2.jsp

ECHA - European Chemicals Agency, website: https://echa.europa.eu/

Disclaimer: The above information is believed to be correct but does not purport to be all inclusive and shall be used only as a guide. The information in this document is based on the present state of our knowledge and is applicable to the product with regard to appropriate safety precautions. It does not represent any guarantee of the properties of the product. We as supplier shall not be held liable for any