# Chemical Book India

# 2-(2-aminoethoxy)ethanol SDS

Revision Date: 2024-04-25 Revision Number: 1

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# SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

Product identifier	
Product name:	2-(2-aminoethoxy)ethanol
CAS:	929-06-6

# Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

 Relevant identified
 For R&D use only. Not for medicinal, household or other use.

 uses:
 uses advised

 uses:
 none

 against:

# **Company Identification**

Company:	Chemicalbook.in
Address:	5 vasavi Layout Basaveswara Nilayam Pragathi Nagar Hyderabad, India -500090
Telephone:	+91 9550333722

# **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

# Classification of the substance or mixture

Skin corrosion, Sub-category 1B Serious eye damage, Category 1

#### GHS label elements, including precautionary statements

Danger

Pictogram(s)

Signal word

#### Hazard statement(s)

H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage

#### Precautionary statement(s)

#### Prevention

P260 Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.P264 Wash ... thoroughly after handling.P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection/hearing protection/...

#### Response

P301+P330+P331 IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting.
P363 Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.
P304+P340 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.
P316 Get emergency medical help immediately.
P321 Specific treatment (see ... on this label).
P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do.
Continue rinsing.
P305+P354+P338 IF IN EYES: Immediately rinse with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do.
Continue rinsing.
P317 Get medical help.

#### Storage

P405 Store locked up.

# Disposal

P501 Dispose of contents/container to an appropriate treatment and disposal facility in accordance with applicable laws and regulations, and product characteristics at time of disposal.

#### Other hazards which do not result in classification

# SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

#### Substance

Chemical name:	2-(2-aminoethoxy)ethanol
Common names and synonyms:	2-(2-aminoethoxy)ethanol
CAS number:	929-06-6
EC number:	213-195-4
Concentration:	100%

# **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

#### Description of necessary first-aid measures

#### If inhaled

Move the victim into fresh air. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. If not breathing, give artificial respiration and consult a doctor immediately. Do not use mouth to mouth resuscitation if the victim ingested or inhaled the chemical.

#### Following skin contact

Take off contaminated clothing immediately. Wash off with soap and plenty of water. Consult a doctor.

#### Following eye contact

Rinse with pure water for at least 15 minutes. Consult a doctor.

#### Following ingestion

Rinse mouth with water. Do not induce vomiting. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Call a doctor or Poison Control Center immediately.

# Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Excerpt from ERG Guide 154 [Substances - Toxic and/or Corrosive (Non-Combustible)]: TOXIC; inhalation, ingestion or skin contact with material may cause severe injury or death. Contact with molten substance may cause severe burns to skin and eyes. Avoid any skin contact. Effects of contact or inhalation may be delayed. Fire may produce irritating, corrosive and/or toxic gases. Runoff

from fire control or dilution water may be corrosive and/or toxic and cause pollution. (ERG, 2016)

## Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

no data available

# **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

#### Suitable extinguishing media

Excerpt from ERG Guide 154 [Substances - Toxic and/or Corrosive (Non-Combustible)]: SMALL FIRE: Dry chemical, CO2 or water spray. LARGE FIRE: Dry chemical, CO2, alcohol-resistant foam or water spray. Move containers from fire area if you can do it without risk. Dike fire-control water for later disposal; do not scatter the material. FIRE INVOLVING TANKS OR CAR/TRAILER LOADS: Fight fire from maximum distance or use unmanned hose holders or monitor nozzles. Do not get water inside containers. Cool containers with flooding quantities of water until well after fire is out. Withdraw immediately in case of rising sound from venting safety devices or discoloration of tank. ALWAYS stay away from tanks engulfed in fire. (ERG, 2016)

# Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Excerpt from ERG Guide 154 [Substances - Toxic and/or Corrosive (Non-Combustible)]: Non-combustible, substance itself does not burn but may decompose upon heating to produce corrosive and/or toxic fumes. Some are oxidizers and may ignite combustibles (wood, paper, oil, clothing, etc.). Contact with metals may evolve flammable hydrogen gas. Containers may explode when heated. For electric vehicles or equipment, ERG Guide 147 (lithium ion batteries) or ERG Guide 138 (sodium batteries) should also be consulted. (ERG, 2016)

# Special protective actions for fire-fighters

Wear self-contained breathing apparatus for firefighting if necessary.

# SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

# Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Avoid dust formation. Avoid breathing mist, gas or vapours. Avoid contacting with skin and eye. Use personal protective equipment. Wear chemical impermeable gloves. Ensure adequate ventilation. Remove all sources of ignition. Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak.

# Environmental precautions

Prevent further spillage or leakage if it is safe to do so. Do not let the chemical enter drains. Discharge into the environment must be avoided.

## Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Collect and arrange disposal. Keep the chemical in suitable and closed containers for disposal. Remove all sources of ignition. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Adhered or collected material should be promptly disposed of, in accordance with appropriate laws and regulations.

# SECTION 7: Handling and storage

#### Precautions for safe handling

Handling in a well ventilated place. Wear suitable protective clothing. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid formation of dust and aerosols. Use non-sparking tools. Prevent fire caused by electrostatic discharge steam.

#### Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store the container tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Store apart from foodstuff containers or incompatible materials.

# SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

**Control parameters** 

#### Occupational Exposure limit values

Component	2-(2-aminoethoxy)ethanol					
CAS No.	929-06-6					
	Limit value - Eig	ht hours	Limit value - Short term			
	ppm	<sub>mg/m</sub> 3	ppm	<sub>mg/m</sub> 3		
Germany (AGS)	0,2 (1)	0,87 (1)	0,2 (1)(2)	0,87 (1)(2)		
Germany (DFG)	0,2 (1)	0,87 (1)	0,2 (1)(2)	0,87 (1)(2)		
	Remarks					
Germany (AGS)	(1) Inhalable fraction and vapour (2) 15 minutes average value					
Germany (DFG)	(1) Inhalable fraction and vapour (2) 15 minutes reference period					

#### **Biological limit values**

no data available

# Appropriate engineering controls

Ensure adequate ventilation. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Set up emergency exits and the risk-elimination area.

# Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment (PPE)

#### Eye/face protection

Wear tightly fitting safety goggles with side-shields conforming to EN 166(EU) or NIOSH (US).

#### Skin protection

Wear fire/flame resistant and impervious clothing. Handle with gloves. Gloves must be inspected prior to use. Wash and dry hands. The selected protective gloves have to satisfy the specifications of EU Directive 89/686/EEC and the standard EN 374 derived from it.

# **Respiratory protection**

If the exposure limits are exceeded, irritation or other symptoms are experienced, use a full-face respirator.

# Thermal hazards

no data available

# SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties and safety characteristics

Physical state:	Liquid.
Colour:	Colourless.
Odour:	MILD AMINE ODOR
Melting point/freezing point:	-12.5 °C.
Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling range:	222.5 - 223.8 °C. Atm. press.:1 013 hPa.
Flammability:	no data available

Lower and upper explosion limit/flammability limit:	no data available
Flash point:	127 °C. Atm. press.:1 013.25 hPa.
Auto-ignition temperature:	370 °C. Atm. press.:1 013.25 hPa.
Decomposition temperature:	no data available
pH:	no data available
Kinematic viscosity:	dynamic viscosity (in mPa s) = 43.9. Temperature:25.0°C.;dynamic viscosity (in mPa s) = 17.5. Temperature:40°C.
Solubility:	Miscible with water
Partition coefficient n- octanol/water:	log Pow = -1.89. Temperature:25 $^{\circ}$ C. Remarks:The substance is within the applicability domain of the model.
Vapour pressure:	0.014 hPa. Temperature:20 °C. Remarks:Calculated from the regression equation.;0.024 hPa. Temperature:25 °C. Remarks:Calculated from the regression equation.;0.25 hPa. Temperature:50 °C. Remarks:Calculated from the regression equation.
Density and/or relative density:	1.057. Temperature:20 °C.
Relative vapour density:	no data available
Particle characteristics:	no data available

# SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

Reactivity

no data available

Chemical stability

no data available

#### Possibility of hazardous reactions

2-(2-AMINOETHOXY) ETHANOL is an organic compound with both amine and alcohol substituents. Neutralizes acids in exothermic reactions to form salts plus water. May be incompatible with isocyanates, halogenated organics, peroxides, phenols (acidic), epoxides, anhydrides, and acid halides. Flammable gaseous hydrogen is generated in combination with strong reducing agents, such as hydrides.

#### Conditions to avoid

no data available

#### Incompatible materials

no data available

# Hazardous decomposition products

no data available

# SECTION 11: Toxicological information

#### Acute toxicity

Oral: LD50 - rat (male/female) - ca. 3 400 mg/kg bw. Inhalation: LC50 - rat (male/female) - > 8.7 mg/m3 air (nominal). Dermal: LD0 - rabbit (male/female) - 3 000 mg/kg bw.

#### Skin corrosion/irritation

no data available

## Serious eye damage/irritation

no data available

Respiratory or skin sensitization

no data available

Germ cell mutagenicity

no data available

# Carcinogenicity

no data available

# Reproductive toxicity

no data available

#### STOT-single exposure

no data available

# STOT-repeated exposure

no data available

# Aspiration hazard

no data available

# **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

#### Toxicity

Toxicity to fish: LC50 - Leuciscus idus - > 681 mg/L - 96 h.

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates: EC50 - Daphnia magna - > 500 mg/L - 48 h.

Toxicity to algae: EC50 - other algae: Desmodesmus subspicatus (formerly: Scenedesmus subspicatus) - 202 mg/L - 72 h.

Toxicity to microorganisms: EC10 - Pseudomonas putida - 28 mg/L - 17 h.

## Persistence and degradability

no data available

#### Bioaccumulative potential

no data available

## Mobility in soil

no data available

#### Other adverse effects

no data available

# **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

#### Disposal methods

#### Product

The material can be disposed of by removal to a licensed chemical destruction plant or by controlled incineration with flue gas scrubbing. Do not contaminate water, foodstuffs, feed or seed by storage or disposal. Do not discharge to sewer systems.

#### Contaminated packaging

Containers can be triply rinsed (or equivalent) and offered for recycling or reconditioning. Alternatively, the packaging can be punctured to make it unusable for other purposes and then be disposed of in a sanitary landfill. Controlled incineration with flue gas scrubbing is possible for combustible packaging materials.

# **SECTION 14: Transport information**

# **UN Number**

ADR/RID: UN3055 (For reference only, please check.) IMDG: UN3055 (For reference only, please check.) IATA: UN3055 (For reference only, please check.)

# **UN Proper Shipping Name**

ADR/RID: 2-(2-AMINOETHOXY)ETHANOL (For reference only, please check.) IMDG: 2-(2-AMINOETHOXY)ETHANOL (For reference only, please check.) IATA: 2-(2-AMINOETHOXY)ETHANOL (For reference only, please check.)

# Transport hazard class(es)

ADR/RID: 8 (For reference only, please check.) IMDG: 8 (For reference only, please check.) IATA: 8 (For reference only, please check.)

# Packing group, if applicable

ADR/RID: III (For reference only, please check.) IMDG: III (For reference only, please check.) IATA: III (For reference only, please check.)

# Environmental hazards

ADR/RID: No IMDG: No IATA: No

#### Special precautions for user

no data available

## Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

no data available

# SECTION 15: Regulatory information

Safety, health and environmental regulations specific for the product in question

European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS)

Listed.

EC Inventory

Listed.

United States Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory

Listed.

China Catalog of Hazardous chemicals 2015

Listed.

New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC)

Listed.

(PICCS)

Listed.

Vietnam National Chemical Inventory

Listed.

IECSC)

Listed.

Korea Existing Chemicals List (KECL)

Listed.

# **SECTION 16: Other information**

Abbreviations and acronyms

CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service

ADR: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road

RID: Regulation concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail

IMDG: International Maritime Dangerous Goods

IATA: International Air Transportation Association

TWA: Time Weighted Average

STEL: Short term exposure limit

LC50: Lethal Concentration 50%

LD50: Lethal Dose 50%

EC50: Effective Concentration 50%

#### References

IPCS - The International Chemical Safety Cards (ICSC), website: http://www.ilo.org/dyn/icsc/showcard.home

HSDB - Hazardous Substances Data Bank, website: https://toxnet.nlm.nih.gov/newtoxnet/hsdb.htm

IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer, website: http://www.iarc.fr/

eChemPortal - The Global Portal to Information on Chemical Substances by OECD, website: http://www.echemportal.org/echemportal/index?pageID=O&request\_locale=en

CAWEO Chemicals, website: http://cameochemicals.noaa.gov/search/simple

ChemIDplus, website: http://chem.sis.nlm.nih.gov/chemidplus/chemidlite.jsp

ERG - Emergency Response Guidebook by U.S. Department of Transportation, website: http://www.phmsa.dot.gov/hazmat/library/erg

Germany GESTIS-database on hazard substance, website: http://www.dguv.de/ifa/gestis/gestis-stoffdatenbank/index-2.jsp

ECHA - European Chemicals Agency, website: https://echa.europa.eu/

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